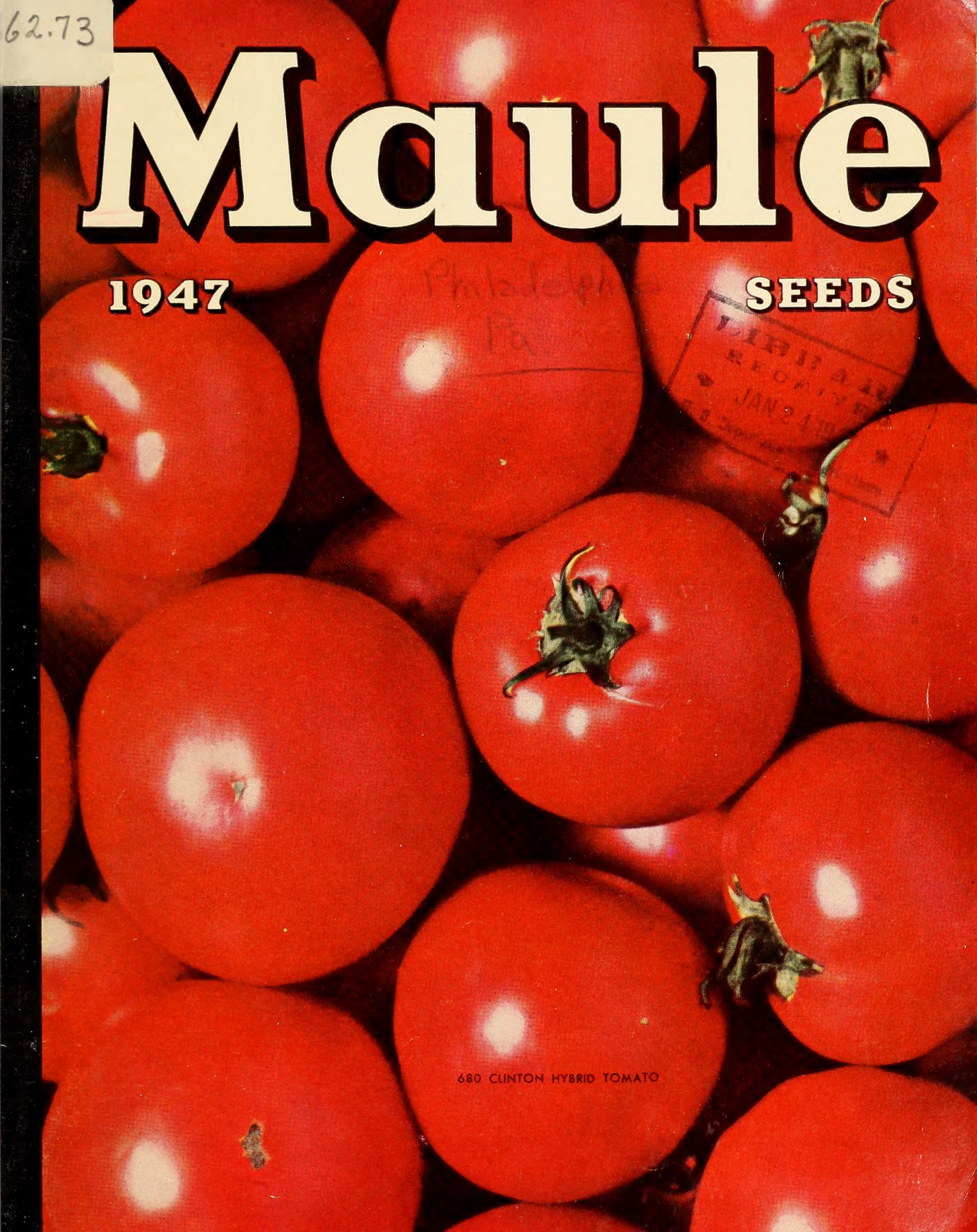


Historic, archived document

Do not assume content reflects current
scientific knowledge, policies, or practices.



62.73

Maulle

1947

SEEDS

680 CLINTON HYBRID TOMATO

Hybrids



730 FORDHOOK
HYBRID TOMATO



231 ARISTOGOLD
BANTAM EVERGREEN

259 BURPEE
HYBRID CUCUMBER



Satisfaction Guaranteed

No matter what size your garden or how varied your crops there's one thing that grows in everybody's plot. That universal crop is Satisfaction. Whether you have a half acre with crops enough for a whole year's food or only a little plot to make summer meals the bright spot in the season, you'll surely experience the warm pride of achievement.

In addition to this simple pleasure in having accomplished something fine and beautiful with your own hands there is the compounded satisfaction of having made a substantial saving in money. This is no small thing these days with prices of the most ordinary items far beyond their actual value. When you reduce your constantly mounting expenses by growing your own food, you are fighting your own personal battle against unfavorable money values with something stronger than protests to your Congressman. You are easing a bad situation with a good, home grown remedy.

Maule's seeds, like your 1947 garden, carry the reassuring guarantee of satisfaction to you.



FREE SEEDS

Again this year, as in so many years past, Wm. Henry Maule expresses gratitude for loyalty with a free packet of finest flower seeds. This year's gift will be Pink Queen Cleome.

Cleome is a particularly fine flower, and Pink Queen is the finest representative of the species. This variety was awarded the silver medal by All America flower judges, and we are fortunate indeed to have been able to grow enough seed to be able to give some to every customer. Cleome, also called Spider Plant, grows 4 ft. tall. It begins to bloom in midsummer and with grace and beauty it carries a continuous crown of fairy-like pink and white flowers right up to frost.

As an **EXTRA GIFT**, in addition to the Cleome, we will include a free Surprise Packet of some of our finest flower seeds. Remember, every customer will receive these *two free packets* of valuable flower seeds with his order.

Postal Notes

We call to your attention a new method of making remittances by mail. Postal notes sold by the post office are much more convenient and less expensive than money orders, and they are perfectly safe.




For the guidance of our friends who have cold storage lockers or home freezing units we have marked especially good freezing type vegetables with a **GOOD FOR FREEZING** symbol.

We Prepay Transportation

Everything in this catalog is sold with the understanding that we will prepay transportation charges anywhere in the United States. We may send shipments by parcel post or by express, but in either case the prices we list in this catalog show your whole expenditure. There are no "extras"; everything is prepaid to you when you order from this seed book.

The Sign of the Four-Leaf Clover

Occasionally, through this catalog, the four-leaf clover symbol appears after a variety name. This symbol is a guide for you when you are uncertain about which variety to choose among several in a class. The  indicates a double choice. It signifies public approval of the variety in terms of quantity purchased; and at the same time it expresses our own recommendation of the variety for a wide range of soil and weather conditions.

Maturity Dates

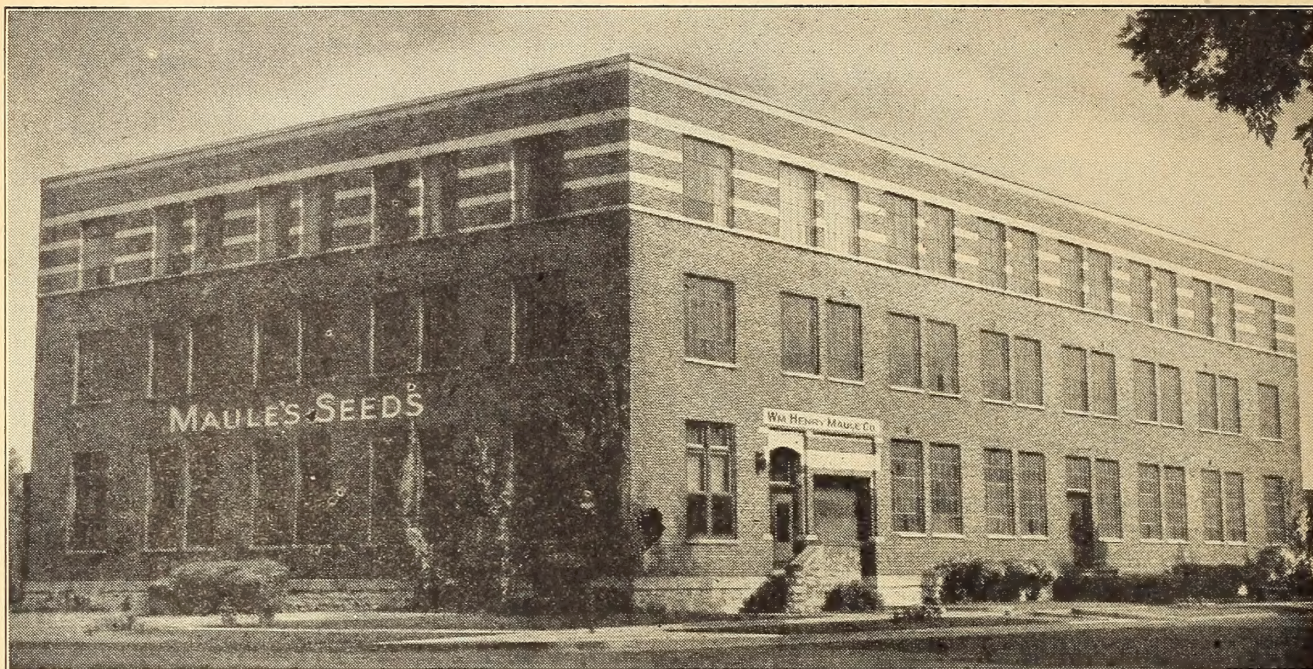
With each description of vegetable seeds we show the number of days to maturity. These figures are an average and were determined at Philadelphia. More northern climates generally induce quicker maturity, and more southern somewhat slower maturity. In the case of tomatoes, and other types started first and then transplanted, the maturity is gauged from the transplanting date.

The Maule Guarantee

We guarantee the vitality and purity of Maule's seeds and bulbs to the full amount of the purchase price.

We guarantee to refill your order or refund—an year within a year—the full amount paid us for seeds, bulbs, or roots, if you are not satisfied with the results.

We send you only the highest quality seeds and bulbs and gladly stand back of them. But weather, soil, and care also influence crops, so in no case shall we be responsible for any amount beyond the sum you actually pay us for the seeds, bulbs, or roots.



Maule's New Seed House at Clinton, Iowa

The new Maule Seed House at Clinton, Iowa, served the West and Middle West for the first time in 1946. Our Western friends noticed the increased speed of service because of the shorter distance mail had to travel, and those in the East had the advantage of increased individual attention to each order.

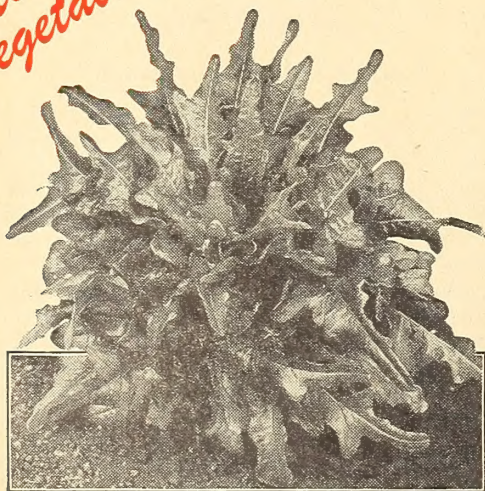
With this auspicious beginning, we look forward to 1947 as the greatest year in Maule's history, and we are counting on old friends and new to swell the demand for Maule's seeds right up to the limit of our new capacity.

If you live in Ohio, West Virginia, Alabama, or in any state along the Atlantic seaboard, continue to send your orders to Philadelphia.

If you live in Michigan, Indiana, Kentucky, Tennessee, or any state west of that line, send your orders to Maule at Clinton.

Customers outside the United States (except for Alaska, Hawaii, and the western Canadian provinces) should continue to send their orders to Philadelphia.

*New
Vegetables*



Bronze Beauty Lettuce

325 Bronze Beauty Lettuce

1947 All-America Bronze Medal Winner (45 days)

Delicious new leaf lettuce unlike any you've ever seen before. It tastes different, and it looks different. The leaves are long with deeply lobed and scalloped margins. They are green with a delightful overlay of ruddy bronze, and their crispness and nut-like flavor are superior to other loose leaf varieties. In spite of their vigor and their early maturing characteristic the plants are remarkably tolerant to heat, so the strain can be grown in all parts of the country.

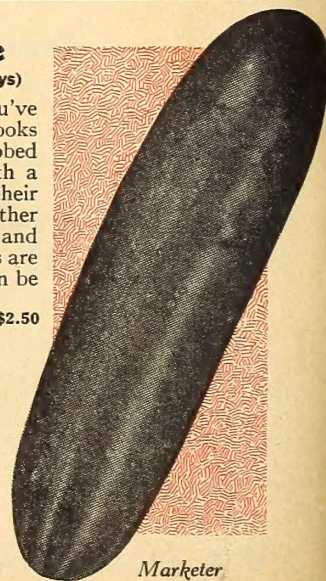
Pkt. 25¢; oz. 80¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.50

267 Marketer Cucumber

All-America Bronze Medal Winner (66 days)

A fine, new variety for slicing. The fruits are eight inches long, and of the best quality yet produced. The skin is an exceptionally dark green color, and the seed cavity is small. For really peak results, give Marketer plenty of fertilizer and water.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.05;
1/2 lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75

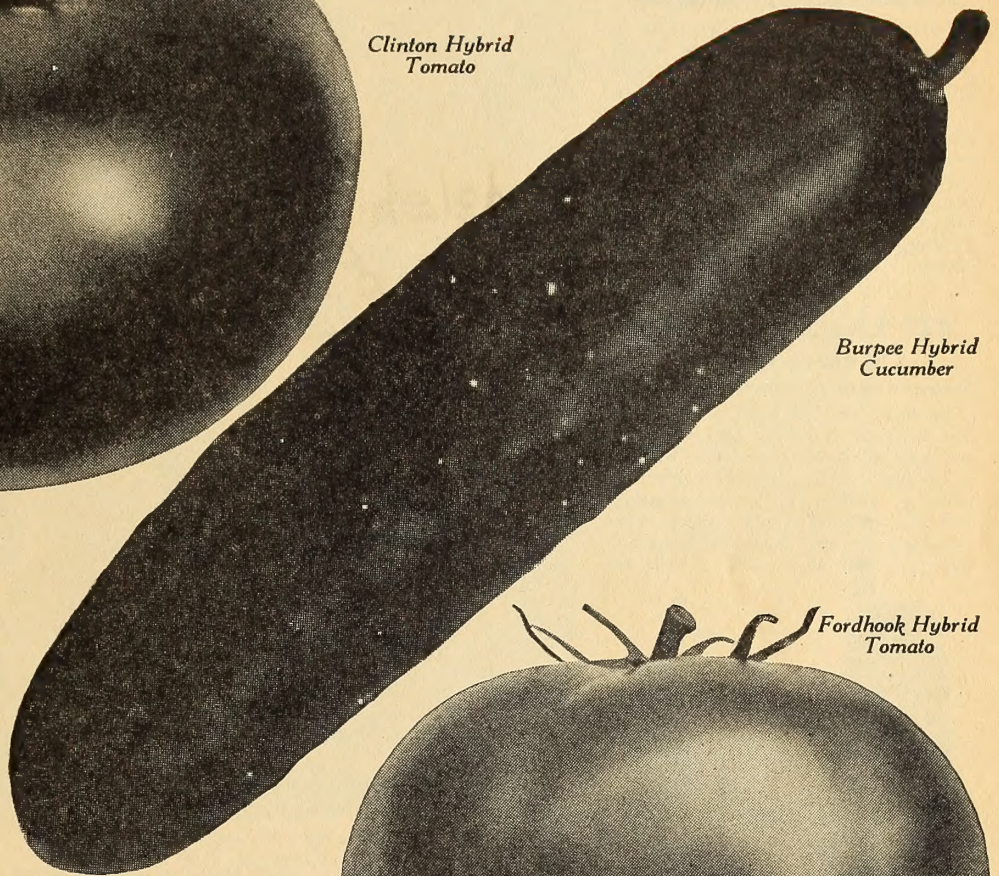


Marketer

Hybrids



*Clinton Hybrid
Tomato*



*Burpee Hybrid
Cucumber*

Hybrid Vigor

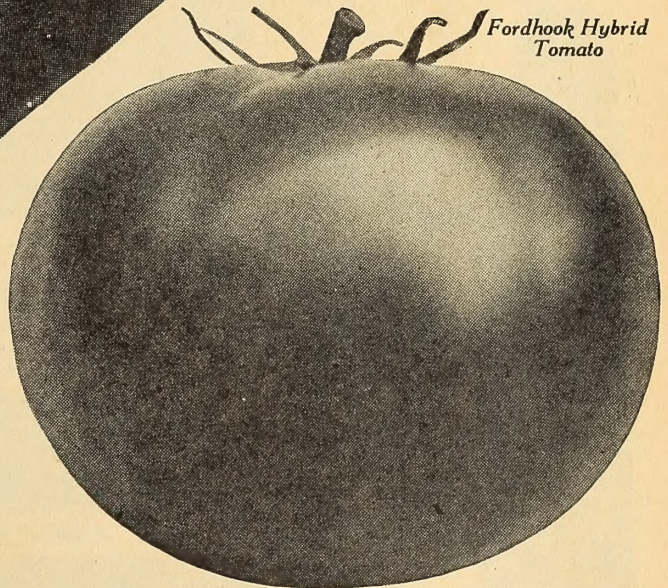
The effect of hybrid vigor is easily seen in plants, and this strange reaction which comes through the mating of unrelated lines has been utilized by plant scientists to make better vegetables for your garden. Not all crosses produce desirable hybrids, but by patient testing certain superior combinations are found. Through hybridization gardeners now have available plants which excel in yield, earliness, disease resistance, uniformity, or quality anything they have ever grown before.

680 Clinton Hybrid Tomato

Illustrated on the front cover of this catalog (75 days)

A brand new tomato hybrid named in honor of Clinton, Iowa. This hybrid is in season with Marglobe and Rutgers, but it is superior even to these fine varieties in yield, uniformity, and wide range of adaptability. The plants are unusually large and vigorous, with dark green, dense foliage. This good plant cover protects fruits from sun scald, and the virility of the plants insures a really remarkable yield potentiality. The fruits are round, slightly flattened at the top and bottom (see photograph above), and possess an excellent red skin and flesh color. The average weight of the fruits is $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. You will certainly find Clinton Hybrid the most impressive tomato ever to grow in your garden.

Pkt. (30 seeds) 35¢; 3 pkts. \$1.00



*Fordhook Hybrid
Tomato*

730 Fordhook Hybrid Tomato

Every seed from a hand pollinated fruit (60 days)

Introduced in 1945, this new tomato is another hybrid, setting a new standard of excellence for this vegetable. Fordhook Hybrid is early, in season with Earliana, and yet it is much better quality, more nearly round in shape, and vastly more prolific. It yields more fruits than any standard variety on the market, regardless of maturity. These fruits are red, and have a good interior. They are medium size because of the great number in each cluster; the average weight is 5 ozs. The plants grow 2 ft. high and spread as much as 5 ft., providing a luxuriant growth of foliage to protect the fruits. A considerable degree of wilt resistance makes this the first really early tomato with the resistant characteristic.

In packets only. Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢; 3 pkts. 70¢

259 Burpee Hybrid Cucumber

Disease resistant; the surest cucumber crop you can grow (60 days)

The remarkable thing about the Burpee Hybrid cucumber is the fact that it is resistant to diseases which have plagued cucumber growers for many years. It is perfectly true that this hybrid will eventually succumb to disease, but under most conditions you can expect a month additional production from these resistant plants. The cucumber is of the white spine, slicing type, grows 8 in. long and $2\frac{1}{4}$ in. thick. It is of excellent type and quality, being blunt at both ends, and of a fine, dark green color.

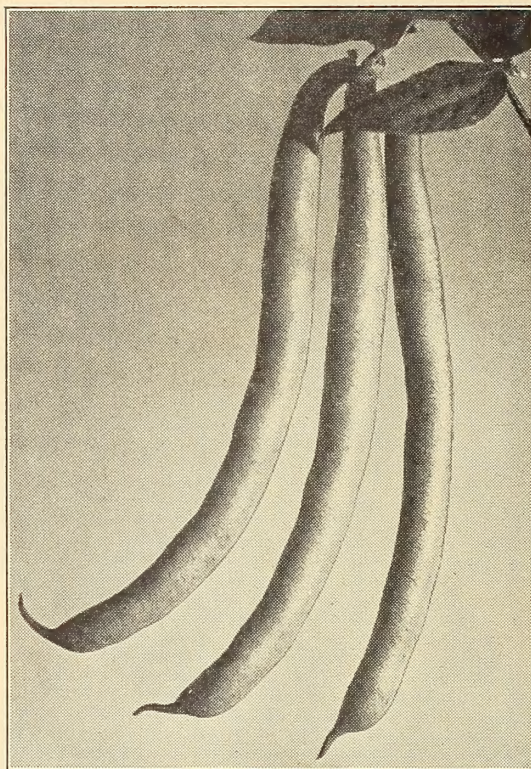
Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. \$2.75; oz. \$5.00

New Vegetables for 1947

5 Longgreen Bean

All-America winner in 1946 (56 days)

Longgreen is like Tendergreen in plant type, color of seed, quality, and general appearance. But it has one important characteristic which makes it even better than Tendergreen, and that is the length of the pod. Longgreen pods are stringless, round, tender, flavorful, good green, straight to slightly curved, and, most significant of all, they are uniformly 7 in. long. If you like Tendergreen, you'll like Longgreen even better. Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$2.90



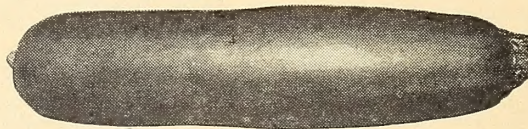
Longgreen Bush Snap Bean

640 Fordhook Zucchini Squash

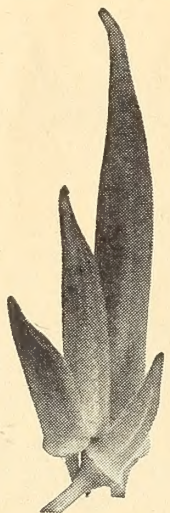
Very dark green, high quality summer squash (60 days)

One of the finest summer type squashes ever bred. Fruits are cylindrical, very dark green, and of excellent quality. Their shape at the ideal cooking size is 3 in. across and 1 ft. long. This makes perfect slices for frying after dipping the slices in egg and sprinkling with cracker crumbs.

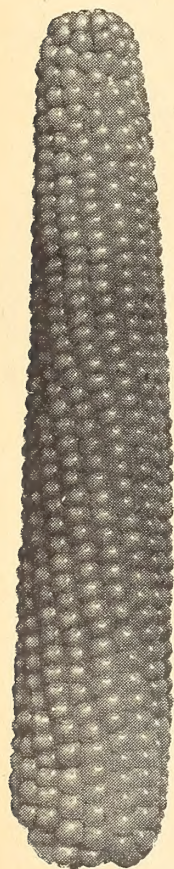
Pkt. 15¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25; ½ lb. \$2.35



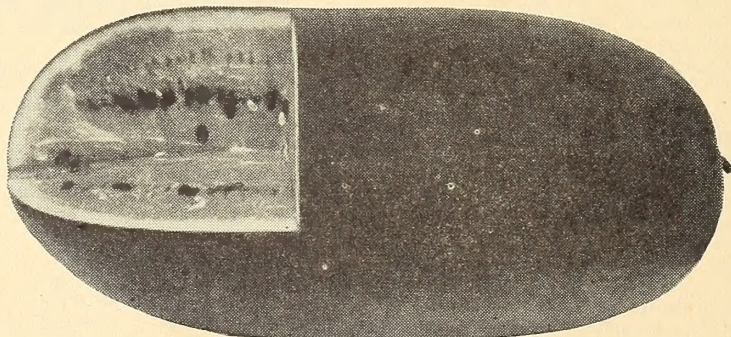
Fordhook Zucchini Squash



Louisiana Green Velvet Okra



South American Hybrid Pop Corn



Blacklee Watermelon

237 South American Hybrid Pop Corn

Biggest popping corn you ever saw (120 days)

You will be delighted with this new pop corn. It is of the same type as the old South American Mushroom, but it surpasses it in yield in your garden as well as in uniform popping ability. Ears are 7 in. long, bright orange color, and the popped kernels are buttery yellow. Plants are like twins right down the row, and every plant produces corn with satisfying uniformity of big ears.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 50¢; 1 lb. 90¢; 2 lbs. \$1.70; 5 lbs. \$3.75; 10 lbs. \$7.00

180 Cornell 19 Celery

Good winter keeper (120 days)

Developed by Cornell University breeders as a superior fall and winter keeping strain. Stalks are tall, smooth, well rounded, yellow, and uniformly high quality in both outer and inner stalks. The best yellow winter celery you can grow.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 90¢; oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$5.00

620 Viking Spinach

Smooth, dark green leaves (45 days)

Many a housewife will be happy to see these thick, richly green leaves because their relatively smooth surface makes cleaning easy. Viking is exceptionally long standing and appetizing. See illustration on page 40.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.65

402 Kleckley No. 6 Watermelon

Wilt resistant strain (90 days)

The famous quality and shipping ability of the original Kleckley Sweet is maintained in this fine melon. Introduced by the Iowa Agricultural Experiment Station, it is strongly resistant to fusarium wilt. Dark green; oblong; red flesh; weighs up to 40 lbs.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.10; ½ lb. \$2.00

396 Blacklee Watermelon

Wilt resistant; dark green (95 days)

In addition to its excellent resistance to fusarium wilt, this melon is equal to or better than any standard strain in quality. The fruit is oblong like Kleckley Sweet, but thicker and does not taper at the stem end; dark green, thin rind, but tough enough for shipping. Bright red flesh and black seeds. Free from "whiteheart." Now being used in quantity by Florida growers. Weighs up to 40 lbs.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.10; ½ lb. \$2.00

Fifty-nine years ago—Remember?



441 MAULE'S PRIZETAKER ONION.

"This simply magnificent onion which I discovered last Summer by chance is certainly a wonder. There has never been an onion in these United States that could equal it, and I believe it will supplant all other Yellow Globe Onions now in cultivation as soon as its sterling qualities are known. I only have a few pounds of seed (which I have purchased at a tremendous

price) to offer my customers; but if Prizetaker only does one-half as well as I expect, IT WILL ASTONISH EVERYONE WHO SOWS IT."

The above description, written in 1888, was an accurate prophecy, and Prizetaker is still one of the foremost onion varieties.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.20

95 MAULE'S GATE POST MANGEL

"One of the very finest Mangels ever introduced, giving unbounded satisfaction wherever grown. The crop is very uniform, and the roots heavy, handsome, and clean, with single tap root. Particularly recommended to graziers."

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25

635 IMPROVED HUBBARD SQUASH

"Decidedly one of the best Squashes ever introduced. Flesh bright orange, very dry, sweet, and rich flavored. I recommend this variety as superior for Winter use. One of the most popular varieties in cultivation."

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.80

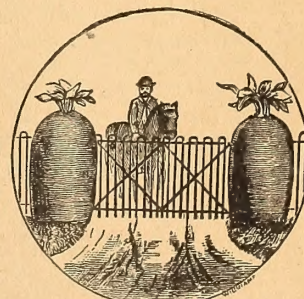
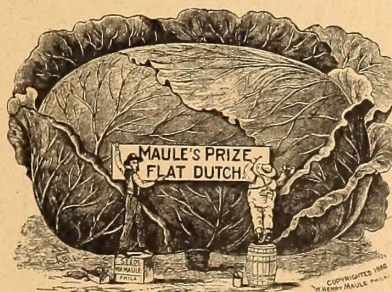
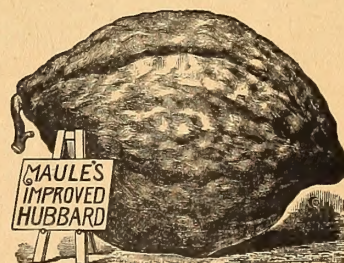
134 MAULE'S PRIZE FLAT DUTCH CABBAGE

"One of my strong points is this standard Winter Cabbage, the most popular among growers. Heads large, bluish green, sound, solid, broad, and flat on top. The quality is fine and flavor excellent. The heads, when open, are crisp and white. I highly recommend this superior sort to all growers."

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25

A PAGE FROM THE PAST

Every illustration and all the descriptions on this page were taken directly from our catalog for the year 1888. Wm. Henry Maule was already one of America's leading seedsmen, and the Prizetaker onion, introduced with his characteristic enthusiasm, was only one in an unbroken series of novelties and improvements continued to this day. Many varieties, like those shown here, are still best sellers.



Maule's Gate Post Mangel

Vegetables

**Maule pays
the postage
on all items
ordered from
this catalog**

Maule helps you choose the most popular and desirable varieties by marking them with the four-leaf clover symbol ✻ wherever they appear in the catalog.

Maule's descriptions are honest and complete. You will notice at the heading of each description that we give you assistance in planning your garden by stating the number of days generally required to bring that variety to maturity. In the case of cabbage, tomato, etc., the number of days shown refers to the time between transplanting and maturity.

Cultural instructions are printed on every seed bag, giving the time and method of planting, together with suggestions for the care of the growing crop. Free leaflets are listed on the index page. You are invited to include requests for those you want with your order.

Asparagus

Asparagus is a long-term project, but like anything else worth while it repays patience handsomely. An established bed will last for many years, each new crop repaying with interest the initiative that started it going. The cutting season continues for 7 to 8 weeks, beginning very early in the spring. Mary Washington has replaced all other varieties of

asparagus because the shoots are larger, thicker and more uniform. This variety is practically immune to rust and other diseases. The delicious flavor and tenderness of the dark green shoots are unsurpassed, and their straight, tall growth makes them most attractive. Planting instructions accompany each shipment.

69B56 Mary Washington Roots

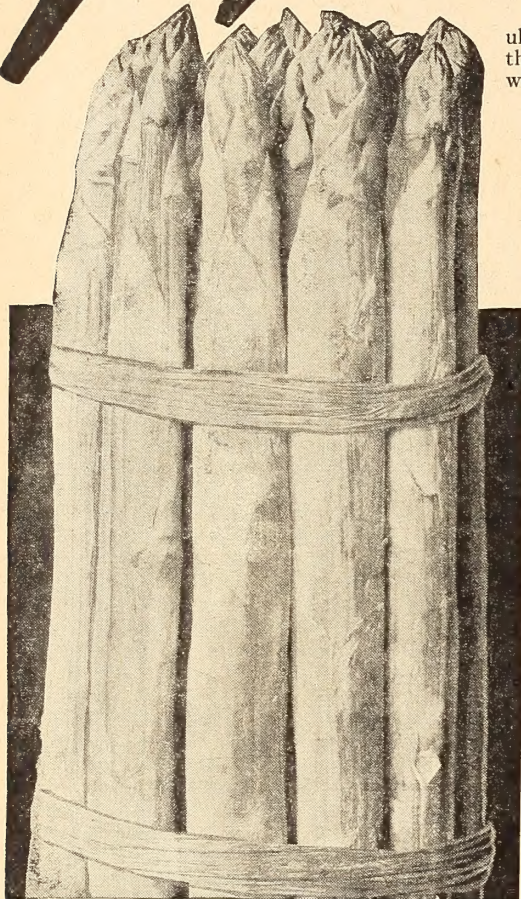
These strong, vigorous roots save you a year's wait in comparison with seed plantings, although first cuttings (next year) should be very limited in order to allow the plants to develop fully. We offer extra-large one-year-old roots which transplant much better than two-year-olds. Older plants receive considerable shock in transplanting, and experiment stations recommend year-old roots exclusively.

25 for \$1.25; 50 for \$2.10; 100 for \$3.50. Larger quantities at still lower prices

4 Mary Washington Seed

Sow early in the spring, in rows 1½ to 2 ft. apart, placing the seeds 1 in. apart and 1 in. deep. Keep weeds eliminated. A packet produces about 200 roots for transplanting, an ounce, 750. First cuttings may be made the third season and regular cuttings each year thereafter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 95¢; 1 lb. \$1.80



Mary Washington, Rust Resistant Asparagus

Soy Beans

Simplicity of planting and tending makes soy beans a gardener's delight. Plant them about 2 in. apart and 2 in. deep in rows 24 to 36 in. apart. They come up rapidly and grow swiftly, easily outdistancing weeds. Through poor soil, drouth, wind, hail, in-

sects and burning heat the plants survive where almost any other garden plant fails. Pods hang high and in great profusion. A packet plants about 25 ft.; ½ lb. 100 ft.; 60 lbs. to the acre. Use both for green shell and dry shell beans.

34 Bansei ✻

(96 days) Bansei is the variety most people have planted because it is adapted to the widest range of climatic conditions. It is early, vigorous, and very heavy yielding. Plants grow 24 to 30 in. tall, requiring no support. Pods are short, fuzzy and multitudinous, and contain two or three oval green beans. At maturity the beans turn pale yellow and become round. Heat and drouth resistant.

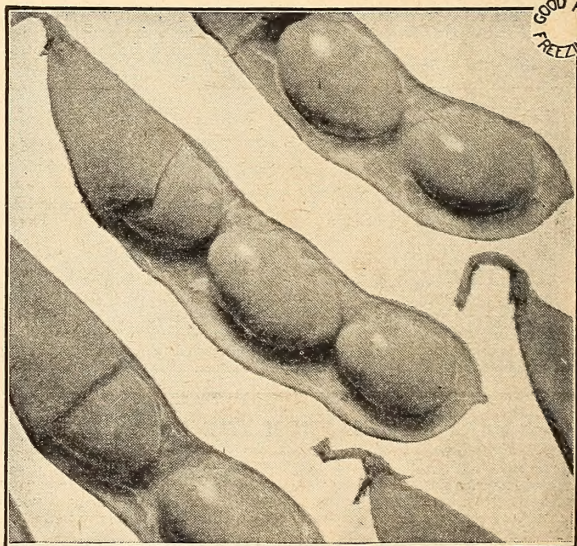
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

26 Funk Delicious

(111 days) Excellent for central and southern states. Plants grow 30 to 36 in. tall and stand without support. Pods contain 2 or 3 large, plump beans, rich in oil and delicately flavored. The mature beans are large, round, and straw yellow. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00

32 Giant Green

(88 days) Very early. The plants are short, growing from 12 to 18 in. high, but they bear an astonishingly heavy crop in spite of their size. Pods generally contain two beans. The plant is dark green, and the very large seeds are a vivid green during the green-pod stage, even retaining a pale green color at maturity. Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00




Bansei Soy Bean

Green Pod Bush Beans

18 Tender Pod *


The most tender podded bean grown (48 days)

 Tender Pod is one of the earliest varieties to produce pods of edible size. The pods are attractive, dark, velvety green, straight to slightly curved, 4½ to 5 in. long, round, smooth, with long and distinctively curved tips. Tender Pod produces *more pods per plant*, and bears over a longer season than any other early variety; the vines remain green and growing when other early beans have withered. The plants are dwarf, vigorous, and dark green. The seed is a clear, shining white, with a small red dot on either side of the eye. It makes an excellent dried bean. But all of these characteristics of Tender Pod merely support its *superlative tenderness and flavor*, which are simply supreme.

This variety was introduced in 1942 after a world-wide search for a better bean. It already exceeds all other snap beans in popularity, even surpassing Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod which has led the field for a great many years. Take advantage of this extensive research by including in your garden Tender Pod, the world's finest bean.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.05; 5 lbs. \$2.50

14 Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod *

 (48 days) The countless thousands of gardens in which this grand variety has been a mainstay for two generations prove its unflinching dependability.

The plant is a true bush type, vigorous, and resistant to unfavorable growing conditions. The pods are 6 inches long, slightly curved, medium green, very fleshy, tender, and wholly stringless. Young pods develop quickly to a useful size, and even when quite small they are meaty and flavorful. The seed is medium size and dark brown. Our stock is free of seed-borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00

8 Black Valentine

(51 days) Black Valentine is not the fanciest quality bean available, but it is probably the most vigorous and determined producer in the bush bean family. It is versatile, adapting itself readily to varying conditions. The pods are stringless, dark green, nearly round, somewhat curved, and meaty. They retain their color well after picking. The seeds are jet black, and are Idaho certified free of seed-borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; 1 lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.55

Planting Guide

Plant seed when all danger of frost is past and the soil is quite warm, in rows 18 to 30 in. apart for hand cultivation, or 2½ to 3 ft. apart for field culture. Space the seed 2 to 3 in. apart in the row and cover with 1 to 2 in. of soil. Give frequent and shallow cultivation until blossoms appear. A packet will plant about 25 feet of row; 1 lb. 150 ft.; 60 lbs. to an acre. Make succession plantings.



Tender Pod

48 Stringless Tendergreen *

(52 days) Tendergreen has practically straight, 6 in. pods of an attractive dark green color. The flavor is particularly outstanding, and is the feature which has contributed most to its popularity. In addition to good taste-appeal, Tendergreen possesses tenderness, a plump roundness, and entire freedom from strings.

The shape of the pods and dark green color make this variety superior for canning purposes, while its very high yield makes every foot of space count. Seeds are colored fawn, mottled with dull purple, and are Idaho certified free of blight.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00

10 Mammoth Stringless Green-Pod

(50 days) This variety resembles Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod, but is larger, both in pod and plant, and only 2 or 3 days later. Pods are medium green, round, 6 to 6½ in. long, and so fleshy as to appear double barreled. Heavy yield; excellent quality. Seeds are light brown and certified blight-free.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

12 Bountiful

(48 days) The most popular large, flat, green-podded bush bean; unexcelled in its adaptability to various climates and soil types. The plants are hardy, light green, prolific, and continue to bear their crop for many weeks. The large, broad, flat pods are 6 to 7 in. long, slightly curved, meaty, tender, stringless, and of excellent quality. The pod color is light green; the seed is straw-yellow. This variety is favored by market gardeners because of its very high yield, good shipping qualities, and very large pods. It is especially popular in the South for early shipment to the North. Bountiful shows some resistance to rust spots on the pods, a characteristic which adds to its desirability. Idaho certified blight-free seed.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75



Bountiful



Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod



Beans *Yellow Pod Bush*

27 Maule's Improved Butter Wax*

The best golden yellow bean (50 days)

GOOD FOR
FREEZING

Maule's
Improved
Butter
Wax

Maule's Improved Butter Wax is considered the best round-pod wax bean available today. It was introduced by Wm. Henry Maule in 1908 and has never been seriously challenged by any other variety in the yellow pod class.

The plants are bushy and very prolific. The pods are everything a wax bean should be. They are round, straight to slightly curved, and 6½ in. long. The color is a most attractive, clear yellow. Their brittleness when snapped proves their complete freedom from fiber or strings, and their thick-fleshed walls add to the pleasure of eating.

Uniformity of size and shape makes Butter Wax well adapted to canning. It preserves its brittle freshness through the canning procedure, and holds its rich color very well when properly stored. The seeds are white with only small brownish black markings at the eye, making the strain desirable for dry shelled beans in addition to improving the appearance of the canned product.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢

Larger quantities not available this year

37 Pencil-Pod Black Wax*

(54 days) The beautiful, uniform, rich yellow pods grow 5½ to 6 in. long, round in cross-section, meaty, and deeply saddle-backed. They are always solid, brittle, without fiber and entirely stringless. Plants are vigorous and heavily productive over a long period. Home gardeners and market growers are nearly all familiar with this popular bean. Gracefully curving pods, unusually fine flavor, and time-tested dependability make Pencil-Pod Black Wax a variety that possesses the three most important bean characteristics—good appearance, good quality, and good yield. The seed is jet-black when ripe, and our stock is certified free of seed borne blight, a real protection for you.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

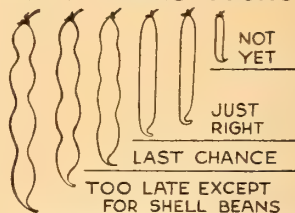
35 Improved Rustproof Golden Wax

(48 days) An improved extra early maturing strain of Golden Wax known as Top Notch and valued because of its freedom from rust and other diseases. The rich, golden yellow pods are very attractive, 5 to 5½ in. long, nearly straight, flat, broad, brittle, stringless, of excellent quality, and borne in the greatest profusion. Plants grow compactly and more erect than the old Golden Wax, bearing the pods well off the ground. The rust-resistant quality of this variety makes it one of the safest strains to plant. The seeds are white, mottled with various shades of tan and brown about the eye.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢

Larger quantities not available this year

PICK BEANS YOUNG



23 Surecrop Stringless Wax

(51 days) The deep yellow pods are 6 to 6½ in. long, rather flat, only slightly curved, thick, and meaty; entirely stringless, brittle, and of excellent quality. Its size and handsome appearance make it a ready seller; a reliable shipper. Surecrop seeds are black. The Maule stock is certified free of seed borne blight.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

22 Burpee's Kidney Wax

(52 days) Plants are small but erect and full of pods which are 5 in. long, broad, semi-round, straight or slightly curved, fleshy, and entirely stringless. Their color is clear yellow. Seeds are white, with a brownish black eye.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢

Larger quantities not available this year

Special Collection

Add variety and attractiveness to your bean crop by growing several kinds this season. Here is a collection that is made up of leaders in each of these types—green-pod bush, yellow-pod bush, and green-pod pole beans. These are excellent varieties for canning, pickling, and snap beans.

Burpee's Stringless Green-Pod Pencil-Pod Black Wax Kentucky Wonder Pole Bean

3100—3 Pkts.—(1 of each value 30¢) for **25¢**

3101—1½ Lbs.—(½ lb. of each, value 75¢) for **60¢**

Pencil-Pod
Black Wax



GOOD FOR
FREEZING

Surecrop Stringless Wax

Outstanding for Their Rich Flavor Pole Beans

54 White Seeded Kentucky Wonder *

Resistant to severe forms of bean rust (62 days)

This is the first pole bean to give serious competition to the old standard strain of Kentucky Wonder. It's early, Kentucky Wonder type, with distinct advantages over other pole beans. It is highly resistant to at least one form of the rust disease, entirely stringless when young, and even after the beans have grown to full size in the pod it has only slight strings. The vine is vigorous and a good climber; the seed is white. Pods are 7 to 7½ in. long, thick, smoother than Kentucky Wonder and less twisted, dark green, with that unexcelled pole bean quality.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25

38 Golden Cluster Wax

(74 days) Golden Cluster Wax is the only really good wax pole bean with flat pods. The plants are prolific and strong growing even under adverse conditions. The light waxy yellow pods, 6½ to 7 in. long, are straight, broad, flat, very fleshy, tender, and brittle. Strings do not develop until the pods approach maturity. The vines are more leafy and climb higher and better than Kentucky

Wonder Wax, bearing pods in large clusters the entire length of the vine. Excellent for snaps, and also used for green shell beans and dry beans for winter use. Seeds are white.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00



Golden Cluster Wax



White Seeded Kentucky Wonder

43 Kentucky Wonder*

The most popular pole bean (65 days)

Everyone knows and respects this grand old variety. It was introduced in 1877, and continues to be the most popular pole bean in America and in many other parts of the world. The vines are vigorous and productive, and bear their pods in clusters. These pods are 7 to 9 in. long, nearly round, twisted, and characteristically wrinkled. When they are young, they are of greatest delicacy and tenderness and are free of strings. As the pods age some strings appear, but the wonderful Kentucky Wonder flavor never changes, and both snap beans and shell beans may be used until far advanced toward maturity. To prolong the bearing period keep the vines picked free of pods as fast as they become ready for use. The seed is a light buff-brown color.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

42 Kentucky Wonder Wax

Large light yellow pods (67 days)

True Kentucky Wonder type with a light yellow pod. The plants are vigorous and come into production quickly. The pods are round, 7 to 8 in. long, somewhat smoother and not so twisted as the green-pod Kentucky Wonder. Fine flavor and good quality, with some strings developing as the pods mature. The seeds are chocolate brown.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25

46 Maule's Noxall

(65 days) In 1902 we presented this bean to the public under the Noxall name. But for 60 years previous to that date the variety had been privately grown by a Pennsylvania family. The century of enjoyment this bean has brought the gardeners who grew it is only the beginning, for today the variety is as popular as ever. The pods are 7 in. long, round, tender, and bright green. It is a strong climber and a sure cropper, often producing a heavy yield when other varieties fail. Good for either snap or shell beans. Putty-colored seeds flecked brown.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00

45 Lazy Wife

(74 days) Green, thick, fleshy, stringless pods, 5½ to 6 in. long and ¾ in. wide. The broad, flat pods are straight and very attractive, remaining brittle and stringless until ripe. Excellent for snap, green shell and dry shell beans for winter. The dry seeds are round and white.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00

41 McCaslan

(65 days) Dark green, fleshy, slightly flattened pods, 7 to 8 in. long, almost stringless, tender, of good quality. The vines are both early and prolific. The white seeds are delicious for dry shell use.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

39 Striped Creaseback

(73 days) Round, fleshy pods, 6 to 7 in. long, brittle, tender, but not stringless. Very heavily productive. Especially suitable for growing on corn as well as on poles. Seeds mottled light brown with dark striping.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; 1 lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.60

Planting Guide

Do not plant pole beans until all danger of frost is past and the soil is warm and moderately dry. If poles are used, set them 4 ft. apart each way and place 5 to 8 beans 1 in. deep around each pole. When plants are well started, thin to 3 or 4 plants to a pole, and pinch off ends when plants overrun top of poles. A packet plants 20 poles, 1 lb. for 100 poles. When planting along a fence use 1 lb. to 250 ft. of row. Keep vines closely picked throughout the season to prolong bearing.

QUANTITY PRICES—Special prices are available upon request for quantities of beans larger than those listed in this catalog.

WM. HENRY MAULE—FAMOUS AROUND THE WORLD



Kentucky Wonder

Bush Limas



Fordhook



Planting Guide for all Limas

Lima beans grow best on rich, well-drained, porous soil. Do not plant until all danger of frost is past; wait until the soil is warm and moderately dry. Generally, limas are planted about 2 weeks after the first planting of bush or snap beans. Plant bush varieties in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, spacing the seed 6 in. apart; later thin to stand 12 to 18 in. apart in the rows. For pole varieties, set poles 4 ft. apart, plant 4 to 6 beans per pole, and thin later to the 2 strongest. Pinch off vines that overrun the poles. Plant all lima seeds edgewise, eye downward, 2 in. deep. Pick the pods as soon as the beans are of edible size. A packet will plant about 25 ft. of row; 1 lb., 150 ft. for bush varieties. For pole types a packet plants 10 poles; 1 lb. to 50 poles.

58 Fordhook*

Thick, meaty beans. The most popular lima of all (75 days)

This most famous of all lima beans has short, erect, and bushy plants which produce a thick growth of dark green foliage, protecting the blossoms and pods from direct sunlight. The large, thick pods are produced in clusters of from 5 to 8, and contain 3 to 5 thick, meaty, plump, always green beans of excellent flavor. The sturdy, vigorous plants grow 24 to 30 inches high, spread out nearly 2 feet, and stand up well against wind and rain. They begin to bear early and continue to produce for a long time. Because of its earliness, the large size of the bean, and the long bearing season this strain is most popular, and is especially appreciated in sections where the summers are comparatively short.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85

56 Fordhook Two-Forty-Two*

A new and superior Fordhook selection (75 days)

All-America Bronze Medal Winner. A new selection of the famous old Fordhook bush lima bean. This selection has as its chief superiority the ability to make a crop under conditions where the other thick-seeded limas fail. Even where Fordhook is at its peak, the new Fordhook 242 consistently outyields it. The quality is high, the seed holds its green color for a long time, and the shelled seed is indistinguishable from standard Fordhook. Grows 20 in. tall and spreads 2 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.15; 5 lbs. \$2.75

65 Baby Fordhook

(72 days) These little lima beans are certainly delectable. Their size gives them advantages in succulence and tenderness that larger beans can never possess. They are particularly fine for canning green and for making succotash. The plants grow about 14 in. tall and bear an astonishingly heavy crop even under adverse conditions. Pods are 2¾ in. long, ¾ in. wide, and contain 3 or 4 thick, green seeds. Baby Fordhook is a United States Department of Agriculture introduction bearing a close resemblance to Fordhook in every characteristic except size.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢;
2 lbs. 90¢; 5 lbs. \$2.10

64 Burpee's Improved

(75 days) Produces an enormous crop of attractive, large pods measuring 5 to 6 in. long and 1¼ in. wide. The sturdy bushes are loaded with pods borne in clusters of from 5 to 8 and well protected by the vigorous, heavy foliage. In fertile soil the individual bushes will grow to a height of nearly 30 in. and spread as much as 2 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85

Succotash Special

The ideal succotash combines tender Baby Fordhook bush limas with famous-flavored Golden Cross Bantam hybrid sweet corn. They come into heaviest production together, and for canning or straight-to-the-table cooking they make the grandest succotash you ever tasted.

CANNING INSTRUCTIONS INCLUDED

3215—2 Pkts. (one of each kind, value 30¢) for **25¢**

3216—1 pound total (½ lb. of each kind, value 65¢) for **50¢**

61 Wood's Prolific

(70 days) Extremely prolific, of true bush form, and very early. Really an improved Henderson Bush Lima, with both larger plants and pods, and especially suited to northern states where growing seasons are short. Pods are 3½ to 4 in. long, and contain 3 or 4 plump beans with the true buttery lima flavor. Valuable for use either fresh or dried.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; 1 lb. 35¢;
2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.60



Burpee's Improved

53 King of the Garden *

The old reliable pole lima with high yield and long bearing season (88 days)

Wherever pole lima beans are grown, King of the Garden is almost certain to be one of the most popular varieties. The vines are very sturdy in their growth, climbing to a height of from 6 to 10 feet and with a considerable spread of branches. The pods are from 5 to 7 in. long and contain 5 or 6 large beans which are tender and fine flavored. Pods are borne close to the ground early in the season and higher up on the plant as the season progresses. Bearing will continue until frost has killed the vines. The continued popularity of King of the Garden, in spite of the competition offered by newer varieties, is really the only recommendation that should be needed. Our strain of King of the Garden has been carefully selected for uniformity, length of pod, earliness of maturity, and hardiness.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85

51 Burpee's Best *

(95 days) This remarkable pole lima bean surpasses all other pole limas in production. The attractive, lustrous green pods, 5 to 6 in. long and 1½ in. wide are as thick and well filled as the plump pods of Fordhook Bush Lima to which it is similar in quality and flavor. Four or 5 and sometimes 6 big, thick, plump beans to a pod. Burpee's Best is exceptionally vigorous, growing to a height of 10 to 12 ft., with great clusters of pods the entire length of the vines.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25

52 Maule's Evergreen

(90 days) Maule's Evergreen is a strong, robust, vigorous grower, and very prolific. It is one of the best main-crop pole lima beans, producing its enormous pods in great clusters. The pods sometimes grow 7 inches in length, with 5 or 6 large beans in each. During the green-shell stage the seeds are always brilliantly colored and even after maturity they retain their greenness, adding greatly to the attractiveness of the dried bean. The quality is excellent at all stages.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

50 Burpee's Giant Podded

(95 days) The pods are nearly straight, very large, growing 6 to 7 in. in length, and containing, on the average, 5 extra-large, tender, buttery beans of the most delicious flavor. Plants are vigorous and produce most freely. The immense pods form in clusters of from 4 to 8 and continue to appear until the vines are killed by frost. These plants attain a height of 10 feet or more. Our stock is now entirely re-selected for the very largest pods, containing five beans with striking uniformity.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 55¢; 2 lbs. \$1.00; 5 lbs. \$2.30

Dwarf Shell Beans

24 White Marrowfat *

(100 days) Long, broad, straight pods filled with 5 or 6 large, clear white beans, highly valued for dry shelling and baking. Plants grow only 1½ ft. tall but are extremely vigorous, sending out many short runners which increase the yield. The seeds are larger and plumper than the standard Navy bean. Dry shell beans need no canning equipment, and they do fill an important spot on winter menus.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

15 Red Kidney

(95 days) This variety, like White Marrowfat, has been grown in America for well over 100 years. It has long, broad, waxy green pods containing 4 or 5 large red kidney shaped seeds. The plants grow 1½ ft. tall, bushy, and without runners.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

6 Dwarf Horticultural

(Snap 48, shell 60 days) A fine early bush bean, useful for snaps when pods are young and stringless; unsurpassed for green shell beans as the pods grow older. Seeds are large, easily shelled, and buff colored, becoming mottled purplish red at maturity.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00

28 French Horticultural

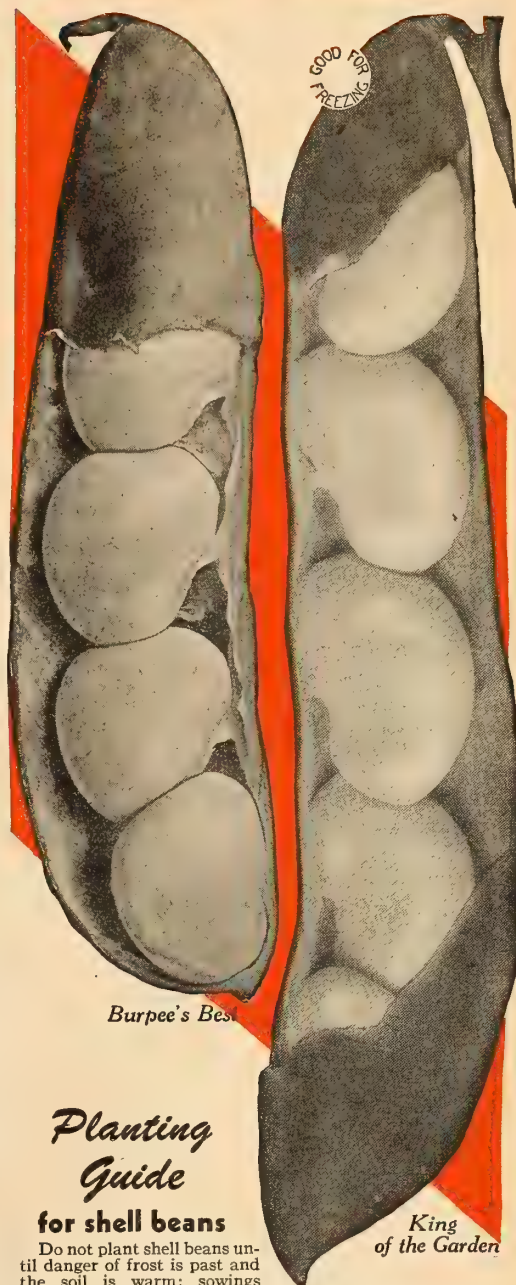
(Snap 56, shell 70 days) The dark green pods are 7 in. long, straight, flat, and broad at the snap bean stage. Color changes to greenish yellow heavily splashed with carmine, and pods become round at the shell bean stage. Larger and later than Dwarf Horticultural.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.15; 5 lbs. \$2.75



White Marrowfat

Pole Limas



Planting Guide

for shell beans

Do not plant shell beans until danger of frost is past and the soil is warm; sowings should be made before July 10. Plant in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, spacing the seed 2 to 3 in. apart, and cover with 2 in. of soil. A packet will plant about 25 ft. of row; 1 lb. 150 ft.; 60 lbs. for an acre. Shell beans should be left on the vines until they are thoroughly matured and dried before they are put away for winter use. They keep very well when stored in a cold, dry place. Fava beans are handled quite differently, being planted just as early as possible in order to grow during cool weather.

29 Fava Bean

(75 days) Also called Broad Bean. Much hardier than other beans and should be planted as early in the spring as ground can be worked. Plants are large and erect, true bush form, and produce a heavy crop. Pods are 7 in. long and contain 5 to 7 large, broad, flat, light green beans. Dry seed is large, circular, flat, reddish brown with black eyes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25

Beets

84 Detroit Dark Red *

Deep red skin; dark red flesh (55 days)

We offer a special strain of this famous beet. It excels in uniformity of size, shape, and color, being suited for home use, market sales, storing, shipping, and canning. Roots are of medium size, smooth, perfectly globe-shaped, and of attractive appearance. The color of the flesh is a most intense, deep red, showing no signs of lighter zones after cooking. It remains tender throughout and free from fiber until fully grown. The tops are of medium size, ideal for bunching. This variety far exceeds all others in popularity and it certainly deserves its place of leadership. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. \$1.50

85 Detroit Dark Red—short top strain

(55 days) This strain is the same as the medium top strain (above), except that it produces smaller, darker, more spherical roots with distinctly shorter tops. The magnificent red interior has such inconspicuous zones that the flesh seems to be one solid ball of dazzling color. It is outstandingly superior for canning whole, and for freezing.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75

BEET COLLECTION

Detroit Dark Red
Maule's Blood Turnip

Maule's Dark Red Egyptian

3110—3 Packets (1 of each variety, value 30¢) only 20¢

3111—3 Ozs. (1 oz. of each variety, value 60¢) for 65¢

Planting Guide

Seed for main crop may be sown in the early spring as soon as ground can be worked; later sowings for continuous supply, every two or three weeks until the middle of July. Sow seed in rows 18 to 24 in. apart, and cover ½ in. deep. Walk on the rows to settle the soil where seeds have been sown. Beets require a firm seed bed. Thin plants to stand 3 to 4 in. apart in the rows. The later sowings will produce the best beets for winter storing. The choicest beets for canning or immediate use are the young, tender, small roots about 1½ to 2 in. across. A packet will sow about 25 ft. of row; an ounce 100 ft.; 5 to 6 lbs. to an acre.

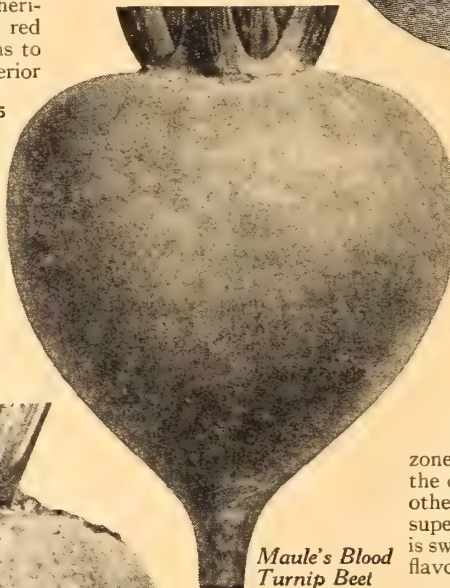


Detroit Dark Red

66 Maule's Blood Turnip

(50 days) This famous variety has an impressive list of good characteristics. It is early, yet it stands for a long time without growing coarse or tough. It has dark red skin and flesh, and is especially noted for the absence of objectionable light zones. This deepness of color makes the cooked beet a darker red than other varieties and guarantees a superior canned product. The flesh is sweet and possesses a distinctive flavor. Make succession plantings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40

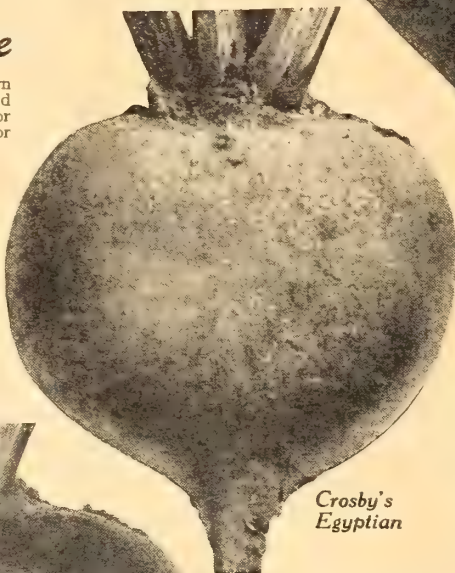


Maule's Blood Turnip Beet

73 Winter Keeper

(70 days) Truly a long season beet since it will remain tender and sweet all summer, and also when stored for winter. The half-long or top-shaped beets have long, leafy tops, which are particularly fine for greens. While the stems and leaf veins show a slight red tinge, the leaves themselves remain a fresh green all season long. Beets are of medium size and a very deep red color. Grows slowly, producing good-sized beets medium early, but even when they get quite large they will be found as tender as much earlier varieties. The texture of the flesh is unusually fine, and this superiority is apparent in the very high quality of the cooked beet. The fine texture also helps preserve firmness in storage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75



Crosby's Egyptian

77 Crosby's Egyptian

(52 days) The roots are larger than other early types, nearly round, but somewhat flattened at the top, with a slightly tapered base. The tap root is small, and the foliage medium. The skin and flesh are a dark purplish red with some zones of lighter shades. Crosby's is probably the most widely grown variety for bunching, but it is not so well adapted to canning as Detroit Dark Red.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 65¢; ½ lb. \$1.25

81 Maule's Dark Red Egyptian

(51 days) No other beet can replace this well-established variety for earliness. Under favorable conditions the roots grow quickly and reach full size in an astonishingly short time. A favorite among market growers, who plant it for forcing to supply the early market. The flat roots are of medium size, and the tops have only a limited amount of foliage.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40

70 Maule's Early Wonder

(52 days) Early Wonder is semi-globe shaped, early, uniform and thoroughly dependable. The variety is related to Crosby's Egyptian, and is sometimes called Boston Crosby. However, the shape of the beet differs from Crosby, since it terminates abruptly in a thin tap root, and it has less distinct zones in cross section. The color is bright red, not so dark as Detroit, but more brilliant and fiery. The surface of the beet is smooth and well rounded, and its texture is fine. Maule's Early Wonder is a carefully selected and refined strain.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40



Maule's Dark Red Egyptian

Sugar Beets and Mangels

93 Klein Wanzleben Sugar Beet

You can produce your own sugar sirup (90 days)

Half the world's sugar comes from sugar beets. Special equipment is needed for refining granulated sugar, but you can make sugar sirup (part of which crystallizes to form sugar) right at home with ordinary canning utensils. Sugar beet sirup has a distinctive flavor different from other sweets, and attractive to most people. Thousands of Maule customers planted Klein Wanzleben last year, and for many the interesting processing experiment and novel flavor of this homemade sirup calls for a repeat planting, particularly since extra sweetening came in so handy in 1946. An ounce of seed can produce 24 pints of sirup. Instructions free on request. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 85¢; lb. \$1.50
Larger quantities at special prices

Planting Guide

Mangels are grown for poultry and stock feeding. Sugar beets are grown in the same way as mangels, and are also used for stock feeding if they are not processed for sugar sirup. Sow seed in May or early June in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and cover the seed with 1 in. of soil. Thin to stand 8 to 12 in. apart in the row. Use one packet for 25 ft. of row; one ounce for 100 ft.; and 5 to 6 lbs. to the acre.

94 The Jumbo *

The best long, red mangel (110 days)

Roots grow to a truly enormous size; often reaching a diameter of 6 in. and a length of 2 ft. They are uniformly straight and even, and comparatively thicker than most other mangels. Roots grow from ½ to ¾ out of the ground, and consequently are easily harvested. Flesh is white tinged with rose. Where corn cannot be grown, because of a short, cool season, mangels make an excellent substitute for stock and poultry feeding. Their food value is equal to grain and superior to silage. A yield of from 10 to 15 tons per acre is average.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 90¢; lb. \$1.60
Larger quantities at special prices

95 Maule's Gate Post

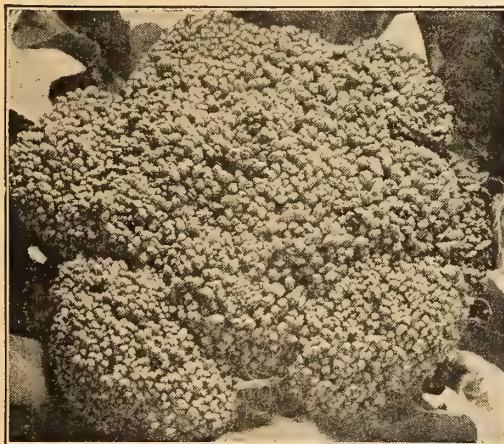
(100 days) The name Gate Post refers to the desirable habit of the roots growing ½ or more above the ground. This makes the harvesting of this mangel very simple. It produces large, attractive, oval-shaped roots of a golden yellow color. The flesh is white, sometimes showing a tinge of yellow in the rings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25
Larger quantities at special prices



The Jumbo Mangel

Do you
really make
the most of
your garden?
Include both
Brussels Sprouts
and Broccoli
this year.



Calabrese Broccoli

Broccoli

105 Calabrese

Large heads; Italian sprouting (90 days)

Forms large, rich green sprouting heads which, if kept cut, will continue to develop smaller heads for 8 or 10 weeks, providing a continuous supply of greens. Because of its greater tolerance to heat broccoli thrives where cauliflower does not. Use the same growing procedure as for cabbage. Italian or Sprouting broccoli very much resembles cauliflower except in color. A packet produces about 250 plants; an ounce, 3000; use ¼ lb. for an acre. Fall crops are very successful.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25

Brussels Sprouts

109 Long Island Improved

The aristocrat of the cabbage family (125 days)

The most delicately flavored vegetable of the entire cabbage family. Plants grow 20 in. tall and produce an abundance of large, solid, dark green, tightly folded sprouts or little cabbage-like heads along the stem. Sow seed June 1st in the open ground. Transplant in rows 3 ft. apart and 18 in. apart in the row. This hardy crop may often be harvested until December 1st if the plants are given some protection. Protection may be given just before severe freezing by raking dead leaves loosely around and over the plants, holding them in place with brush or boards.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25



*Long
Island
Improved
Brussels
Sprouts*

Cabbage *Early Types*

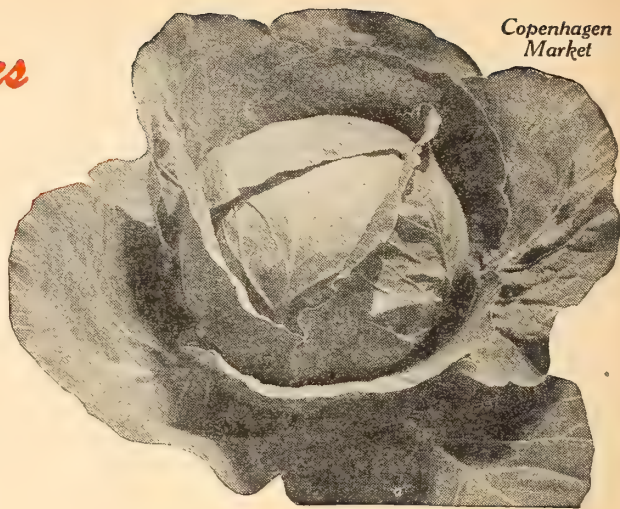
Copenhagen
Market

119 Copenhagen Market*

The finest early cabbage. Large, round, solid heads (70 days)

Very early, solid, uniformly round heads, 6 to 7 in. across, weighing 4 lbs. or more. Plants are small, cup shaped, compact and short stemmed, allowing close planting. Very crisp, tender and of excellent quality. This variety is at its best when planted for an early summer crop. The larger, later cabbages are more often used for sauerkraut, but Copenhagen Market is also useful for that purpose, particularly where the season is too short for the late kraut types. We believe Copenhagen Market to be the best cabbage for summer use.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. \$1.60



127 Glory of Enkhuizen

(82 days) A splendid, medium-early cabbage with large, solid, round heads 8 to 9 in. across, weighing 5 to 7 lbs. each, and often more. The leaves are finely ribbed, exceedingly tender, and remarkably well flavored. Because of its superior quality this variety is often used for kraut making, especially in areas where late cabbage is not grown.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35

Maule's
First Early



110 Golden Acre*

(65 days) This is an important early cabbage, with solid, round heads which grow about 6 in. in diameter and weigh about 3 lbs. each. Compact, dwarf plants on short stems allow them to be set quite closely. Our strain of Golden Acre is exceptionally uniform, both in size and roundness of head, and in length of growing season. With a high percentage of plants maturing at one time the crop can be handled with maximum efficiency. This is the earliest round head cabbage, very similar to Copenhagen Market but earlier and smaller.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. \$1.60

116 All Head Early

(85 days) All Head Early, one of the earliest of all large cabbages, does well in a wide range of soils and climates. The deep, well-rounded flattened heads are very solid and remarkably uniform in size, shape and color. They measure 8 to 9 in. across, 6½ to 7 in. deep, and weigh 6 to 7 lbs. each. The heads may be cut before they have reached full size since compactness and solidity are reached at an early date. This variety is versatile enough to be useful both as an early and later as a storage crop. Set plants in the spring for summer use and again in midsummer for winter storage.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. \$1.60

113 Maule's Prize Jersey Wakefield

(65 days) Our special strain of this famous Early Jersey Wakefield Cabbage represents a decided improvement in earliness, uniformity and quality. The conical or pointed heads form quickly and are tightly folded. The heads are 7 in. deep, 4½ to 5 in. across and weigh 2½ to 3 lbs.; their attractive shape and extreme earliness make them welcome in many gardens.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. 95¢

Maule's Prize
Jersey
Wakefield



111 Maule's First Early *

Earliest of the large, flat heads (80 days)

Its plant type and its attractive head type are almost ideal for every use. It is the earliest of the large flat-head cabbages, and excels all other early varieties in solidness. Its excellent quality and tenderness have made it a great favorite. The heads are 5½ to 6 in. deep, 8 to 9 in. across, and weigh 5 to 7 lbs. This exclusive Maule variety competes with Copenhagen Market and Jersey Wakefield because so many people prefer a solid, flat head to the round or pointed shapes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. \$1.50

Planting Guide

Sow early and midseason cabbage seed indoors or under glass 4 to 6 weeks before your usual outdoor planting time. Set plants in the garden or field when the soil has become warm. For medium early cabbage, seed may be started in a frame or open ground seedbed early in the spring and the plants set in the open when large enough to handle. Late cabbage seed is sown in a specially prepared bed in late May or early June, and the plants set out in early July, 1½ ft. apart in rows 3 ft. apart. A packet of seed will produce about 250 plants; an ounce about 2,000 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants; allow 30 days for plant production.

*Maule's
Genuine
Surehead*



Midseason Varieties

131 Maule's Genuine Surehead

Widely adapted; large, heavy, thoroughly reliable (90 days)

One of Maule's very first introductions, in 1877, this remarkable cabbage was a strong factor in establishing Maule's seeds as leaders in the industry. For 36 successive years a full catalog page was devoted to Surehead. The increased popularity of small headed strains has caused fewer acres to be planted to this variety, but anyone wishing a large, hard, somewhat flattened, 10 lb. head should grow Maule's Surehead. This variety is absolutely reliable, a perfect winter keeper, and still the unchallenged favorite of thousands of gardeners.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. \$1.60

117 Early Flat Dutch

Solid, short stemmed heads (90 days)

This variety has a truly ancient lineage, and was an old standard when our company was founded in 1877. It has remained the best liked variety in some sections of the country through three generations of gardeners.

The heads are mounted on short stems, and have smaller, shorter cores than other varieties. Fully developed heads measure 7 to 8 inches across, 6 inches deep, and weigh as much as 5 to 8 lbs. The leaves are tightly folded, crisp, and well flavored.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35

Yellows Resistant Varieties

Yellows resistant varieties of cabbage have been bred to grow successfully on yellows infected soil. To insure continued purity of the lines stock seed is grown on strongly infected soil in Wisconsin. Heads which mature there have high natural immunity.

112 Golden Acre ✱

Round, solid heads of medium size (65 days)

Yellows resistant strain of Golden Acre. Produces medium sized, solid heads, 6 in. across, weighing 4 to 5 lbs., and maturing much earlier than Marion Market. Plants are short stemmed, erect, grayish green in color, and with few outer leaves. Heads are round and well formed, and the leaves are noticeably smooth. Plants may be set closer than Marion Market. This is the earliest yellows resistant strain we offer.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.10

128 Wisconsin All Seasons

(84 days) A yellows resistant strain selected from All Seasons and maturing at about the same time. It is the hardest flat-head variety, and enjoys the greatest popularity for kraut. Stands drouth.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75



*Yellows
Resistant
Golden Acre*

123 Wisconsin Hollander ✱

Firm, compact heads, flattened on top (120 days)

Yellows resistant. A selection from Danish Ballhead, requiring about 5 days longer to head but forming larger plants which yield more heavily under favorable conditions. Heads are large, round, inclined to flatten slightly at the top but quite deep. Splendid late fall cabbage for kraut and for winter keeping. The best of the yellows resistant winter cabbages.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.10

121 Marion Market

Yellows resistant strain out of Copenhagen Market (75 days)

This highly yellows resistant cabbage was originally bred from Copenhagen Market. It matures about 5 days later and makes a considerably larger plant. The heads are practically round, very hard, and ship well. A standard market variety throughout the country. Weight, 5 to 6 lbs.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75



Yellows Resistant • Marion Market

Cabbage *Late Types*



Danish Roundhead

124 Danish Roundhead *

Short stemmed; 10 days earlier than Danish Ballhead (105 days)

Very large, extremely solid, perfectly round heads having the same remarkable qualities as Danish Ballhead, from which it was taken. The heads, however, are slightly larger, shorter stemmed, and about 10 days earlier. Plants are dwarf and compact with few outer leaves. This permits close planting, and, therefore, when grown commercially, a larger yield may be expected than from any of the other Danish cabbages. On high, dry land where other cabbages are inclined to remain small, Danish Roundhead has produced wonderful results. Keeps perfectly in storage. This variety is the most popular late cabbage.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75

122 Penn State Ballhead

(110 days) This special selection from Danish Ballhead was made at Pennsylvania State College. It demonstrates what patience and hard work can do to improve a standard line. Penn State has hard, tight heads weighing at least a third more than Danish Ballhead heads of equal measurements. The crop matures 5 days to a week earlier. It yields exceptionally well, having many per-acre tonnage records to its credit; and in addition to these merits, it is a faultless winter keeper. Adapted to all regions where late cabbage is grown.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00



Drumhead Savoy

Chinese Cabbage

Plant outdoors in early spring and again about 10 weeks before frost. The fall crop is generally best. Sow seed ½ in. deep and thin plants to stand 12 in. apart. A packet plants 25 ft., an ounce 200 ft.

130 Pe-Tsai

(75 days) Heads grow 10 to 12 in. tall. The heart is well blanched, tender, juicy, and of an agreeably pungent flavor. Hot weather can prevent tight heading, but the leaves are as useful as ever, since the midribs are always broad, crisp, and delicious.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢

129 Chihli

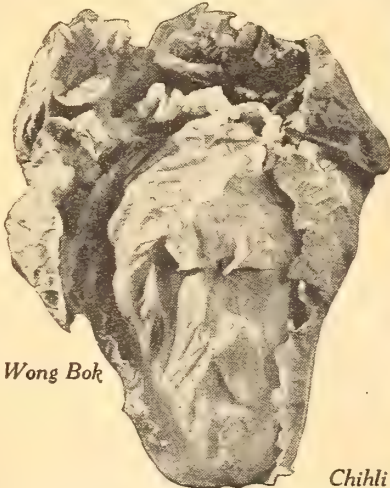
(70 days) Long, pointed, extra firm, solid heads, pure white inside and of the finest flavor. The leaves are broad, smooth, and fringed at the edge. When fully matured, heads often measure 18 in. tall and 3½ to 4 in. thick. The many uses to which Chinese Cabbage may be put—boiling, salads, cole slaw, etc.—make it one of the most versatile and likable vegetables.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢

138 Wong Bok

(75 days) Heads grow 8 to 10 in. tall, chunky, thick, and succulent. Hearts may be served as individual salads. The flavor is a taste thrill, with a crispness of midribs as tempting as celery.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢



Wong Bok



Chihli

141 Drumhead Savoy

Crumpled leaf cabbage (90 days)

Of a milder, more pleasing flavor than the regular cabbages. There is a certain delicacy about this variety that appeals greatly to people who dislike either the strong flavor or odor of other kinds. The heads are large, heavy, compact, round, and somewhat flattened; the average weight is 5 lbs., although they often grow much larger. Leaves are attractively wrinkled and crumpled, even into the center of the head. It is a splendid winter keeper. The Drumhead is the best of the savoy cabbages, and our strain is carefully selected for uniformity and mildness of flavor.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75

134 Maule's Prize Flat Dutch

Heads large, round, flattened, and very firm (100 days)

An old reliable variety. Heads are very large, heavy, solid, flat on the top but deep. Leaves are a bright bluish green. Our strain is low growing, with a short stem and vigorous plant growth, reaching almost 3 ft. in diameter under average conditions. Heads become firm and solid while still rather small so that you can start to use them in late summer and continue to cut until late fall. Grown principally in the northern states, where it is used as a main late crop. In addition to being a home garden favorite, the variety is frequently used for market, shipping, and quite often also for sauerkraut. Heads attain 10 to 12 lbs. in weight. One of the best winter keepers.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25

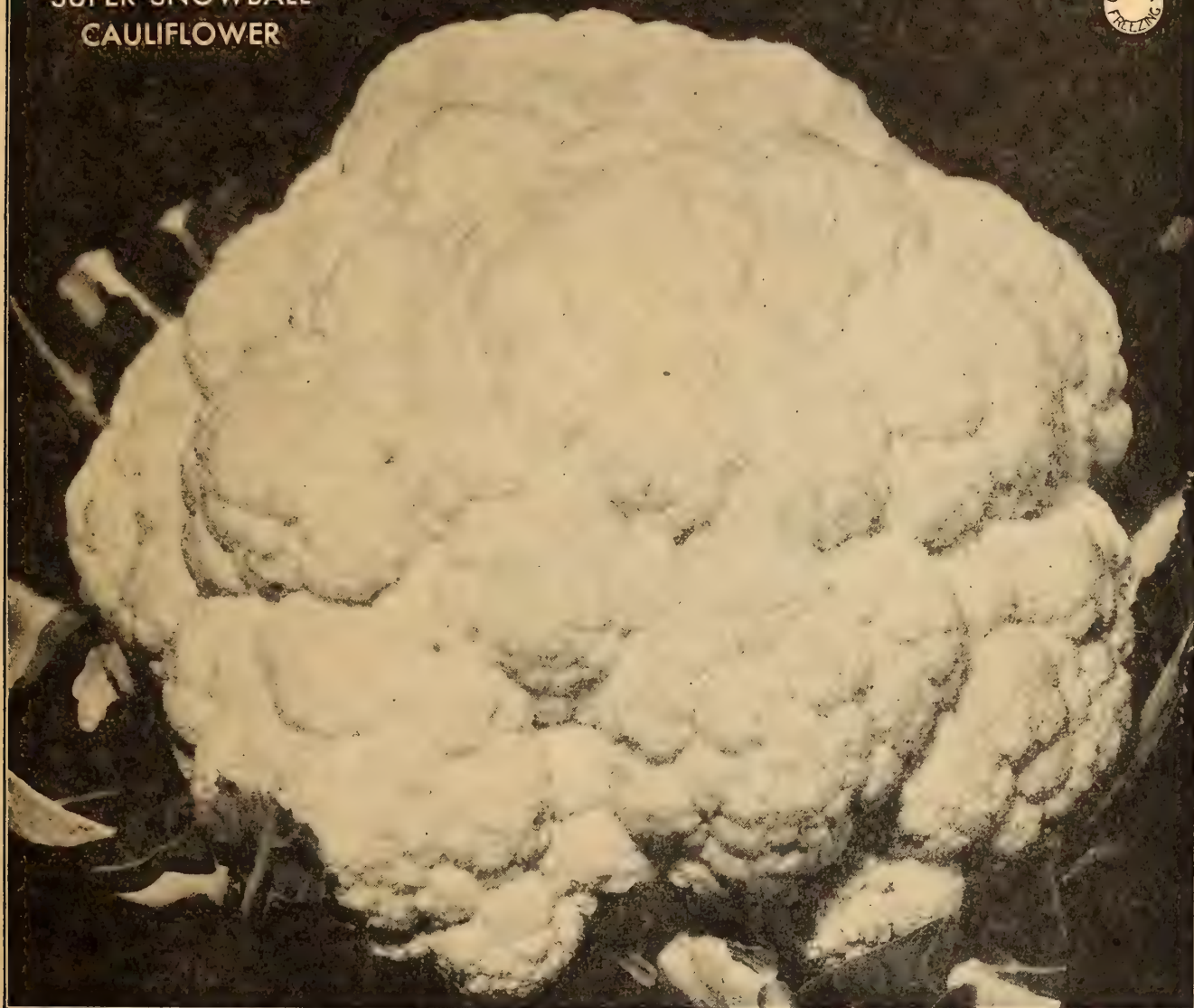
143 Mammoth Red Rock

Largest heading red cabbage; good keeper (100 days)

Heads are perfectly round, very solid and heavy. They often weigh as much as 8 lbs. each. The deep purplish red color continues in undiminished intensity to the very center of the head. When sliced the cabbage presents a most attractive red and white color pattern. The outer leaves of the plants are dark green with red veins. This variety keeps well in storage and is often used for pickling.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00

SUPER SNOWBALL CAULIFLOWER



171 Holland Erfurt

The most widely adapted; best keeping curds (90 days)

The plant characteristics of Holland Erfurt and Super Snowball are quite similar, but the varieties differ sharply in the shape and composition of the head. Holland Erfurt has a well-rounded curd with the branches placed very close together, providing unusual compactness and weight. The bottom of the head is not hollow like Super Snowball, but solid all the way across. This solidity and firm nature helps the heads to make up in weight what they lack in size to equal Super Snowball. Erfurt is generally grown for a fall crop; it keeps and ships better than other varieties.

Pkt. 25¢; ¼ oz. \$1.50; ½ oz. \$2.75; oz. \$5.25

165 Dry Weather

Forms perfect heads when others fail (100 days)

No cauliflower can survive continued hot weather, but this specially bred Danish introduction is highly successful in withstanding dry weather when not accompanied by extreme heat. The plants are bigger and more vigorous than the Snowball or Erfurt types, and while they mature quite late they produce excellent heads in spite of severe conditions. Dry Weather is generally sown for fall harvesting, the seed being planted late in May. The ample foliage makes good protection for the hard, white, compact heads.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 75¢; ½ oz. \$1.35; oz. \$2.50

170 Super Snowball *



The earliest cauliflower (82 days)

Super Snowball is the strain most often planted by gardeners because of the speed with which it reaches maturity. This quick maturing characteristic often allows the crop to escape the hot weather, which is so disastrous to cauliflower. In some areas maturity occurs very much more rapidly than the 82 days recorded in our trials. Heads are the largest of all popular cauliflowers, and have a gently rounded top surface, white curd, good firmness and keeping quality. The under side of the head is somewhat hollow. There is good foliage growth to provide protection for the heads against light.

Pkt. 20¢; ¼ oz. \$1.00; ½ oz. \$1.80; oz. \$3.50

Planting Guide

For early cauliflower, start the seed indoors or under glass during February or March. When soil has become warm, transplant seedlings to the garden. For a main crop to cut during autumn sow seed in May or early June in a specially prepared seed bed or frame; transplant seedlings to garden in late June or early July, setting the plants 2 ft. apart, in rows 3 ft. apart. A packet will produce about 150 plants; an ounce about 4,000 plants; two ounces for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants. The fall crop is usually best.

WM. HENRY MAULE, SUPERIOR SEEDS

Maule's

Improved Long
Orange

Maule's
Golden Rod

GOOD FOR
FREEZING


Nantes
Half-Long

GOOD FOR
FREEZING

Oxheart

145 Maule's Golden Rod *

Half-long, stump-rooted, outstanding variety (75 days)

 Seven to 8 in. long, 2 to 2½ in. thick at the shoulder; smooth and uniform, fine-grained, sweet, tender, and never becomes stringy or shows rings. Skin is bright orange; flesh is deep orange with a lighter colored, tender core. Highly recommended for winter keeping, and for market gardeners who wish a quality half-long, stump-rooted carrot somewhat deeper in color than Danvers and heavier in yield. When Mr. Maule

brought this carrot back with him from France in 1900, he performed a lasting service to American gardeners. There was an immediate public appreciation of the strain, and now the popularity of the variety has grown to be really tremendous. Each year's sales exceed the previous record. If you are not already a Golden Rod grower, why not compare it with your favorite variety this year?

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. \$1.60

Planting Guide


Sow early in the spring in rows 12 to 30 in. apart. Cover with ½ in. of soil and press gently. Thin the plants to stand 2 to 4 in. apart in the row. Sowings should be made every two weeks until the early part of July. For tender carrots in the fall or for winter storing, the later plantings are best. Store the mature roots in sand in a moist, cool cellar. A packet plants 30 ft.; 1 oz. 200 ft.; 3 lbs. an acre.

146 Oxheart

(70 days) Oxheart roots are broad, stocky, and heart-shaped, and may be used from their earliest, tenderest stages right up to maturity when they reach a length of 5½ to 6 in. At this size the roots are very broad, 3½ to 4 in. across at the top and 2 to 2½ in. at the base. Grows much better in hard or shallow soil than other varieties of carrots.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢;
oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25

149 Nantes Half-Long

 (68 days) For quality, flavor, and attractive appearance it is one of the best. Six in. long and perfectly cylindrical, 1 to 1½ in. thick the whole length, ending abruptly in a small, thin tail. There is no core; the beautifully pure orange-scarlet flesh extends right through. Nantes roots are amazingly brittle, an indication of really superior quality. Desirable for freezing.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢;
oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35

153 Improved Long Orange

(85 days) In deep, rich soil, the 10 to 12 in. roots will penetrate readily and produce a gigantic crop. Roots are 1¾ to 2 in. thick at the shoulder, tapering to a point. Skin and flesh are bright orange. Do not attempt to grow this variety in shallow or rocky earth, but give it deeply prepared soil and see what giants you can raise.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 20¢;
oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00

Carrots

*Danvers
Half-Long*

Tendersweet

Chantenay

Touchon

152 Danvers Half-Long *

Deep orange; very heavy yielding (75 days)

Well-known favorite carrot on account of its great productiveness and adaptability to all soils and sections. Commercial crops have yielded 25 to 30 tons per acre. Roots are half-long, almost cylindrical, and under ordinary culture grow 6 to 7 in. long and $1\frac{3}{4}$ in. thick at shoulder, tapering gradually toward the stump end. If grown in deeply prepared soil, roots will measure 7 to $7\frac{1}{2}$ in. long and 2 to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. at the shoulder. Skin is rich, deep orange-red; flesh is bright orange, fine-grained, sweet and tender. Much more easily harvested than the long types, and an excellent variety for shipping or storing for winter use.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.25

151 Chantenay

Evenly colored reddish orange roots (70 days)

Adapted to all soils and sections. Roots are $4\frac{1}{2}$ to $5\frac{1}{2}$ in. long; $1\frac{1}{2}$ to $2\frac{1}{2}$ in. thick at the shoulder, tapering to a distinctly stump end. The skin is a strong, bright orange, smooth, and clean; the flesh is the same color as the skin and varies little all the way through the root. Chantenay stores very well, and is the variety most often used by commercial canners because of its uniformity of color and its very high quality. Not as large as most other varieties, but a nationwide favorite nonetheless.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

155 Touchon *

(70 days) The supremely high quality of this French strain places it foremost in the favor of those who enjoy carrots most. It is of handsome appearance and grows about $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 in. in length and $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. in diameter, cylindrical, and holds its thickness well from the crown to the stump-rooted base. The bright orange skin is smooth and free from rootlets. There is no core; the tender flesh is bright orange-red, sweet, fine-grained and without any signs of hard fiber.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

150 Tendersweet *

(75 days) The carrot with the sweetest flavor. It is attractive, fine in texture, practically coreless, and an exceptionally heavy yielder. The orange-red roots, when fully grown, are 8 to 10 in. long, tapering from the shoulder to a rather blunt end. The flesh is very deep orange, sweet, tender, and brittle. Closely resembles Imperator. This carrot type is distinct from the other popular kinds, and is steadily gaining new friends.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.35

163 Mixed Carrots

(68 to 85 days) Home gardeners who like to have a variety of fresh, tender, and tasty carrots, yet do not want to plant more than a row or two at a time, will find this mixture ideal.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$1.00

COLLECTION Three Finest Carrots

Maule's Golden Rod
Touchon
Tendersweet

3125—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for just 25¢
3128—1½ Ozs. (½ oz. of each, value 80¢) for 60¢

Hybrid Sweet Corn

Yellow hybrids on this page

*Aristogold
Bantam
Evergreen*



231 Aristogold Bantam Evergreen *

The highest yielding, biggest eared yellow sweet corn (92 days)

Everything about Aristogold is superlative. It's the biggest yielding, biggest eared, deepestkerneled, stiffest stalked, darkest green, most cold-resistant, drouth-resistant quality sweet corn you can grow. It has yielded ten tons of marketable ears per acre, and that's astonishing even when reduced to garden size. The ears run 9 to 10 in. long with 16 or 18 rows of exceptionally deep, juicy, high quality golden kernels. Husks are tight, resisting ear worms and smut. Plants are sturdy and vigorous, averaging 8½ ft. tall, free from suckers, and dark green. If you live where corn crops are hurt by wind, heat or drouth, this hybrid answers your problem.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 45¢; 1 lb. 80¢; 2 lbs. \$1.50; 5 lbs. \$3.50; 10 lbs. \$6.50

Quantity Prices

Special prices are available upon request for quantities larger than those listed here.

208 Golden Cross Bantam *

(86 days) Because of its seemingly limitless adaptability to all climates and soils, and its rare combination of good qualities, this hybrid is the most widely known of all. It is high yielding, tender, flavorful, and dependable. The plants are wilt-resistant, 6 ft. tall, and very uniform. Each plant generally carries two ears 7½ to 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of light golden kernels. Decisively outyields varieties like Whipple's, Golden Giant, etc., but it is so superior to those strains in flavor that it must be compared with Golden Bantam in that respect.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00

198 Spancross *

(71 days) This is the earliest corn we have ever seen with ears of marketable size. It is the earliest corn we offer, and it is really nine full days ahead of Golden Bantam. Ears are 6½ in. long and 1¾ in. in diameter, very slightly tapering, well filled to the tip with 10 or 12 rows of delicious golden yellow kernels. Stalks grow 4 to 5 ft. tall with the ear set low on the stalk. Resists bacterial wilt.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; 1 lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. \$1.30; 5 lbs. \$3.15; 10 lbs. \$6.00

197 Ioana

(88 days) Ears grow 7½ to 8 in. long, cylindrical, well filled with 12 or 14 rows of deep, medium narrow, light yellow kernels of delicious flavor. A midseason yellow hybrid originated at Iowa State College; highly resistant to bacterial wilt and does well under dry conditions. Very successful in the deep South. Plants usually grow about 7 to 8 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00

232 Carmelcross

(79 days) Carmelcross is a good early hybrid which matures halfway between Spancross and Golden Cross Bantam. In areas where early drouth makes Spancross hard to grow Carmelcross is often the first corn to make ears. The ears are 7½ in. long, with 12 or 14 rows of yellow kernels of excellent flavor and tenderness. Plants grow 5½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$2.75; 10 lbs. \$5.00

210 Golden Hybrids Mixed

(71-92 days) In this mixture is some of each of the hybrids listed on this page. Since these hybrids mature at different times, a single planting provides corn over a period of several weeks. If two or more plantings are made there should be plenty of ears available for most of the season. Be sure to plant at least four rows at a time to insure good pollination.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 35¢; 1 lb. 65¢; 2 lbs. \$1.20; 5 lbs. \$2.75

Collection of Hybrids

How long does your corn patch last? Is the season over in just a week or two? Does it come in spurts between plantings? Here is a way to have a steady supply of corn for eating and canning all summer long. Make balanced succession plantings with properly chosen hybrids and your crop will span the very extremes of the season.

Free planting chart with every collection

Spancross
Golden Cross Bantam
Aristogold Bantam Evergreen

3151—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 45¢) all for . . . **35¢**

3152—1½ Lbs. (½ lb. of each, value \$1.20) for **95¢**



Spancross

Hybrid Sweet Corn

196 Silver Cross Bantam *

The most tender, delicious corn you can grow (86 days)

When we introduced Maule customers to Silver Cross Bantam in 1942 we said that it was without doubt the finest white sweet corn ever placed on the market. So many of our friends agreed with us that to date most of the standard white varieties we listed at that time have disappeared from our catalog, eclipsed by this wonder. ul corn. We sell more Silver Cross Bantam than all other white corns combined, and it's simply because it's the best of its kind. Like its yellow twin, Golden Cross Bantam, this hybrid is adapted to all parts of the country. The ears are 8 in. long with 12 or 14 rows of broad white kernels. They are supreme in sweetness and flavor, but most of all in tenderness. They continue to be delicious at an age at which most corn is inedible. The plants are 6 ft. tall, strongly two eared, and well equipped to resist wind, heat, and drouth. For highest quality corn, and a fine yield as well, grow Silver Cross Bantam.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 45¢; lb. 80¢;
2 lbs. \$1.50; 5 lbs. \$3.50; 10 lbs. \$6.50

Special prices for commercial growers and canners.

White Varieties

The varieties listed below are not hybrids, but are the old, standard open-pollinated strains of white sweet corn. They have long records of good performance, but are largely superseded by the white hybrids described above.

221 Stowell's Evergreen

(93 days) The first sweet corn known to American settlers was obtained on an expedition against the Indians in 1779, and it seems likely that Stowell's Evergreen springs from those very ears taken from a tepee in the Susquehanna Valley. Stowell's was almost the first variety to be listed in seed catalogs, and its tremendous life span is all the more remarkable when we consider the fact that only two other white corns (the hybrids, Silver Cross Bantam and Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid) now surpass it in popularity. Ears are 8 to 9 in. long and contain 16 to 20 rows of deep kernels. The plants grow 7 to 8 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20

216 Country Gentleman

(95 days) Easily recognized by the irregular arrangement of the kernels on the cob. Seeds, when dry, are long and narrow, hence the appropriate common name of Shoe Peg by which it is widely known. Ears are quite large, 7 to 8 in. long, with a small white cob thickly covered with long, slender, white grains of good sweetness. This variety has the favorable characteristic of remaining in edible condition a long time. It has been well known and liked by gardeners everywhere. Stalks grow 7 ft. tall and generally bear two large ears, which makes the strain a heavy yielder.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20

222 Maule's Lead All Evergreen

(93 days) Of all the old-time white sweet corn varieties this is probably the best. It was introduced by Maule in 1918. We believe that it surpasses all the old standard white sweet corns in sweetness and in size of ear. Where it is an advantage to have the crop come to maturity steadily for quite an extended period, where very long, large sweet ears are desired, and where a heavy, leafy plant is useful, Maule's Lead All Evergreen is the corn to grow. The plants generally become 8 to 9 ft. tall, and bear ears 8 to 10 in. long with 14 or 16 rows of kernels.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢;
2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.70

219 Howling Mob

(82 days) Ears are 7 to 8 in. long with 12 to 16 rows of good quality kernels. Plants grow about 6 ft. tall.

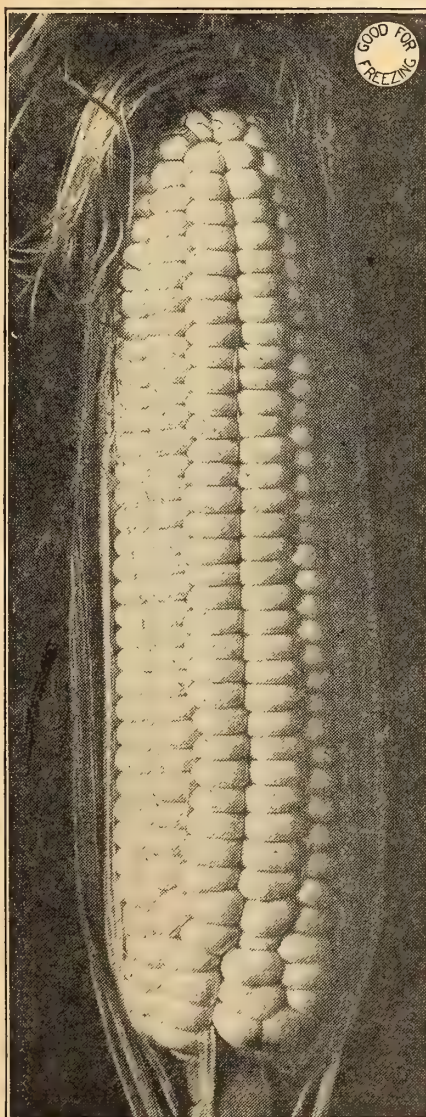
Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; lb. 35¢;
2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.60; 10 lbs. \$3.00

200 Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid *

Fine quality; heavy yield; uniform maturity (92 days)

You will harvest lots of corn if you plant this vigorous, full season hybrid. It is like the old Stowell's Evergreen which was the leading sweet corn for many years, but it is superior to the old Stowell's because it is a hybrid. The hybrid vigor and breeding background eliminate barren stalks, irregular ear type, weak plants, and susceptibility to wilt. Instead, this hybrid has uniformly 7½ to 8½ in. ears with 16 or 18 rows of narrow, deep, clean white kernels. It easily outyields the open-pollinated strain, and is actually more widely adapted than the parent variety. Plants grow to a height of 8 ft. We recommend this hybrid as better corn than Stowell's Evergreen and we hope that you will try it in comparison with the old strain.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢;
lb. 70¢; 2 lbs. \$1.25;
5 lbs. \$2.80; 10 lbs. \$5.20



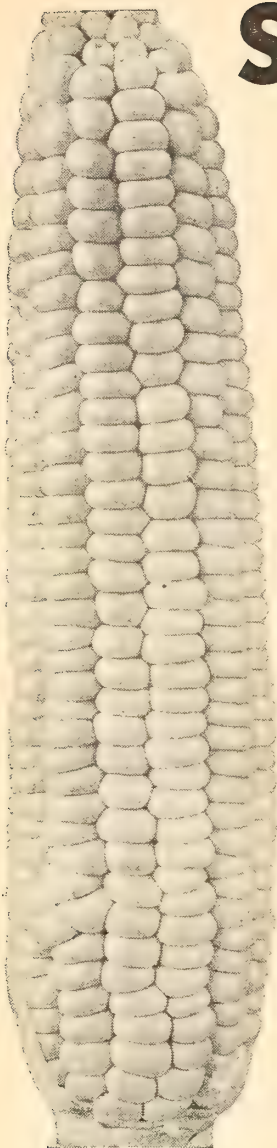
Silver Cross Bantam Hybrid



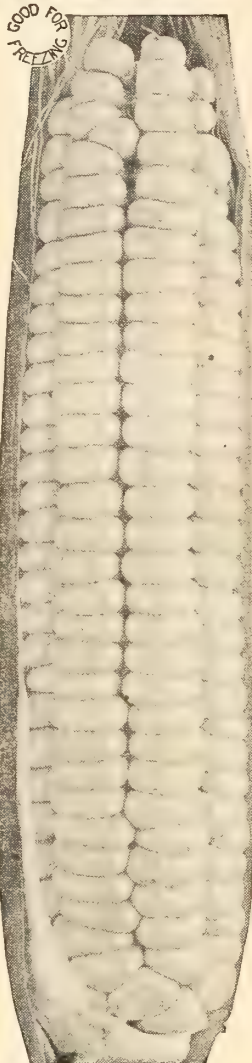
Stowell's Evergreen Hybrid

THE NEW SWEET CORN-HYBRIDS ARE FAR SUPERIOR TO THE OLD STANDARD VARIETIES

Sweet Corn



Golden Sunshine



Golden Bantam

207 Golden Bantam

(80 days) The most widely known yellow sweet corn. The handy sized ears are 5 to 6 in. long with 8 rows of broad, deep golden yellow, sweet kernels. Plants are 5 ft. tall. The rare excellence of Golden Bantam flavor keeps this variety popular in spite of competition from the new hybrids.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20

227 Golden Sunshine

(74 days) The outstanding feature of this variety is the fact that it is both earlier and larger eared than Golden Bantam. Instead of 8 rows, Golden Sunshine has 10 or 12 rows of kernels. Plants grow 5 to 5½ feet tall, many bearing 2 ears. These ears are 7 in. long, of good girth, and the bright golden yellow kernels are closely set together. Its sweetness and flavor combined with its extreme earliness make it a popular variety.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20

Planting Guide for All Sweet Corn

Plant the seed after all danger of frost is over and the ground has become thoroughly warm. Plant in rows 2½ to 4 ft. apart and the seed 8 in. apart in the rows; or put 4 seeds in a hill and space the hills 3 by 4 ft. apart. Cover seed with 1 in. of soil. If planted in hills, allow 2 or 3 plants to remain in each hill. For a continuous supply of good fresh corn make successive plantings every 10 to 14 days up to July 10. Allow enough time for your last planting to mature before your first expected frost. Never plant corn in a single row; it is necessary to plant several rows (3 or 4) side by side. Hybrids show many great advantages over old style varieties, but there is one point to remember. Do not save seed from a hybrid crop. Seed saved from a hybrid crop gives ¼ less yield, loses uniformity, size, and vigor. Buy fresh hybrid seed annually. A packet will plant 4 rows, each 25 ft. long; 1 lb. for 200 hills; 12½ lbs. for an acre.

239 BROOM CORN

Adapted wherever field corn can be matured. Broom corn is strongly heat and drouth resistant; it looks like sorghum. The brush-like tassel is the part of the plant used for broom straw. Harvest at the dough stage, cure, and brush out the seeds.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

Pop Corn

237 South American Hybrid

(120 days) Another real stride forward in pop corn breeding. This new hybrid yields 33% to over 50% more than regular South American, averaging 3000 to 4000 lbs. per acre. It has uniformly higher popping expansion than the old strain, which makes it tops in size. The ears and plants are uniform, with all ears popping well instead of variably as in open-pollinated corn. Ears run about 7 in. long, bright orange color, and good quality. For the biggest yield and most uniformly big popped kernels you ever saw, plant South American Hybrid this year.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 50¢; lb. 90¢; 2 lbs. \$1.70; 5 lbs. \$3.75; 10 lbs. \$7.00

Planting Guide

Pop corn should be planted and tended in the same way as sweet corn. When ripe, the ears may be hung safe from mice in a sack in the attic or in a shed until dry enough to pop. This may take one to several months, depending on the climate and amount of moisture in the corn at harvest. A pkt. plants 100 ft. of row; ½ lb. for 400 ft.; 6 lbs. to the acre.

Hybrid Jap Hulless
- Pop Corn

241 Hybrid Jap Hulless ✱

(105 days) Hybrid Jap Hulless is a product of the University of Minnesota, and it is an ideal example of hybrid superiority. It outyields regular Jap Hulless by 16%, and that's the least important advantage. The biggest step forward is the fact that although the kernels look the same they pop 29% larger by actual measurement. This hybrid has rapidly monopolized the quality pop corn market with its tenderness and freedom from hulls. Kernels are white, and the ears are not over 4 in. long. Plants are short but stocky, and generally bear 2 or 3 ears per stalk. You probably will not be able to buy this wonderful Jap Hulless crop seed for popping, so the way to be sure to have some next winter is to grow it yourself. It's worth the effort.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 40¢; lb. 75¢; 2 lbs. \$1.40; 5 lbs. \$3.20; 10 lbs. \$6.00

235 Japanese Hulless

(105 days) Yields 2 or 3 thick, 4 in. ears per stalk, having 26 to 30 rows of kernels. Kernels are white, small, but deep, like a long, thick grain of rice. Wonderful quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.20.

236 South American Mushroom

(120 days) Largest of all, kernels measuring over 1 in. across when popped. Seed is golden yellow, but when popped it's creamy white. Ears are long; plants grow 6 to 7 ft. tall. 2 or 3 ears to a stalk.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.50; 10 lbs. \$2.75



Celery

182 Giant Pascal *

Also known as Winter King (140 days)

Stalks are thick, solid, entirely stringless, brittle, and of a rich, nutty flavor. Leaves are upright, short and dark green. When properly blanched, the stalks are a beautiful yellowish white. They are very broad and quite prominently ribbed, without, however, showing any signs of fiber. Giant Pascal is easy to grow, reasonably quick to blanch, and if properly stored can be kept throughout the winter. The favorite winter celery, following along in perfect succession after Golden Plume.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

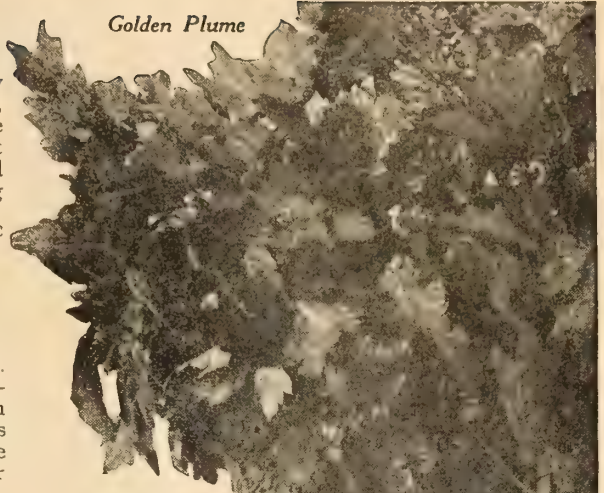
176 Golden Plume *

Early maturing, blight resistant (115 days)

A perfected type developed from the famous Golden Self-Blanching. Plants are semi-dwarf, but have taller, thicker stalks than Golden Self-Blanching. The creamy hearts are very large and tightly folded. When blanched, the stalks are an attractive light golden yellow. The flavor is rich and pleasing. Quite resistant to blight. It's the favorite celery in the United States, since it combines great tolerance to varying soil and weather conditions with exceptionally fine eating quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

Golden Plume



180 Cornell Nineteen *

(120 days) A new main crop and winter storage variety of great superiority. The stalks are exceptionally tall, smooth, and well rounded, with remarkable crispness, flavor, and freedom from strings. The stalks are yellow, and the outer branches are of the same high quality as the interior. This variety is not designed for an early crop, but for fall use and winter storage. Resistant to Fusarium yellows.

Pkt. 25¢; ½ oz. 90¢;
oz. \$1.50; ¼ lb. \$5.00

177 Emperor or Fordhook

(130 days) Stalks are always brittle, stringless, and blanch to a fine, silvery white. Delicious flavor. Hearts are large and tightly folded. Plants are stocky, dwarf, 15 to 18 in. high, and therefore easily blanched. Excellent for fall use; one of the best for winter storage.

Pkt. 15¢;
½ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.35; ¼ lb. \$4.00

Giant Pascal



175 Golden Self-Blanching

American grown from French strain (115 days)

Very popular because of its earliness and self-blanching tendency. The plants grow 18 to 20 in. tall, and form thick, solid stalks which readily blanch to a beautiful waxy yellow. Crisp, free from strings, and of a rich, nutty, delightfully sweet flavor. Easily the equal of the French strain from which it was grown.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; ¼ lb. \$3.10

Celeriac

188 Giant Prague

(120 days) Celeriac is sometimes called turnip-rooted celery, or knob celery. The roots grow about 2 in. across and are as firm and flavorful as celery hearts. Often used in soups, salads, and dressings where it is considered superior to celery in flavor and consistency. Culture like celery except that it is much easier, since no blanching is necessary. Roots may be stored for winter use, prolonging the season for that delicious celery flavor in your cookery.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢



Celeriac

Planting Guide

For earliest celery, sow the seed thinly in the house or hot-bed in February or early March. For a late crop for fall use or winter storing, sow the seed in frames or in the open ground as early in the spring as the soil can be worked. Cover seed with no more than ¼ in. of fine soil. Keep evenly and moderately moist until the seeds sprout, which usually requires two weeks. Set plants 6 to 8 in. apart in single rows 4 ft. apart or double rows 1 ft. apart, allowing 4 ft. of space between each double row. Celery requires rich, well-manured soil and plenty of moisture for best results. A packet of seed will provide about 400 plants; one oz. about 7,500 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre.

WM. HENRY MAULE, SEEDSMAN

Cucumbers



*National
Pickling*

*Straight
Eight*

*Davis
Perfect*

*Maule's
Improved
Long Green*

*Green
Prolific
or Boston
Pickling*

260 National Pickling *

Heavy yielder (55 days)

Its remarkable solidity will recommend it to everyone, and it is just as firm and crisp after pickling as before. Early, heavy producer, and valuable for pickling in the small sizes or for slicing when large. Fruits are straight, symmetrical, rather blunt at each end but not chunky. Color is always dark green. Wonderfully even in growth, so that a great number of fruits can be picked at one time. Fully grown cucumbers measure 7 in. long and 3 in. thick.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60; lb. \$3.00

247 Straight Eight *

Gold medal winner (58 days)

The straight symmetrical fruits grow 8 in. long and about 2¼ in. thick. When ready for use, they are rich dark green, well rounded at the ends and do not show any of the striping so objectionable at the tips. A good producer, an ideal shipper, attractive in appearance, high in quality, one of the best for slicing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. 95¢; ½ lb. \$1.80; lb. \$3.50

246 Davis Perfect

(58 days) Introduced by Maule in 1906. Ideal for shape, color and quality, and just about perfect for size. It retains its rich, dark green color long after picking; in fact, it greatly resembles the handsome, large hot-house cucumbers offered at high prices in all the better markets. Vigorous, sturdy, productive vines bear an abundance of large fruits, 10 in. in length, 2½ in. in diameter and somewhat tapered at each end. Flesh is crisp and of the most delicate flavor. Contains few seeds.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

262 Heinz Pickling

(57 days) When small, fruits are of the ideal shape and dark green color which show up so well when bottled. The young fruits at pickling size are very freely and prominently warted, making a distinctly superior appearance for small pickles. If left to grow for slicing, fruits are of uniform size, about 6 in. long and 2 in. thick. A heavy yielder, with fruits that are smooth and crisp when full sized.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60

257 Maule's Improved Long Green *

Long, dark green fruits; pure white, solid flesh (65 days)

Fruits are dark green, from 10 to 12 in. long, 3 in. across, straight, tapering gradually toward the stem end. They are more slender and show less warting or irregularities on the surface than the common Long Green. Flesh is white, firm and crisp. When very young the fruits are used for pickling, but they rapidly reach their full size, and are then used for slicing. Of all the long varieties this has been the most consistent favorite for over 100 years.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.70; lb. \$3.10

252 Maule's Early White Spine

(58 days) An extra fine improved type of this famous old variety. Fruits are used for pickling when small and for slicing when large. They attain a length of 7 to 8 in., becoming quite plump toward maturity. The vines are very productive.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60

256 Green Prolific or Boston Pickling

(55 days) Fruit moderately short and plump when mature, and suitable for slicing. Its principal use, however, is for pickling, and it has a long, gentle taper toward the tip which, together with a dark green color, is its identifying characteristic.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

253 A and C *

Unusually attractive; shipping type (62 days)

The beautiful, straight, cylindrical fruits are about 10 in. long and 2¼ in. thick, well rounded at the ends, and dark green over all. This dense green color remains long after picking, making the fruits especially suitable for delayed use. A relatively new variety, A and C has quickly assumed a leading position because it overcomes many of the faults common to ordinary cucumbers, particularly the undesirable flaw of sharp tapering at the stem end of the fruit. Vines are robust and remain productive over a long harvesting season.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.05; ½ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75

267 Marketer

(66 days) *All-America Bronze Medal Winner.* A new slicing type cucumber given a high award by the All-America judges. Vines are prolific, and the fruits are ideal according to modern standards. They are 8 in. long, slender, smooth, and very dark green, with thick flesh and a small seed cavity. Give this variety ample fertility and moisture, and its quality will surpass anything you can buy.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.05; ½ lb. \$2.00; lb. \$3.75

261 Chicago Pickling

(56 days) Developed in the Chicago area, this variety is one of the leading pickle types, and is especially desirable for making dill pickles. Fruits are dark green and become 6 in. long and 2 in. thick. Also used for slicing. Flesh is crisp and of good flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

274 Mixed Cucumbers

(55 to 65 days) An excellent opportunity for the home gardener to obtain a wide assortment of both slicing and pickling varieties without having to purchase each kind separately.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

Planting Guide

Sow the seed after all danger of frost is over to supply fruits for summer use and another sowing in late June or early July for pickles and late cucumbers. Plant in hills 4 or 5 ft. apart, placing 8 to 10 seeds in each hill and cover with ½ in. of fine soil. When plants are 6 in. tall, thin to 3 or 4 plants in a hill. Succeed best in a light, well-drained soil. A packet is enough for 15 hills; one oz. for 75 hills; 2 to 3 lbs. for an acre.

259 Burpee Hybrid Cucumber*

A remarkable breeding achievement; resists disease (60 days)

Many thousands of gardeners tried this revolutionary new hybrid last year, and their enthusiasm easily matches our own. The disease resistance of the vines, particularly against mosaic and downy mildew, is so great as to be unbelievable to anyone who hasn't seen them in comparison with ordinary varieties. This hybrid is produced from inbred lines like hybrid corn and shows the same vigor and high yield advantages as corn hybrids. The result is even more outstanding because this cucumber often makes a crop when other varieties are a total failure, and it frequently makes anywhere from double to quadruple the crop of any other strain. The vines are extremely vigorous, large leaved, and dark green, so distinctive that you can tell them at a glance from other kinds. The fruits are dark green, 8 in. long, 2¼ in. thick, and of high quality slicing type. No gardener, regardless of his previous experiences, can afford to overlook this new hybrid. From Canada to Florida and coast to coast, it is absolutely the best we've ever seen.

Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢; ½ oz. \$2.75; oz. \$5.00

254 Maule's Earliest Black Diamond

It stays green longer than others (56 days)

This excellent white spine cucumber is adapted to all sections and all soils, and we highly recommend it to both small and large growers. Whether used for pickling when small or for slicing when fully grown, it is considered the best by the majority of gardeners. The cylindrical fruits grow 7 to 8 in. long, 2½ in. thick, and retain their dark green color for a very long time after picking. Firm, white flesh of the finest quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 65¢; ½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.20

266 Everbearing

Particularly desirable for small pickles. Prolific (55 days)

A general favorite because if picked regularly it goes on bearing throughout the entire season. The fruits may be used at any stage of their development. When fully matured, they are about 4½ in. long and 2 in. thick, and a medium green color.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 65¢; ½ lb. \$1.15; lb. \$2.10

Maule's Earliest
Black Diamond

Everbearing

A and C Cucumber

Burpee
Hybrid
Cucumber



Extra Curled Cress

Cress

Cress is full of zest and excitement. It is peppery, lively, and the best savior of dull sandwiches and flat salads. Sow thinly in rows 1½ ft. apart; cover ¼ in. deep.

240 Upland Cress

(50 days) Resembles Water Cress except that it is planted on dry land and is extremely easy to grow. More pungent and stronger flavored than Extra Curled Cress but with wider, smoother leaves, it has the advantage of standing all summer without going to seed. In spring and late summer.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.35

238 Extra Curled Cress

(40 days) Looks like parsley, and makes a fine garnish as well as a peppery addition to many dishes. Grows rapidly. Sow very early in spring, plant successions until mid-May, and again beginning in August.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. \$1.50

242 Water Cress

(50 days) Available for the first time since 1941. Can be grown in any shady spot by making frequent waterings, but does best planted in shallow, running, fresh water, as near a spring. Start the seed in pots placed in a pan of water, and transplant to the edge of the stream. Perennial.

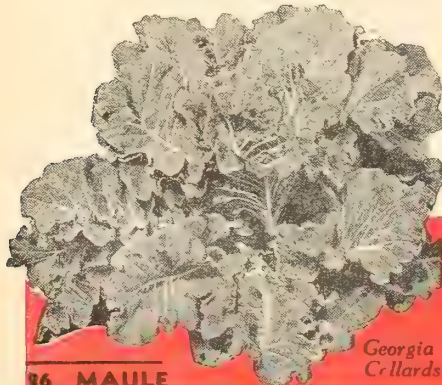
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.80

Collards

201 True Georgia

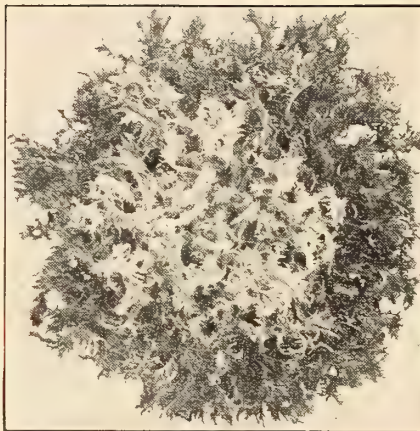
(80 days) Closely related to cabbage, but does not form heads. The tender, flavorful leaves are used for greens, and harvesting continues from mid-summer until some time after the first frost. Plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall, and seed should be sown ¼ in. deep in rows 3 ft. apart. Thin plants to stand 2 ft. apart in the row.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢



Georgia Collards

Endive



Green Curled Endive

For early use sow in the open ground in April; for main crop, sow in June or July in rows 18 to 24 in. apart. Cover seed 1 in. deep. Thin plants to stand 1 ft. apart in the row. When nearly full grown, the endive is blanched by drawing the outer leaves together over the center and tying them, or blanch by laying a board upon the plant. Use a packet to 25 ft. of row; an oz. to 100 ft.; 4 lbs. per acre.

286 Deep Heart*

(85 days) This popular salad plant has large, thick, dark green leaves with curled edges. Forms a compact head which blanches to a light yellow. Hearts are large and mild. Added to a salad or used as garnish it always enlivens the appetite with its piquancy.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.70

284 Green Curled

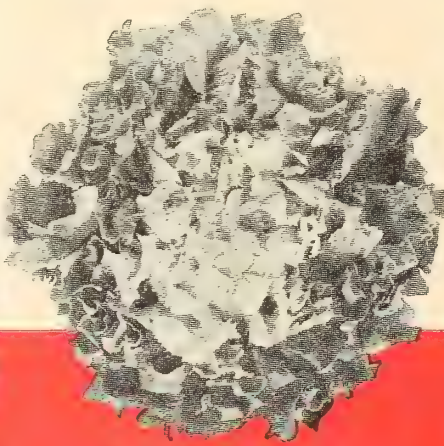
(85 days) The finely cut leaves are a rich green color; when blanched, they become a beautiful creamy white, crisp, and pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40

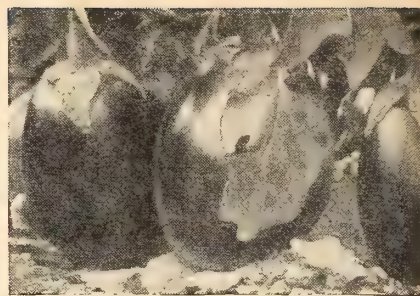
287 Broad Leaved Batavian

(90 days) Also called Escarolle. Large, broad leaves, forming enormous, well-rounded heads often measuring 16 in. across.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10



Deep Heart Endive



New Hampshire Egg Plant

Egg Plant

A rich, sandy, warm soil produces the best plants and yields the highest number of fruits. Seed should be started indoors in boxes or small pots some time during February. Do not cover seed with more than ½ in. of soil. Keep moderately warm until the plants are ready for setting out. A packet should produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 2,000 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants.

282 Black Beauty

(73 days) Produces fruits that grow to really enormous size, but may be used while still quite small. When fully developed, they weigh 2 to 3 lbs. each, are a glossy, uniform, black-purple with no lighter or greenish spots on any part; blunt and broad at blossom end.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.70

279 New Hampshire*

(60 days) The very heavy yield and well-colored fruits make it an outstanding variety everywhere, even in competition with later strains. The purple fruits are medium size, two weeks ahead of other varieties, and mostly pear shaped or round.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.20

277 Maule's Excelsior

(80 days) The favorite with many growers because of its blight resistance and endurance in drouth and bad weather. The dark purple fruits are of large size and even, oval shape, and are easily packed for shipping. They are borne well above the ground on strong, upright plants. Where earliness is not the primary consideration, Excelsior holds highest favor.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

Dandelion

275 Large Leaved

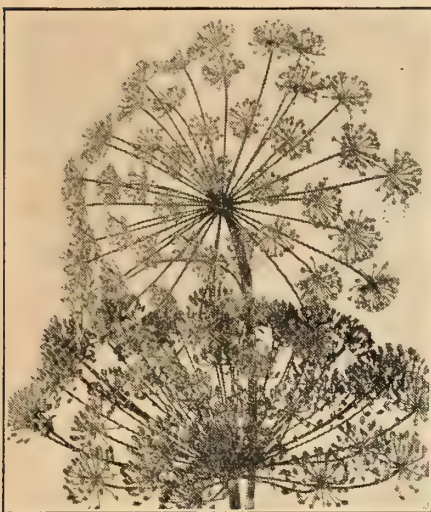
(60 days) A quick growing perennial with large, broad, thick, dark green leaves which make delicious greens. A special strain far superior to wild dandelions. Sow in early spring or late summer in rows 12 to 18 in. apart; thin plants to stand from 2 to 4 in. apart.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 95¢; ¼ lb. \$2.75



Large Leaved Dandelion

Herbs



Dill

Nothing can change drab meals and undistinguished cookery to exciting and inspired artistry so readily as the discreet use of herbs. The average packet sows 25 ft.; an oz. about 200 ft.

	Pkt.	1/2 oz.	Oz.
732 Anise —tantalizing flavor...	15¢	40¢	75¢
777 Borage —a leaf in wine brings happiness.....	10¢	40¢	75¢
742 Caraway —(biennial).....	10¢	40¢	75¢
744 Catnip —(perennial).....	15¢	40¢	75¢
745 Chives —(perennial).....	15¢	45¢	85¢
746 Coriander —flavors sausage or candy.....	10¢	30¢	55¢
750 Dill —(1/4 lb. 60¢).....	10¢	15¢	25¢
733 Florence Fennel —anise flavored bulb and seed.....	10¢	25¢	45¢
754 Horehound —(perennial).....	20¢	60¢	\$1.15
756 Lavender —(perennial).....	25¢	\$1.75	\$3.00
770 Sage —seasons dressings (perennial).....	15¢	60¢	\$1.00
772 Summer Savory —excellent with meats.....	15¢	40¢	75¢
736 Sweet Basil —best all round kitchen herb.....	15¢	45¢	85¢
758 Sweet Marjoram —very aromatic.....	20¢	90¢	\$1.60
778 Thyme —stout flavor for meats (perennial).....	25¢	85¢	\$1.50

Four Popular Kitchen Herbs

Four most popular herbs—a bargain collection
Dill—Summer Savory—Sage and Sweet Basil

3185—4 Pkts. (1 of each, value 55¢) for 35¢



Sage

Horse Radish

69B84 Maliner Kren (Roots)

Matures very quickly and has pure white flesh. Horse Radish is grown from small pieces of young roots. Set them 15 to 18 in. apart in an upright position, thick end up, with the tops about 2 in. below the surface, in rows 2 to 4 ft. apart. Harvesting should wait until fall, since the roots attain their greatest size in cool weather. Mature roots may remain in the garden all winter or until needed. Volunteers readily spring from side roots left in the ground.

6 for 45¢; 12 for 80¢;
25 for \$1.60; 50 for \$3.00;
100 for \$5.50



Maliner Kren Horse Radish

Kohl-Rabi

A large bulb is produced on the stem which is used when young, about 2 in. across, making a delicious vegetable with the combined flavor of both cabbage and turnip. Sow thinly in early spring in rows 12 to 18 in. apart. Cover 1/4 in. deep. Thin the plants to stand 6 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 40 ft. of row; an oz. 200 ft.

310 Improved Imperial *

(60 days) Pale green skin, white flesh. When peeled and eaten raw, it has the crispness of a celery heart. When cooked, it is tender and delicately flavored.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.40

312 Early Purple Vienna

(60 days) Light purple skin and pure white flesh. Good to eat raw, since it is crisp and mild flavored. Very excellent appearance.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.25



Improved Imperial Kohl-Rabi

Kale

One of the choicest vegetables for boiling greens and certainly unlike all others. Plants will withstand considerable frost, which seems to improve the flavor. In most sections of the country they live nearly all winter. Sow seed in July and thin to 12 in. apart in rows 24 to 36 in. apart. A packet produces about 300 plants; an oz. 3,000 plants; 1/4 lb. for an acre.

305 Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch *

Very tightly curled leaves (55 days)

Very early and very hardy, low-growing, compact plants with densely curled, dark green leaves making admirable greens. Plants seldom grow more than 18 in. tall. A most satisfactory, long-standing plant. Never bolts to seed prematurely.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. 60¢;
1/2 lb. \$1.60; lb. \$3.00

304 Hardy Dwarf Siberian

Healthful greens during the winter (60 days)

An extremely hardy, dwarf, spreading kale with broad, thick leaves of a grayish green color and slightly curled at the edges. Better than capsules or pills, kale is an unusually fine source of vitamins A, B₁, B₂, and C—and tastes good besides!

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; 1/4 lb. 75¢;
1/2 lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.00



Dwarf Blue Curled Scotch Kale

Lettuce

Loose leaf Type

344 Black-Seeded Simpson *

The best cut-and-come-again leaf lettuce (45 days)

Widely grown loose leaf or cutting lettuce with broad, light green, frilled and crumpled outer leaves; the center leaves blanch almost white. Growth is rapid and the quality of the crisp, tender leaves is excellent. Withstands heat and drouth better than heading varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

*Black-Seeded
Simpson*

342 Grand Rapids

(45 days) The easiest to grow of all lettuces. Forms a large bunch of intensely fringed and curled leaves which are exceedingly tender, crisp, and sweet. Grows equally well during the spring, summer, and fall. Make succession plantings.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢;
½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

326 Early Prize Head

(45 days) Forms large, tender, crisp, loose bunches of bright green, attractively curled and crimped leaves, the outer ones having an overlay of brownish red. They have a decidedly sweet flavor. Belongs in this loose leaf class with Black-Seeded Simpson and Grand Rapids.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 55¢;
½ lb. \$1.00; lb. \$1.90

327 Deer Tongue

(80 days) Compact, semi-headed plants maturing after most leaf lettuce has gone to seed. Leaves are thick, dark green, savoyed, fairly long and rounded at the tip. Plants measure 12 in. across and 7 in. high. The succulence and flavor of this variety are unusual.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢;
½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60

341 Chicken Lettuce

(40 days) Will yield more food for your poultry or rabbits than any other plant you could sow for greens. After cutting, the stumps start out again, making another crop. If not cut, plants grow 4 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢;
½ lb. 95¢; lb. \$1.75; 2 lbs. \$3.40

READ ABOUT THE NEW BRONZE BEAUTY LETTUCE ON PAGE 2

*Grand
Rapids*

*White
Boston*

Butterhead Lettuce

331 Crisp-As-Ice *

(70 days) Compact, solid heads of medium size; tender and brittle. The rich green outer leaves are thick, glossy, slightly curled and overlaid with reddish brown; the yellow heart is of a delicate, buttery flavor. This is the most dependable butterhead variety.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00;
½ lb. \$1.90; lb. \$3.60

332 White Boston *

(78 days) Large, uniform, solid heads resembling Big Boston but earlier, lighter green in color and without the reddish tinge on the outer leaves. Heads are tightly folded so that the large, solid heart blanches to a bright creamy yellow; tasty, crisp and always tender. An excellent heading lettuce for all seasons and also well suited for forcing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢;
½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60

334 Big Boston

(82 days) Heads grow to a very large size; the bright green outer leaves show a slight reddish tinge at the margins. Inner leaves form a tightly folded head, buttery yellow at the heart. It is crisp, tender and has a good rich flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢;
½ lb. \$1.25; lb. \$2.10

COLLECTION

3 Choice Lettuces

Maule's Improved Hanson, Black-Seeded Simpson, Crisp-As-Ice

3135—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 35¢) for only **25¢**

Crisp-As-Ice

Crisp-head Lettuce

322 Great Lakes*

New; sure heading; free from tipburn (90 days)

This fine, new head lettuce was developed at the Michigan Agricultural Experiment Station. It surpasses all other varieties in its ability to make good heads in warm weather, being even more reliable than Imperial 44. It is phenomenal in its freedom from tipburn (blackened edges on the leaf tips, inside the head). The plants are large, vigorous, and most attractive. The heads are unusually solid, and they have the fine characteristic of holding for a considerable period if they are not cut at once.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00; ½ lb. \$3.85; lb. \$6.50

328 Maule's Improved Hanson

A crisp-head lettuce with a long service record (84 days)

Entirely free from any bitter taste; is always crisp, tender, and sweet flavored, not only in the well-blanching white heart but also in the outer leaves. Heads are large, quite broad, slightly flattened, the outer leaves being bright green. Its reliability is widely recognized.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. \$1.40; lb. \$2.60

323 Iceberg

(83 days) The original Iceberg as offered here makes large, handsome heads of light green curled leaves with reddish tinged edges; hearts are crisp, tender, silvery white and of good quality. Must not be confused with the familiar New York type commonly called Iceberg by shippers and merchants.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75

329 New York 515

(80 days) A little earlier than New York 12, which it resembles in general appearance. The large heads are solid, bright green in color, bleach to a beautiful white; always crisp, juicy and sweet. New York 515 has been bred for resistance to tipburn and will stand hot weather better than others of the New York type. It also makes wonderful heads in the fall from late summer sowings. This is a strain of New York (commonly called Iceberg by shippers) which is very successful for most gardeners. It is the most popular of the New York group.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75; lb. \$3.25

333 New York 12

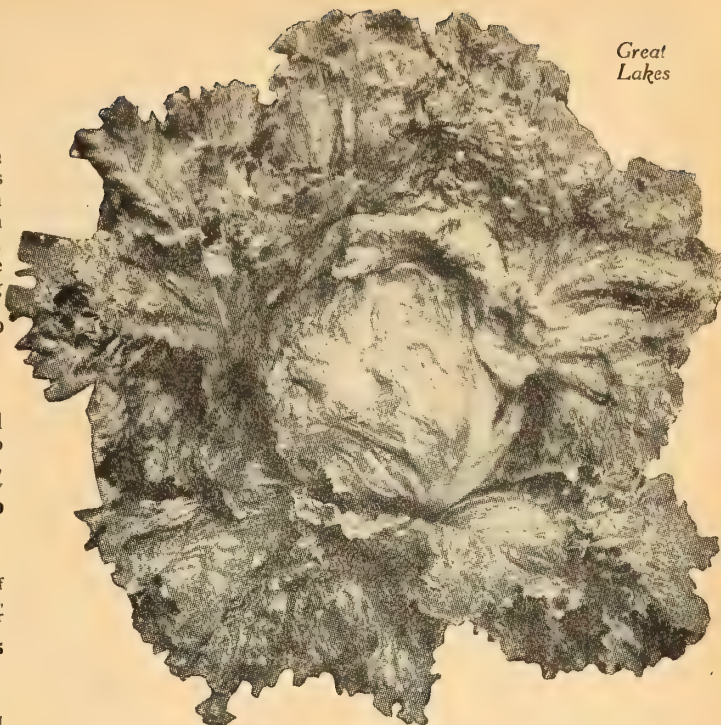
(82 days) On rich soil the heads grow very large, 10 to 12 in. across, almost round, and solid as a cabbage. Outer leaves are dark green; inner leaves are tightly folded, well blanched to a beautiful silvery white, crisp, sweet, and tender. Widely adapted for early spring and fall growing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75

345 New York or Wonderful

(83 days) A widely used lettuce, commonly called Iceberg. The solid, compact heads well grown in rich soil often measure 1 ft. across and are very heavy; outer leaves are deep green, heart blanches to a beautiful pure white, tasty, crisp, and deliciously flavored. We do not recommend it for forcing.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00



Great
Lakes

321 Imperial 456*

Newest and best of the Imperial series (90 days)

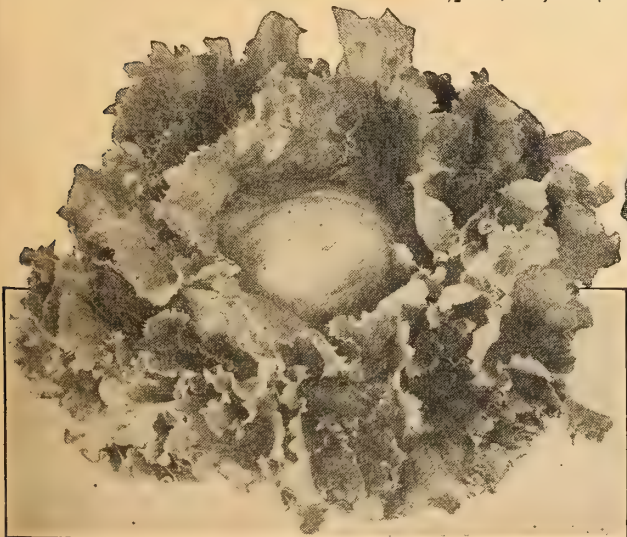
This variety has been the best head lettuce in our trials for the past two years. This is very significant, because one year the weather was poor, and the other year it was ideal. All varieties make heads in an ideal year, but Imperial 456 holds longer and has more perfect uniformity than any other. Heads medium size, extremely crisp, and wholly free from tipburn.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25; ½ lb. \$4.00; lb. \$7.00

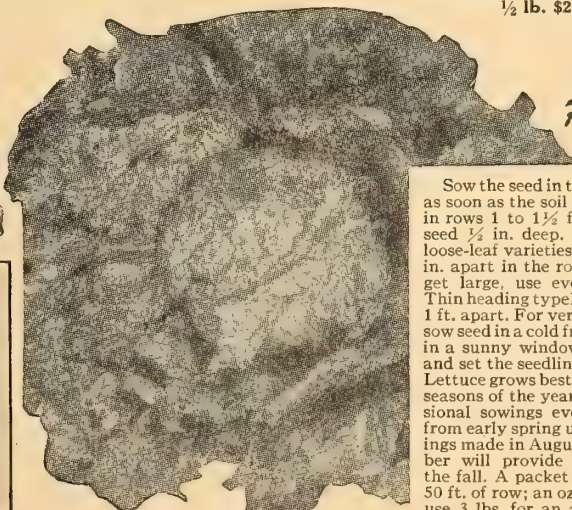
320 Imperial 44*

(80 days) Relatively new, this variety has won friends where heat is a hazard. It has strong competition from the more recent introductions, Imperial 456 and Great Lakes, but its large, solid, slightly flattened heads are hard to beat for crispness and all-round goodness. First-rate, big market type anyone can grow.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25; ½ lb. \$2.25; lb. \$4.25



Imperial 456



Imperial 44

Planting Guide

Sow the seed in the open ground as soon as the soil can be worked, in rows 1 to 1½ ft. apart; cover seed ¼ in. deep. Thin plants of loose-leaf varieties to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row and, as they get large, use every other one. Thin heading type lettuce to stand 1 ft. apart. For very early lettuce, sow seed in a cold frame or in a box in a sunny window in February, and set the seedlings out in April. Lettuce grows best during the cool seasons of the year. Make successive sowings every two weeks from early spring until June; sowings made in August and September will provide lettuce during the fall. A packet will sow about 50 ft. of row; an oz. about 200 ft.; use 3 lbs. for an acre. For additional information ask for leaflet A9.

Okra



Clemson Spineless Okra

Okra pods are used for thickening and flavoring soups, stews, catsup and other relishes. They are also used as a vegetable when the pods are young. The pods develop very rapidly, and should be picked regularly as they appear for best quality and to lengthen the producing season. Sow in May and June, after the ground is warm, in rows 3 ft. apart; cover the seed with about 1 in. of soil; thin young plants to stand 18 in. apart in the row. Use a packet for 15 ft. of row; an ounce for 50 ft.; 8 lbs. for an acre.

435 Clemson Spineless ✕

(56 days) Similar to Perkins Long Green in type of fruit and habit of growth, but pods are absolutely without spines and, therefore, easier to pick. Pods are 7 to 9 in. long, 1 in. in diameter, only slightly grooved, and of fine quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢

431 Perkins Long Green

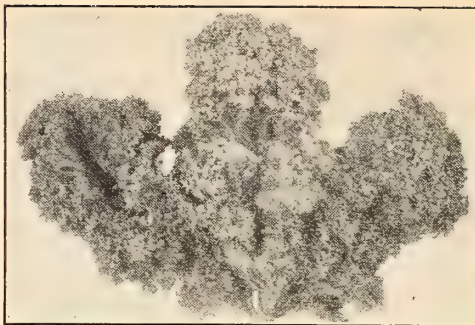
(60 days) Dark green, straight, slender, pointed pods 7½ in. long; plants grow 4 to 5 ft. tall. The pods are tender and hold their color exceptionally well. This variety is most frequently used in soups by canners.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 40¢

432 Louisiana Green Velvet

(58 days) New, high yielding, uniform, spineless variety developed by the Louisiana Agricultural Experiment Station. Pods grow 6 to 7 in. long and ½ to ¾ in. in diameter, smooth, and green. Holds color very well and does not break down in cooking.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢



Southern Giant Curled Mustard

Mustard

Sow seed broadcast or in rows 1 to 1½ ft. apart and thin young plants to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row. Matures quickly; successional sowings should be made for a continuous supply of healthful greens. A packet will sow about 50 ft. of row; an oz., 200 ft.

421 Southern Giant Curled

(40 days) Large, light green leaves with intensely curled edges. Plants are upright or slightly spreading in growth, hardy and productive. Mild flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 85¢

424 Tendergreen

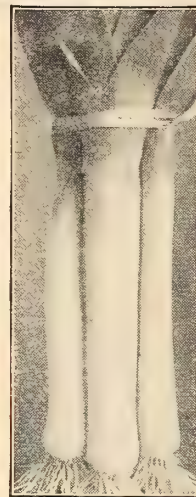
(30 days) A mild spinach mustard of Oriental origin. Produces broad, flat, smooth, rounded leaves in spray form. Can be used like spinach when cut about 5 in. long, or used like turnip greens.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10



Tendergreen Mustard

Leek



Giant Italian Leek

Sow seed in early spring in rows 12 to 18 in. apart and cover ½ in. deep. Thin plants to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in rows. Draw earth up around plants when cultivating to blanch as you would celery. A packet will sow 25 ft. of row; an ounce, 200 ft.

313 Giant Italian

Mild onion flavor (85 days)

Stems are long, thick, and after blanching are pure white, tender, and more delicate in flavor than the mildest onion. For soups, stews or finely sliced in mixed salads. The stalks are also prepared and served like asparagus. Responds very well to fertilizer.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 55¢; oz. 95¢; ¼ lb. \$2.40

Mushrooms — a first class delicacy

69B68

Pure Culture Spawn

One package spawns 10 sq. ft. of bed

If proper spawning conditions are available, mushrooms are easy to raise. The crop may be harvested continuously over a period of two to four months. Temperature must always remain between 50° and 63°, and fresh horse manure must be available. Inexperienced growers should write for our free leaflet on mushroom culture. A copy of this leaflet is included with each package of spawn.

Pkg. 50¢; 3 pkgs. \$1.40; 12 pkgs. \$4.80



Mushroom culture: Mushroom growing is simple but exact, and with the proper care heavy and profitable yields are obtained. Many of our customers make money by growing them for restaurants, hotels, stores, or private trade. They can be grown in cellars, sheds, under greenhouse benches, small caves, etc. Mushrooms produce no seed, but instead a

white, fibrous substance called spawn, which we furnish concentrated on tobacco stems. Our stock is always fresh, pure culture, and selected with the utmost care to insure a crop of pure white mushrooms of perfect uniformity for color, size, and shape. Fresh horse manure, unvaried temperature, and controlled moisture are the chief essentials for success.

371 Maule's Perfection ✱

The overwhelming first choice of Maule customers since 1884 (92 days)

Maule's Perfection is the best muskmelon we've ever seen, and its steady leadership for the past 60 years shows that our customers think so, too. You'll seldom see it offered on the market because it isn't a shipping type melon. It's too big and too tender. But, while its size and its ability to ripen clear out to the skin are the things that keep it from shipping well, they are the very qualities that make it so attractive to you folks who pick them dead ripe right off the vine. Perfection fruits average about 6 lbs., which is twice as big as Hale's Best. There are records of fruits weighing very much more. Best of all, its thick, juicy, salmon-orange flesh is so sweet and perfectly satisfying that other kinds compared with it taste either flat or unpleasantly musky.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 40¢; ¼ lb. \$1.20; ½ lb. \$2.25

364 Pride of Wisconsin ✱

You will call it your Pride, too (90 days)

In our melon patch the best strains disappear most rapidly. Maule's Perfection is gone first, and then Pride of Wisconsin is "tested" to extinction. This Wisconsin variety is relatively new, but it's certainly important. It is almost round, well netted, thick fleshed, and flavored with an ideal balance of sweetness, spice, and aroma. It weighs 3½ to 4 lbs., has orange flesh, and easily carries long distances.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75

Pride of Wisconsin



357 Hearts of Gold

(90 days) Melons are of medium size, almost round, about 5 in. thick, heavily netted, and weigh about 2 lbs. each. The deep orange flesh is sweet flavored, very thick, and ripens close to the rind; small seed cavity. The rind is tough, making it a good shipper.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢;
¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75

350 Lake Champlain

(80 days) Very early. Melons are almost round, medium size, well netted, and moderately ribbed. The thick, golden orange flesh is sweet and melting. The most popular extra early melon because it combines good size and flavor with early maturity.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40

347 Rocky Ford

(89 days) Melons are oval, finely netted, and of a size that makes them ideal for serving in halves. Flesh is luscious, green, sweet, very thick, firm, and ripens close to the rind.

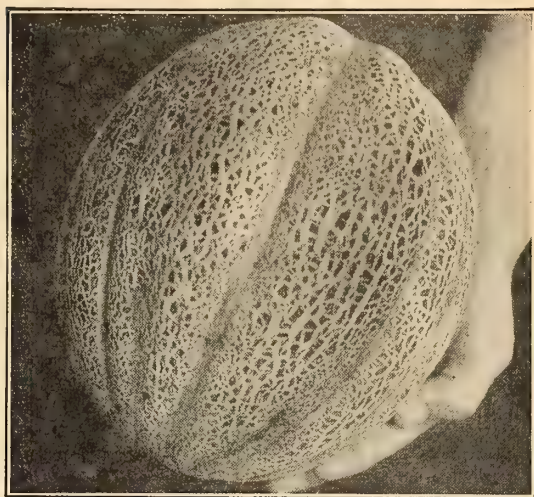
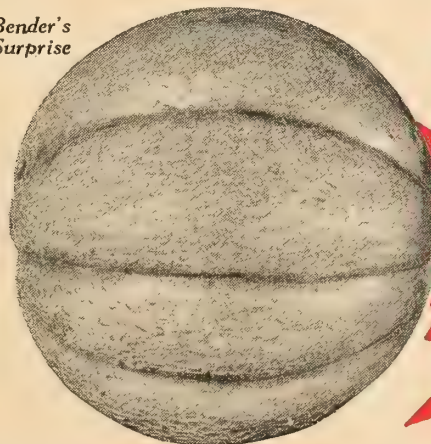
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.40

360 Honey Rock

(86 days) Deeply colored salmon flesh and singular sweetness and flavor. This melon, sometimes called Sugar Rock, is nearly round, weighs about 3 lbs., and is one of the earliest types. The ripe fruits have yellow skin with heavy gray netting. The smooth texture of the flesh combined with fine flavor create a high quality fruit.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢;
¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60

Bender's Surprise



Maule's Perfection

Planting Guide

A rich, warm, sandy soil is the ideal; melons respond well to fertilizer. Sow the seed when the ground has become warm, placing 8 to 10 seeds in slightly raised hills. Place hills 4 to 6 ft. apart, and thin to 4 plants per hill. Cover the seed 1 in. deep. A packet plants 15 hills; an ounce 60 hills. Keep up shallow cultivation as long as possible. Treatment with safe, effective Arasan is now made on all melon seeds sold by Maule. This protects your plantings from seedling diseases, insuring more plants, greater vigor, and more melons for you.

368 Hale's Best ✱

(87 days) The earliest melon of the Rocky Ford type. The bright salmon-orange flesh is exceptionally thick, firm, and of such a rich flavor as to make it a favorite everywhere. Fruits are oval, about 8 by 4½ in., and heavily netted.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60

383 Banana Melon

(95 days) Unique both in flavor and type of fruit. Fruits grow 18 to 24 in. long and 4 to 5 in. thick. The melon tastes sweet and has a tantalizing aroma. Cool orange flesh color, and a texture like firmly frozen ice cream.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75

367 Bender's Surprise ✱

(95 days) Melons are large, many weighing 10 lbs. each; they are short oval in shape, distinctly ribbed, and exquisitely netted. Rind is light green turning to a gold tint when ripe. Flesh is very thick, salmon-orange, deliciously sweet, and of fine flavor; bright, firm and attractive. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.75

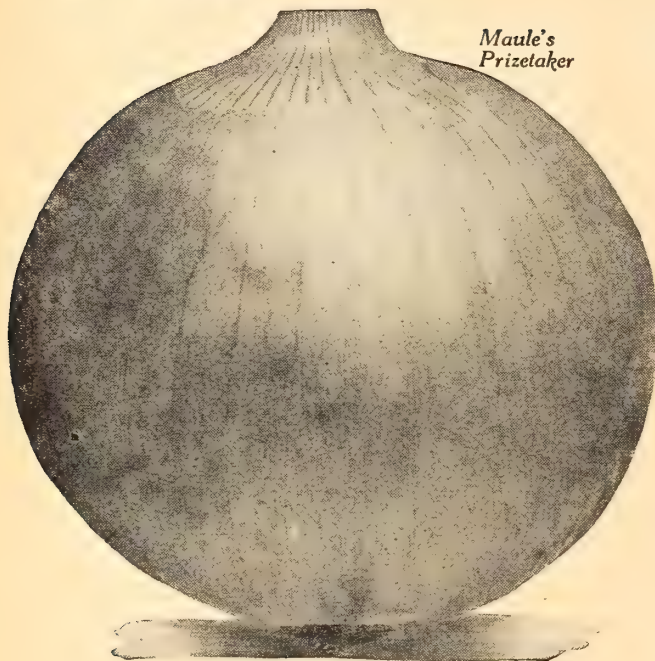
EXCLUSIVE!

As free, extra service to our customers we are now treating all melon seeds with Arasan. This treatment is a disinfectant against seed-borne diseases and a protectant against soil-borne diseases which cause seeds to rot and seedlings to damp off. You can plant earlier and with greater safety with treated seed.



Hearts of Gold

Onions



*Maule's
Prizetaker*

441 Maule's Prizetaker *

Large, attractive yellow onion of sweet, mild flavor (100 days)

A most handsome, fine flavored, extra productive, very large yellow globe onion. Bright, clear, thin, strawy yellow skin; pure white, solid, crisp, mild flesh. Grows to a uniform globe shape and has a very small neck. Ripens firm and hard, and can be depended upon to bring a good price in any market. Of even size, shape and color. Introduced by Maule in 1888, and immediately met with great popularity which has continued ever since. Not so large or bland as Sweet Spanish, but a much better keeper.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.20

448 Green Bunching

Long, white, crisp stalks (60 days to green onions)

Green Bunching stands for a long time without forming a bulb. During this



Green Bunching

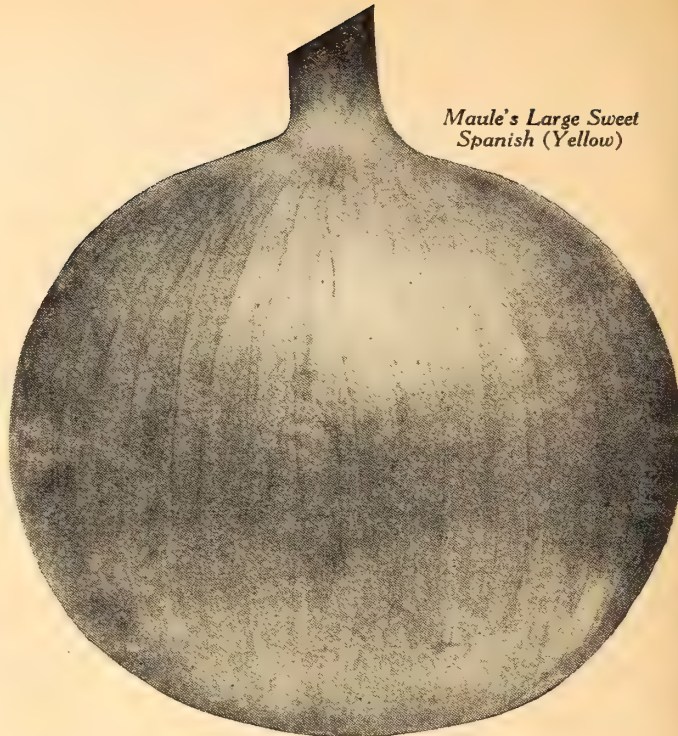
long period excellent scallion type green onions may be harvested. The flesh and skin are pure white, presenting a very attractive appearance. Allow these plants to stand very close together instead of thinning, as with regular bulbing types. This will create longer stalks and discourage bulbing. Plant this variety to extend far into the summer your supply of delicious green onions for the table.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢;
oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.40

451 Ebenezer or Japanese

Longest keeping onion

(100 days) An all-around variety with many desirable characteristics. Ebenezer is reasonably early, tops dry down quickly and completely; the outer scales are tough; its color is attractive; it yields heavily and keeps well. Sets grown from Ebenezer are of excellent color, shape and keeping quality. Onions are 2½ to 3 in. or more in diameter when well grown, flattened, yellow in color, moderately strong in flavor. Very dependable throughout the East and favorably known wherever onions are grown commercially. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 55¢; ¼ lb. \$1.70



*Maule's Large Sweet
Spanish (Yellow)*

439 Maule's Large Sweet Spanish *

Utah strain. Extra large; mild flavor; yellow (112 days)

This onion is now the most popular of all varieties, and it has gained its place for two reasons: great size and extreme mildness. It has light yellow skin, crystal white flesh, and is often used raw because of its sweet, bland flavor. When properly dried, it keeps for several months. Resists thrips.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

438 Maule's White Sweet Spanish

Utah strain. Large and mild flavored (110 days)

All the outstanding features of the above Large Yellow Sweet Spanish will be found in this onion, but the flesh and the outer skin are both pure white. Large size, mild flavor, and handsome appearance combine to make this a most valuable onion.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

SPECIAL COLLECTION

Three Favorite Onion Varieties

Prizetaker . . . White Portugal . . . Early Yellow Globe

3170—3 Packets (one of each, value 35¢) for only 25¢

452 Early Yellow Globe

Choice strain. 10 days earlier than Yellow Globe Danvers (100 days)

One of the best and earliest globe-shaped onions; beautiful deep yellow skin and clear white flesh. The skin is thick and tight, which makes the onions less susceptible to damage through handling and it also helps to keep them better over winter in storage. An enormous cropper and an especially fine variety for growing on mucklands.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25

436 Maule's Large Red Wethersfield

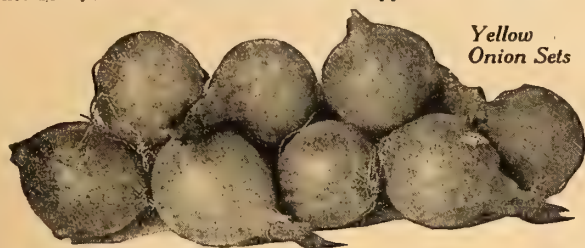
A fine red onion with good, pungent flavor (110 days)

Solid, decidedly flattened, and very large around. Skin is deep purplish red; flesh is white, tinged with pinkish rose near the skin. Beautiful for garnishing and salads, well flavored, moderately pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00

ONION and GARLIC SETS

Maule supplies the highest quality onion sets available. The bulbs are large, plump, and in first-class condition. If your sets arrive during cold weather, we suggest that you examine them immediately upon arrival to see if they have been frozen in transit. Onions and garlic are fairly resistant to freezing, and if they are thawed slowly and kept in a cool, well-ventilated place until planting time, light freezing in shipment need not be injurious. **Onion sets cannot be shipped to California.**



*Yellow
Onion Sets*

69B76 Yellow Skinned Sets

The finest quality sets available on the market. These bulbs produce mature onions long ahead of plantings from seed. Green onions are available in a few weeks, and the crop is useful continuously through maturity. The ripe bulbs are excellent keepers, excelling the white sets in this respect. It's easy to grow onions from these fine sets.

Lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.50

69B72 White Silver Skin Sets

Without equal for flavor and clean whiteness. Green onions are ready very quickly. The plants then reach the pickling onion stage (about 1 in. thick). The bulbs mature well ahead of seed plantings and are white, firm, well flavored and slightly flattened in shape.

Lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75

69B64 Garlic Sets

Extra select California-grown sets; large, pure white (150 days)

The pear-shaped bulbs have a strong, pungent odor, but if used in small quantities are highly esteemed for adding zest to soups, stews, sausages, salad dressings and dill pickles. The bulbs (sets) are composed of several sections or cloves, which should be separated and set in rows 1 ft. apart and 4 in. apart in the row. Cover with 1 in. of fine soil. When the tops turn yellow, take up the bulbs, dry in the shade, and store in a cool, dry place away from frost. They will keep perfectly all winter.

1/2 lb. 35¢; lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.50

456 White Portugal or Silver Skin

(100 days) Really one of the most versatile varieties. It is the kind used for white onion sets; it makes the best firm, white fleshed, green onions; it is often used for pickling; and the matured flat onions keep well for some time in storage. Decidedly pungent.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.00

Planting Guide

For seed: Sow seed in rows 12 to 18 in. apart, as early in the spring as the soil can be worked. Sow thinly and cover with 1/2 in. of soil. When young plants are a few inches tall, thin out to stand about 3 to 5 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 25 ft. of row, an ounce about 200 ft. Onions are easily raised from seed and can be pulled as needed during the summer or left to become fully ripe for late fall or winter use.

For sets: Onion sets should be planted as early in the spring as the ground can be worked. Make furrows about 1 in. deep and press the onions into the surface lightly but do not cover; have the rows 12 to 18 in. apart and set the onions about 2 in. apart in the row. Green onions may be had in a few weeks. At Philadelphia, onions large enough to cook are ready in early July, and large ripe onions about the middle of July. By planting sets, onions can be produced several weeks earlier than can be had from seed. A pound of onion sets will plant a row about 50 ft. long.



White Portugal or Silver Skin

437 Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers *

The old reliable yellow globe; perfect keeper (110 days)

The onions are of deep globe shape with small necks. The skin is a bright golden yellow; the flesh is white and well flavored. Maule's Yellow Globe Danvers has been famous for many years in commercial onion growing districts for uniform shape, color and keeping qualities. Like most other onion varieties listed by Maule, this strain is designed for areas having 13 hours or more of daylight during the midsummer growing season.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.00

446 Southport Yellow Globe

True globe shape; sweet flavored; keeps remarkably well (115 days)

The most popular of the Southport type. Perfectly globe shaped, with rather full shoulder, small neck, rich yellow skin, and fine-grained, mild, creamy white flesh. Very productive and a good keeper. The most largely grown yellow market onion, and preferred by many home gardeners.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 45¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.53

445 Southport White Globe

(110 days) These onions, because of their handsome appearance and unsurpassed quality, always bring top prices in the city markets and are held in the highest esteem by home gardeners everywhere. The silvery white, globe-shaped onions have a delicious mild flavor, are firm, solid and of the highest quality.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.00

469 Yellow Bermuda

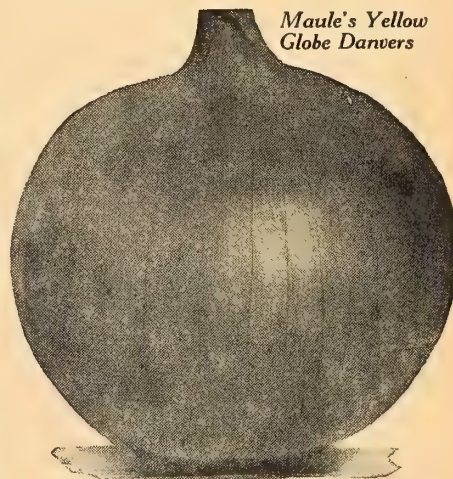
(95 days) Especially for the deep South. This variety is the mildest of all onions. It has straw yellow skin and white flesh. Not adapted north of the cotton belt, but the favorite everywhere in the South. Best results come from plantings made in September for harvesting in the early spring.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.50

470 Mixed Onion Seed

(100 to 115 days) A grand assortment of red, white and yellow onions of various shapes and maturities. Will provide onions for use all through the summer, fall and during the winter if stored.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; 1/4 lb. \$2.00



*Maule's Yellow
Globe Danvers*



*Southport
Yellow Globe*

Peas *Smooth seeded types*



Maule's Earliest of All or Alaska



Radio

488 Maule's Earliest of All (Alaska)*

The earliest and hardiest of all garden peas (54 days)

The main reliance of thousands of truckers and gardeners who wish to be first in market with new peas. Popular with canners because of the uniformity of maturity. Vines grow about 30 in. tall and produce in about 54 days a wonderful crop of medium-sized pods filled with small, round green peas of excellent flavor. Unsurpassed for extra early production combined with flavor, size of pod, prolificness, vigor and regularity of growth. Gardeners who are unable to raise any other peas because of heat or drouth find that Earliest of All solves their problem by maturing before hot weather comes. The later, wrinkled varieties may be expected to be sweeter, and under good growing conditions much higher yielding. But peas are a cool weather crop, and where the weather changes rapidly from cool spring to hot summer, Earliest of All gives the best crop insurance. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.55; 10 lbs. \$2.80

506 Maule's Radio

(58 days) Plants are exceptionally vigorous and productive, with crops generally heavier than it seems possible for so early a variety. Vines grow from 12 to 15 in. tall and are loaded with medium-sized pods which, on the average, contain 6 large, round, bright green peas. The flavor is good. The dried seed is not perfectly round, but distinctly dimpled and slightly wrinkled. Maule imported this variety from England in 1924. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

500 Mammoth Podded Extra-Early

(56 days) Relatively new and a lusty competitor in the earliest group, this variety tells its story in its title. In some areas it has proved to be even earlier than Earliest of All. The oversize 4 in. blunt pods and the 30 to 36 in. vines would be found, normally, in a much later group. Round-seeded, but tender and good quality. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

Collection

How many kinds of peas do you plant? For gardeners who are not already familiar with the advantages of planting more than one variety, as suggested in the Planting Guide, Maule assembles this collection. By planting the four varieties listed here, you provide for a longer producing season and a surer crop.

Choose the size collection you need:

Maule's Earliest of All **Little Marvel**
Dwarf Telephone **Maule's Pottlatch**

3189—4 Pkts. (1 pkt. of each, value 40¢) for **30¢**

3191—2 Lbs. (½ lb. of each, value \$1.00) for **80¢**

3193—4 Lbs. (1 lb. of each, value \$1.70) for **\$1.40**

Planting Guide for All Peas

Almost as important as the variety you plant is the speed you exercise in getting your peas from the garden to the table. Pick the pods when they're young and just before you're ready to serve them. The sweetest peas are the wrinkled-seeded varieties, but the earliest and hardiest are smooth-seeded. Both types should be planted as early as possible in the spring. In order to have peas over a considerable period, plant a group such as the collection offered above. Then, at 10-day intervals until the 10th of May, continue to plant seed of each of those varieties. Sow again during August for a fall crop. Space the rows 2 to 2½ ft. apart for dwarf varieties; 2½ to 3 ft. apart for tall varieties. Cover the seed 1 to 2 in. deep. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; a pound 100 ft. Varieties growing more than 2 ft. tall do better if staked up or otherwise supported.

Edible Podded Peas

When pods are young and peas are beginning to form, they are prepared and cooked like snap beans. They taste like fresh green peas. After the young pods have developed they may be shelled and cooked like other peas.

508 Giant Butter*

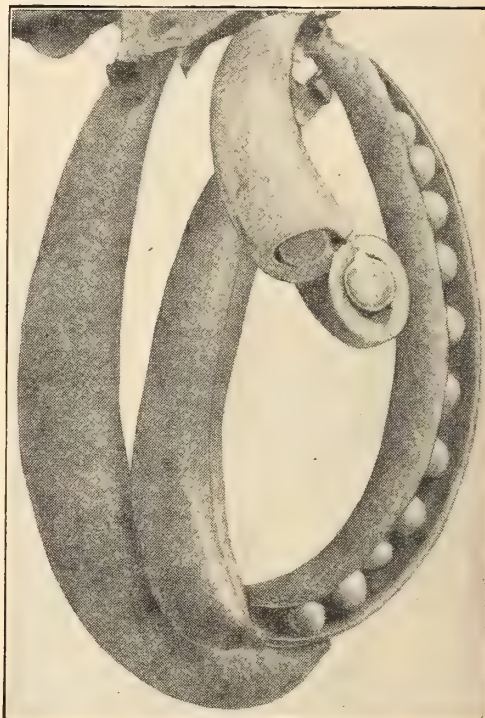
(72 days) An entirely different type of edible podded pea, possessing the tenderness and fleshy qualities of a snap bean. The curved, semi-round pods are 6 to 7 in. long, very meaty and free from fiber or toughness. The pod is edible until the peas are fully formed and can therefore be used at almost any stage of growth. Vines are sturdy and grow from 4 to 5 ft. tall. Wrinkled cream and green colored seeds; white flowers. Support of string or brush should be provided. Pkt. 15¢; ½ lb. 30¢; lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.10; 10 lbs. \$3.65

524 Maule's Giant Sugar-Pod

(70 days) Vines are well branched and make a vigorous growth about 3½ ft. tall; they carry an immense crop of large, flat, bright green paired pods 6 in. long and about 1¼ in. broad. They are of the most luscious flavor. The quality of the pods is at its peak just as the peas begin to form. Grayish brown seed; purple flowers. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

525 Dwarf Gray Sugar

(66 days) Plants grow 2 ft. tall and bear an abundance of medium size, sweet and tender pods of good flavor. The dwarfest growing and earliest edible podded pea. Gray seed spotted brown; purple flowers. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.70; 10 lbs. \$2.90



Giant Butter Edible Podded Pea

You'll find that you have ample seed of most all vegetables, but watch out for peas. It takes a lot of seed to satisfy the family's appetite, and if you plan to can or freeze you'll need much more than you realize.

Luscious wrinkled seeded peas

509 Giant Laxtonian *

Very large, straight, pointed pods (62 days)

One of the largest podded of all early dwarf varieties and considered the best of its class for home or market garden. Vines are vigorous, about 18 in. tall, and produce a heavy crop of large pods, often more than 4 in. long, each containing from 8 to 10 attractive dark green peas of the choicest quality. The peas are almost double the size of other dwarf varieties. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 95¢; 5 lbs. \$2.10; 10 lbs. \$3.65

499 Blue Bantam *

(62 days) Unequaled for its combination of earliness, superb quality and unusual productiveness. The dwarf, vigorous vines average 18 in. in height and carry a very heavy crop of large, deep bluish green pods 4 in. long, with as many as 8 or even 10 peas in a pod. The green shelled peas have that same characteristic bluish tone that makes the pods so distinctive.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85; 10 lbs. \$3.25

496 Thomas Laxton

(60 days) Unsurpassed as an early, high quality, all-purpose pea. Vines grow 30 in. tall, and bear a magnificent crop of large, deep green pods which average 3½ in. in length; they are broad, straight and have square ends. Pods contain 6 to 8 large, tender, fine flavored peas. Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

507 Maule's Potlatch

(78 days) The best large-podded semi-dwarf late pea, and one of our most popular main-crop peas. Vines grow from 2 to 3 ft. tall and bear an abundance of rich green pods, 4½ in. long, each containing 8 or 9 very large, luscious peas of a sweetness and flavor that is hard to describe to those who have never tasted such huge peas fresh from the garden.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

502 Laxton's Progress

(60 days) The dwarf, vigorous vines grow about 18 in. tall and bear an enormous crop of deep bluish green pods 4 in. long, packed with extremely large, luscious, dark green peas. Unusual quality and flavor plus extra large pods make this a fine early variety.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 85¢; 5 lbs. \$1.85; 10 lbs. \$3.10

510 Little Marvel *

The home garden favorite (62 days)

The characteristic, tightly packed pods have long been familiar to gardeners. The peas are crowded together until they are almost square (see picture). Plants grow 18 in. tall and yield heavily; pods are 3 in. long and filled to capacity with 5 to 7 dark green, bursting-with-sweetness peas. This variety seems to be adapted to a wider area than any other kind except Earliest of All.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 30¢; 1 lb. 50¢; 2 lbs. 90¢; 5 lbs. \$2.00; 10 lbs. \$3.50

497 Dwarf Telephone

(73 days) The vines are exceptionally thick and strong, requiring no support although they grow over 2 ft. tall. The yield is excellent, but the extremely fine sweetness and flavor are the things that have made the variety so popular. The pods are 4 to 5 in. long, and contain 6 or more giant peas.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.70; 10 lbs. \$2.90

513 Maule's Prodigious

(75 days) Also known as Prince Edward. This excellent variety was introduced in the United States by Wm. Henry Maule in 1901, and because of its great size and fine quality it became popular immediately. Pods become 6 in. long, double the length of the ordinary pea. There are 9 to 11 large, dark green, fine flavored peas in a pod. The vine grows 5 ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢;

½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

504 Maule's World Record

(58 days) About 2½ ft. tall, with many broad, pointed pods containing 5 to 7 very large, dark green peas. Sweet and of delicious flavor. Always gives a good crop, and a special favorite in many sections. Large pods and good color make it a desirable market pea.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 20¢; 1 lb. 35¢; 2 lbs. 65¢; 5 lbs. \$1.55; 10 lbs. \$2.80

517 Maule's Telephone

(75 days) Vigorous vines grow 4 to 5 ft. tall and are heavily loaded with dark green, straight, broad and pointed pods, 4½ in. long, each containing 7 to 10 bright green peas. The length of the vine makes supports necessary, but correspondingly heavier crops are obtained on a relatively small piece of land.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

491 American Wonder

(60 days) A real dwarf of excellent value. This pea has a vine that grows only 1 ft. to 14 in. tall, and yet it is loaded with pods. These pods are straight, blunt-ended, and 3 in. long. They contain 5 to 8 tightly packed peas. The quality is superb. This is the smallest plant of all, standing sturdy in the windiest places.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 40¢; 2 lbs. 75¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00

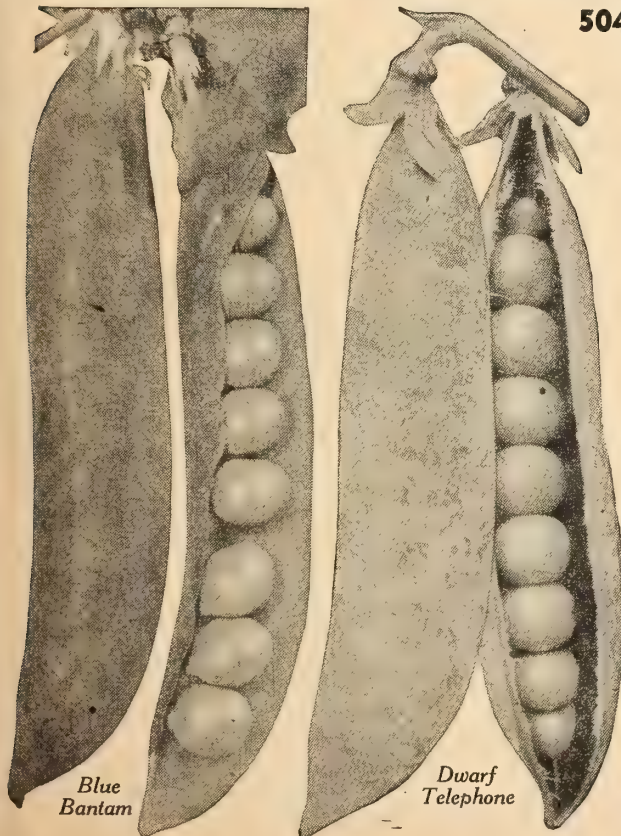
492 Nott's Excelsior

(60 days) Early, dwarf variety only 1½ ft. tall. The bright green foliage is stout and heavy. Pods are light green, 3 in. long, round and straight, with 6 or 7 round peas of choice, sweet flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ lb. 25¢; 1 lb. 45¢; 2 lbs. 80¢; 5 lbs. \$1.75; 10 lbs. \$3.00



Little Marvel



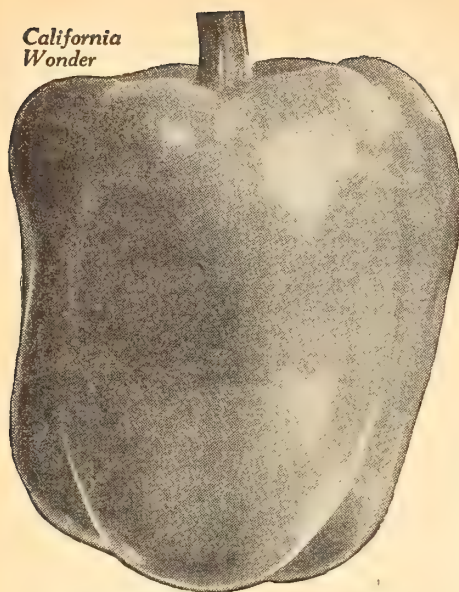
Blue Bantam

Dwarf Telephone



Giant Laxtonian

California
Wonder



546 California Wonder *

(75 days) One of the largest, 4½ in. long, 4 in. across, and unusually heavy. Flesh is mild, sweet and the thickest of all. The glossy dark green skin turns to crimson at maturity. An outstandingly favorite pepper everywhere south of New York State. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.70

532 Chinese Giant

(79 days) Very large, 5 in. or more across and fully as long, almost square, and blunt at the end. Rich, dark green, changing to a deep red when ripe. Flesh is thick, mild and sweet. Plants make a stocky, bush-like growth, 1½ ft. tall and 2 ft. across. Too late for northern states, but the biggest there is for other areas. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.70

537 King of the North

(65 days) Successful in northern gardens. Bears early and profusely; the fruits are 4 in. long, 2¾ in. across, mild and sweet. Dark green turning to red. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25

Peppers

Sweet Varieties

542 Fordhook Pepper *

All-America Bronze Medal Winner (67 days)

The fruit is blocky, just the right size and shape for stuffing, 3½ in. across and 3¾ in. long. It is nearly round in cross section, with 3 or 4 lobes, glossy dark green turning bright red when ripe. Flesh is nearly ¼ in. thick, tender, crisp and always sweet. Plants grow 15 to 18 in. tall, erect, bearing fruits upright in large clusters. This pepper is a new variety, and while it is not the largest fruited type available (Chinese Giant and California Wonder are larger), it is much earlier than these other types, and has a more uniform and better shaped fruit. It does well over a much wider area and under more difficult conditions than most other kinds.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; ¼ lb. \$3.25

552 Early Pimento *

All-America Medal Winner (65 days)

Large, top or heart shaped fruits, 3½ in. long and 2½ in. broad; very smooth and glossy, dark green turning to bright red when ripe. Flesh is thick, sweet and tender. Three weeks earlier than old strain.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; ¼ lb. \$3.25

544 Worldbeater

(73 days) Fruits grow 4½ in. long and 3½ in. across, deep green turning to glossy, rich scarlet when ripe. Its flesh is thick and has a mild, sweet flavor. Widely adapted and very productive. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

533 Maule's Ruby King

(68 days) Fruits grow 5 in. long and 3 in. across, tapering gradually from the crown; deep green turning to bright ruby-red. Flesh is quite thick, sweet and mild. Early and heavy yielding.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25

Planting Guide

Sow pepper seed in March or April in hotbed or in boxes placed in a warm window. Cover seed lightly and keep soil moist and very warm, about 80°. After all danger of frost is past, set the plants out in the open ground, in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and 18 in. apart in the rows. A packet will produce about 100 plants; an ounce about 1,500 plants; ¼ lb. for an acre. Days to maturity are from field setting of plants.

Fordhook



King
of the
North

Hot Varieties

549 Hungarian Wax *

(65 days) Quite hot and pungent but milder than the other hot types. Waxy canary-yellow changing to orange-red when ripe, 6 to 8 in. long and 1½ in. across at the largest part; tapers from stem end to a blunt point. Flesh is quite thick. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.75

535 Maule's Red Hot (77 days)

5 in. long; 1 in. thick. Red.

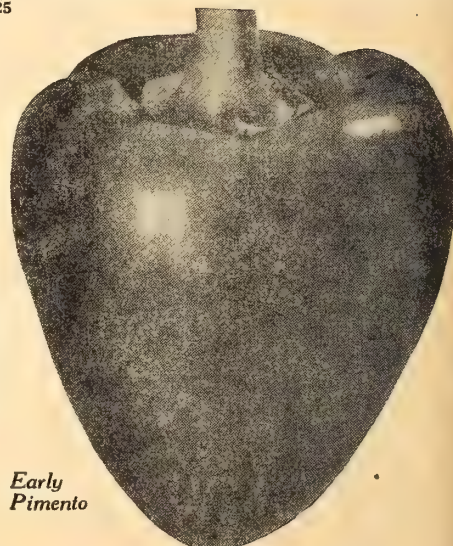
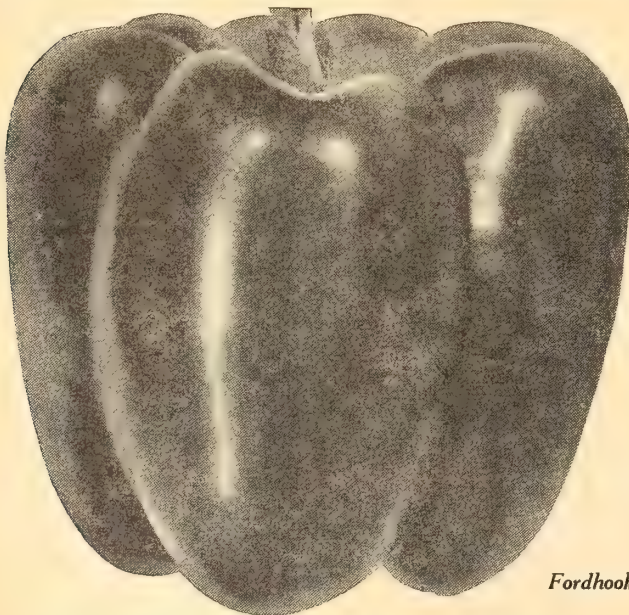
547 Long Red Cayenne (72 days)

Long, twisted fruits. Hot.

543 Small Red Chili (82 days)

1½ in. long. Very, very hot.

Any of the above three: Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50



Early
Pimento

Parsley



Paramount



Double Curled

Sow seed as early as the soil can be worked in the spring; space rows 12 to 18 in. apart, and after covering the seed with no more than $\frac{1}{2}$ in. of fine soil, gently but firmly press it down. Thin seedlings to stand 6 to 8 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 30 ft. of row; an ounce about 200 ft. Parsley seed germinates slowly.

476 Paramount ✻

Tightly curled leaves (70 days)

This parsley is superior to all other strains. The leaves are slightly darker green than Double Curled, and slightly shorter stemmed; but the curling is distinctly tighter and more uniform than the regular Double Curled. So often the garnish makes the dish just exactly right without anyone knowing how it happened. Include Paramount in your garden to make things just right.

**Pkt. 15¢; oz. 30¢;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.60**

474 Double or Moss Curled

(70 days) Plants are of semi-dwarf, compact habit, growing about 12 in. high and spreading to as much as 18 in. The leaves are finely cut and tightly curled, and are emerald green when young, becoming much darker as they grow older.

**Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.30**

Pumpkins

Plant in May or June, in hills 8 by 8 ft. apart, or drop 5 or 6 seeds in every fourth hill in the cornfield. Thin to the best 2 plants in a hill. Use 1 oz. for 25 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. are needed to plant 1 acre.

555 Small Sugar ✻

The best for pies (115 days)

The celebrated Yankee Pie Pumpkin, round and slightly flattened at the ends, lightly ribbed and grows 8 to 10 in. across. Skin is an attractive deep orange while the rich orange flesh is fine grained, sweet, thick and of extra fine flavor. It is without question the best pumpkin for general use, and is particularly excellent in pie making, since it is never coarse or stringy.

**Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.25**

560 Cheyenne Bush

(100 days) A brand new bush type pumpkin ideal for small gardens. The fruit is shaped like Small Sugar, except that it is still more miniature, ideally suited for making just two pies. The quality is superb, and it's very early maturing.

**Pkt. 15¢;
oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 90¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.50**

567 Mixed Pumpkins

(100 to 120 days) Includes all the varieties listed here plus Large Cheese, Golden Cushaw, and Green Striped Cushaw.

**Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢**



Small Sugar

557 Connecticut Field

(115 days) Large, round or slightly oval fruits with a smooth, hard, rich reddish orange skin and thick, dry, orange-yellow flesh so highly valued for making pies or canning. Vines make a vigorous growth and need ample room to spread. This pumpkin, which weighs about 25 lbs., is also grown extensively for stock feeding, often planted with corn.

**Pkt. 10¢;
oz. 20¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 90¢**

561 Hundred Weight

(120 days) A selected strain of Potiron sometimes called Jumbo because the pumpkins grow to such an enormous size. The fruits frequently attain a weight of 100 lbs. or more. In spite of its large size it is a shy seeder and among the best for table and for making pies. Skin is dark salmon and the flesh is bright yellow, fine grained, and sweet.

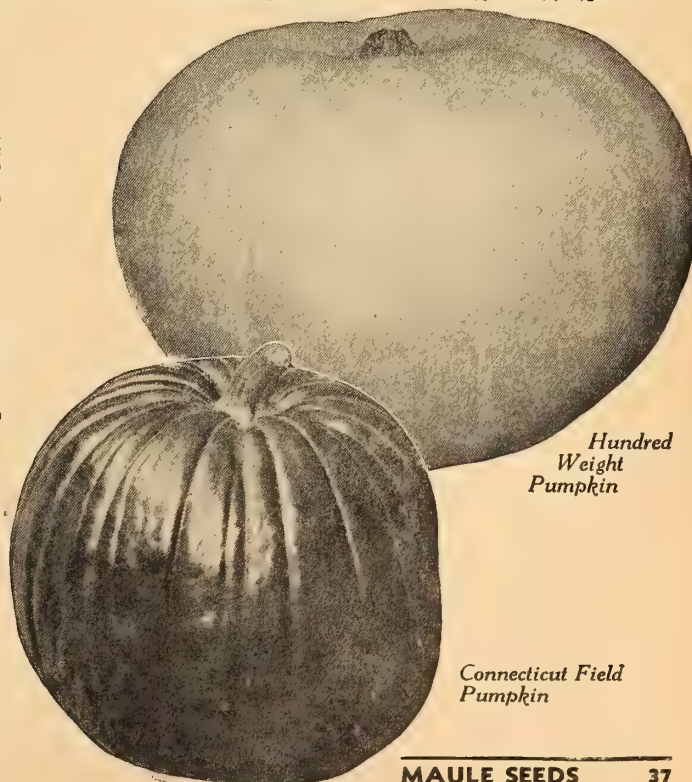
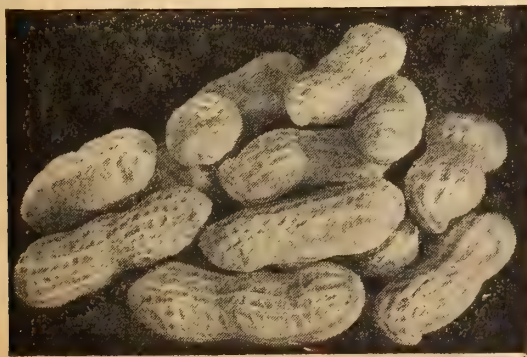
**Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
 $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 75¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. \$1.25**

Peanuts

Peanuts grow best in a warm, light or sandy soil, rich in lime. Do not plant until ground is thoroughly warm. Plant in rows $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 ft. apart; shelled nuts to be placed 8 to 10 in. apart in the rows, but if planted in the hulls, space them 16 to 18 in. apart in the row. Cover with 2 in. of soil. Cultivate and hoe freely. In the fall, before frost, dig and hang them under a shed or in an airy room to cure. A packet will sow from 15 to 25 ft. of row; a pound from 175 to 300 ft. Use 30 to 45 lbs. of seed per acre. Seed is shipped in the hull.

485 Virginia or Jumbo

(120 days) Early, large, and prolific, yielding fewer imperfect pods than any other kind; produces as much as 100 bushels per acre on medium land. Two or 3 large, richly flavored kernels to the pod, which is borne on a stem underground. Vines spread $3\frac{1}{2}$ to 4 ft., making valuable fodder for stock. Not adapted to the northern-most states. **Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35¢; lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.50**



Hundred Weight Pumpkin

Connecticut Field Pumpkin

Radishes

The first vegetable from your garden



White Icicle

584 White Icicle

The most popular of all radishes ✱

Continues to be delicious over a long period during the growing season (30 days)

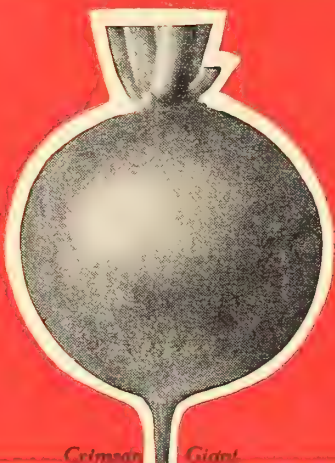
The attractive, straight roots grow about 5 in. long, are very smooth and free from side roots, and are shaped like real icicles. Skin is pure white, thin and tender; flesh is icy white, crisp, brittle and juicy. It is perfectly mild and of a delightfully sweet flavor with just enough pungency to appeal to the appetite. It remains solid during the entire growing season, and is fully as good when 1 in. in diameter as when only ½ inch.

White Icicle, like other radishes, will stand some frost, so extremely early planting as well as late fall crops are possible. These crops at the extremes of the growing season are likely to be the finest of all because radishes thrive best during cool weather, and are of the highest quality when the plants have not been subjected to much heat.

Remember that your White Icicles are going to grow deep into the ground and prepare the earth to a considerable depth to make growth rapid and even.

This is one of the finest radishes grown, and should be in every garden, whether for home or market, spring or fall use.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25



Crimson Giant



Maule's Sparkler

572 Crimson Giant ✱

Extra large, crisp and tender (28 days)

Large, early maturing, turnip-shaped radish almost double the size of any of the other turnip-shaped varieties; single roots often weigh one ounce and are 5 to 6 in. in circumference. It grows quickly and has a most attractive, deep crimson skin; flesh is pure white, of fine flavor, firm, crisp and never shows any hollow or pithy centers. Used by many people as a sandwich radish because of its mildness and slicing size.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.55

590 Saxa or Rapid Red

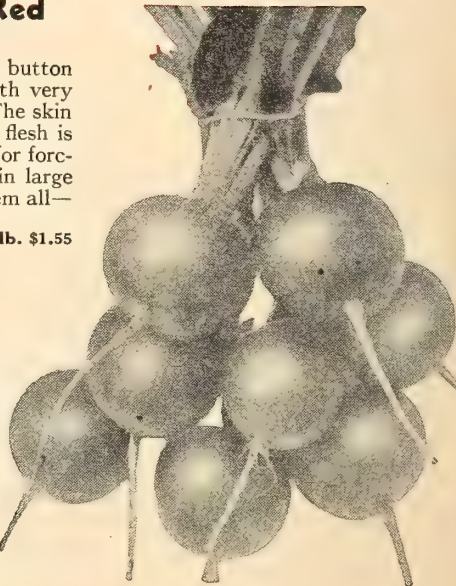
The very earliest (22 days)

Desirable, quick growing, red button radishes as round as marbles, with very small tops and small tap-roots. The skin is bright scarlet. The firm, white flesh is crisp, brittle and juicy. Adapted for forcing or outdoor planting. Grown in large quantities, it is the earliest of them all—your first garden dividend.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.55

Planting Guide

The seed of *Spring* and *Summer Radishes* may be sown as early in the spring as the soil can be worked. Successional sowings may be made every 10 days until September, except where summers are hot, in which sections sowings should be stopped from the middle of May until the first of August. Sow seed thinly in shallow drills 12 to 18 in. apart, cover with ½ in. of soil; thin to 1 in. apart for small varieties; large varieties, 3 to 4 in. apart. A packet will sow about 20 ft. of row; 1 oz. about 100 ft.; 10 to 12 lbs. per acre. With little care, anyone can grow radishes. They are at their best, however, in finely and deeply prepared soil and when growth is quick and steady.



Saxa or Rapid Red

580 Maule's Sparkler ✱

Attractive, round, red with white tip (25 days)

The best scarlet, white-tipped radish. Flesh is white, crisp and sweet, remaining fit for use longer than most of the other globe-shaped varieties. The color is very vivid and attractive, rich bright scarlet with a large tip of the purest white. An excellent forcing sort and highly recommended for growing in the open for home or market use. This variety supplants the Old Scarlet Turnip White Tipped strain.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

Delicious Radishes

583 Maule's Earliest Scarlet

The favorite early red radish ✱

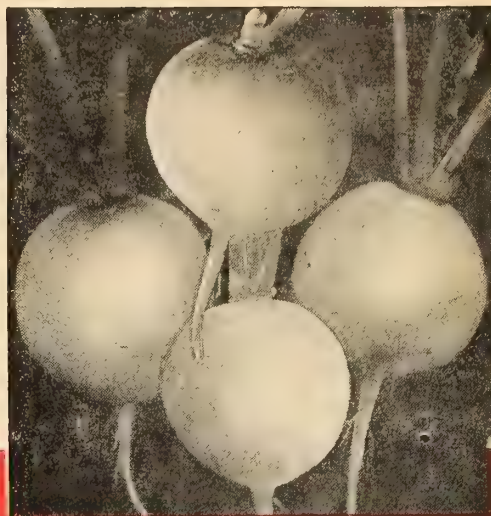
Perfectly round, mild flavor (24 days)

The very first vegetable from your garden will be the earliest radishes, and you'll enjoy Maule's Earliest Scarlet just as thousands of other gardeners have during the past 60 years. This grand variety has constantly held a favorite place, and has been surpassed only by White Icicle in popularity.

The skin is rich, gleaming scarlet, and is very thin and tender. The flesh is pure white, always crisp, brittle, mild and sweet. It is hard to imagine a more satisfactory sensation than the first crunching bite from one of these delightfully flavored radishes.

Maule's Earliest Scarlet has a short top, and is well adapted to growing under glass as well as early planting in the garden. It reaches an average size of one inch in diameter and is always perfectly round in shape.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25



Maule's Earliest Scarlet



Vicks Early Scarlet Globe



French Breakfast

603 Maule's Winter ✱

The best radish for winter storage (55 days)

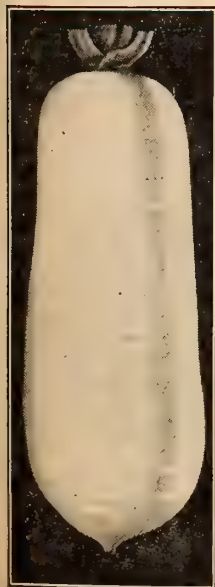
Attractive, smooth, pure white roots growing about 8 in. long and 2 to 3 in. in diameter at the base where they are the broadest. Flesh is pure icy white and of mild flavor—the mildest and least pungent of all winter radishes. Good keeper. Winter radishes require cool weather at the end of their growing season, and for that reason seeds are sown from mid-June until mid-August. Plant in rows 15 to 24 in. apart; cover seed ½ in. deep; thin seedlings to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.55

610 Mixed Radishes

All varieties in one package

(22 to 55 days) Included in this mixture are all the radish varieties described in the catalog, so you may sow a single row and harvest from a wide selection of different shapes, sizes, and colors in all maturities. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25



Maule's Winter

592 French Breakfast

An old-timer with distinct characteristics (23 days)

A pretty radish of bright red color tipped with white; 1½ in. long and ¾ in. wide, oblong or deep olive shaped, with white flesh that is crisp and tender. Tops are short. Has an attractive and distinctive shape. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

597 Vicks Early Scarlet Globe

(23 days) Has a good reputation as a forcing variety; it stands the heat required for forcing without becoming pithy in the heart or losing any of its flavor. The thin skin is rich scarlet; flesh is white, crisp and tasty. Grows round to olive shape, has medium-sized tops and very thin, fine roots. Also one of the best outdoors.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25

3155 COLLECTION

Four Choice Early Radishes

This group represents the four most popular types of early radishes.

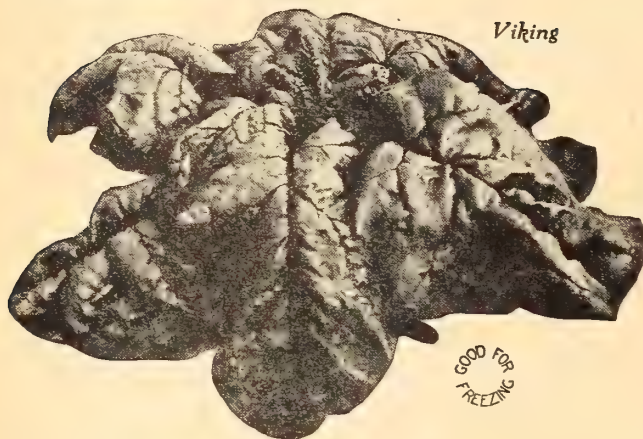
Maule's Earliest Scarlet
Crimson Giant

White Icicle
Maule's Sparkler

4 Pkts. (1 each of the four, value 40¢) for only 30¢

FOLLOW THE ✱ AS YOUR GUIDE TO THE FAVORITE VARIETIES

Spinach



Viking

GOOD FOR
FREEZING



*Bloomsdale
Long
Standing*

GOOD FOR
FREEZING

623 Bloomsdale Long Standing *

America's favorite spinach (45 days)

The remarkable long standing qualities of the strain make it one of the best for home garden use as well as for canning. It has an exceptionally large plant, with glossy, dark green, intensely crinkled, blistered, and very thick leaves. Best adapted to spring sowing, but also good in the fall. The plants develop slower than some other strains. This slowness of growth is their chief virtue in warm weather.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.25

621 Bloomsdale

(42 days) Reselected for extremely dark green leaves. Winters over well when fall planted. The very crumpled, thick, erect leaves are at their best when harvested from the earliest spring crop.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

620 Viking

(45 days) A new, outstanding selection out of Nobel with very dark green leaves. The quality is first rate, and it is exceptionally long standing. Most leaves are smooth, some slightly crumpled—all are large, thick, and of really fine quality.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.65

622 New Zealand *

Thrives in heat and drouth (70 days)

This variety thrives under adverse conditions. It grows freely in heat and drouth, produces heavily all through the summer, and only the most energetic cutting will prevent the plants from spreading 4 ft. across by the time frost kills them. Not the same family as ordinary spinach, it equals it in flavor, succulence, and tenderness.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.65

627 Nobel

(45 days) Moderately smooth, easily cleaned leaves, rapid growth, and long standing ability. The leaves are a very dark green and thick fleshed, and are produced in greater abundance and for a longer time than any savoyed spinach.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 85¢

Planting Guide

Sow seed as early in the spring as the ground can be prepared, and cover 1 in. deep. Seed may be broadcast or sown in rows 1 ft. apart; thin seedlings to stand 6 in. apart. For a succession, sow every two weeks until May 15; for fall use sow from August 10 to September 15; and for early spring use, sow in September and cover with a few inches of hay, leaves, or litter during the winter. A packet will sow about 25 feet of row; an oz. 100 ft. New Zealand spinach should not be planted until the ground is warm.



New Zealand

SPECIAL COLLECTION

3 Favorite Spinaches

**Bloomsdale Long Standing, Nobel,
and New Zealand.**

3130—3 Pkts. (1 of each, value 30¢) for 25¢

Parsnips

Maule's Improved Half-Long



Parsnips grow best in a loose, rich, deep soil. Sow seed early in the spring in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart and cover only ½ in. deep. Since parsnip seed germinates slowly it is a good idea to sow a little radish seed in the row to act as a marker to permit early cultivation. Thin seedlings to stand 4 to 6 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow about 40 ft. of row; an ounce about 200 ft.; 3 lbs. per acre in drills 3 ft. apart. Roots may be stored for winter use, or some may be left in the ground all winter for use early next spring.

478 Maule's Improved Half-Long *

(95 days) Roots are smooth, snow-white, and have practically no side roots. They are uniform, and grow to a good length, but not too long. Their whiteness is remarkable. This is by far the best strain of parsnip for the home garden.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 85¢; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75

477 Maule's White Lisbon

(100 days) Produces uniformly large and handsome white roots of stocky form. They are heavy at the shoulder, well rounded, and gradually taper toward the base. The white, sweet flesh is of fine texture, free from core and stringiness. They cook tender, and have a fine flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.30; lb. \$2.35

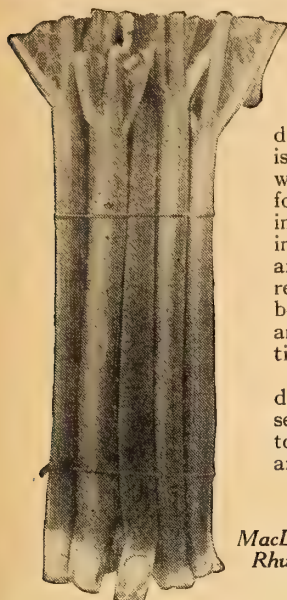
483 Improved Long Smooth

(100 days) Also known as Hollow Crown or Improved Long Sugar. The straight, smooth, and handsome white roots are 10 to 13 in. long. The length and attractive appearance make this a very desirable variety. The white flesh is fine grained and of superior flavor.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

Rhubarb

(Because of state law rhubarb roots cannot be shipped to California.)



MacDonal
Rhubarb

69B87 MacDonal Rhubarb Roots ✱

New variety of superior quality

This relatively new variety produces such tender stalks that peeling is unnecessary. The stalks are very well colored with a strong and uniform red which makes a most appetizing sauce. MacDonal is better looking, bigger, and more delicious than any standard rhubarb variety, and it remains useful longer into the summer because of its tenderness. The stalks are frequently 2 ft. long and exceptionally thick.

True MacDonal rhubarb is produced only from root divisions, since seed of this or any other rhubarb fails to breed true. Use plenty of manure and commercial fertilizer. **2 roots \$1.20; 3 roots \$1.50; 5 for \$2.25; 10 for \$4.25**

69B88 Victoria Roots

The old standard variety

Roots planted this spring provide a moderate crop next spring, and bear heavily for years afterwards. The stalks are thick, tender, and heavily shaded with red. Caution: never use rhubarb leaves for greens because they contain an acid which makes them unfit for food.

2 roots for 45¢; 5 for 85¢; 10 for \$1.50

Planting Guide for Rhubarb

Rhubarb needs a sharp freeze during the winter to make it grow properly the following season. Accordingly, gardeners in the extreme southern region in Florida and along the Gulf are denied the pleasure of growing this hardy perennial. Set the crowns of the roots deep enough to be covered with 2 or 3 in. of soil, spacing them 3 or 4 ft. apart. Fertilize heavily.

Tampala

700 Tampala

A brand new vegetable greens (50 days)

An improved strain of this delicious new greens, identical in every way to that offered last year except that the leaves are a fine, dark green instead of pale green as previously grown. The plants grow 2 ft. tall and have long, smooth leaves which are held high above the ground. Their flavor is superior to spinach, and the plants thrive in hot weather.

Pkt. 15¢; 2 pkts. 25¢; 1/8 oz. 45¢; 1/4 oz. 75¢; oz. \$2.00

Planting Guide for Tampala

Tampala is a very old Asiatic cultivated greens plant, and its recent introduction to this country has been welcomed by many gardeners. The species grows best in hot weather, and seed should not be planted until the soil is thoroughly warmed by the sun. Plant thinly and very shallow in rows 2 to 3 ft. apart, and thin to stand 18 in. apart in the rows. Plants may be allowed to grow as much as 6 in. tall before thinning, and the small plants removed from the row used in their entirety for greens. Leaves and branch tips of the large plants may be harvested all summer.

Salsify

614 Mammoth Sandwich Island

(110 days) Long, thick, tapering roots. The flesh is almost white and has a delicious oyster-like flavor. **Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.95**

Planting Guide

The striking similarity of flavor between salsify and oysters has made the species known as Oyster Plant. Roots are equally attractive when creamed or prepared in a stew. Sow seed early in the spring in rows 18 in. apart; cover 1 in. deep. Thin seedlings to stand 4 to 5 in. apart in the row. The best roots are grown on rather light soil, but good ones can be grown in any ordinary garden loam if deep and mellow. The roots are perfectly hardy and may remain in the ground all winter for early spring use. A pkt. sows 20 ft. of row; an oz. 100 ft.



Mammoth
Sandwich
Island
Salsify

Sunflower

Plant and tend much the same as corn. Wild birds love sunflower seed. If you have room, why not plant a few rows for them? A pkt. plants 75 ft. of row; 8 lbs. to the acre. Leave just one stalk per hill.

856 Mammoth Russian

In addition to their impressive and stately beauty these giant flowers are valuable for their seed. The immense heads grow 18 to 20 in. across and bear a heavy crop of seed which is used to feed poultry and other birds. Plants are vigorous and often grow 10 ft. tall.

**Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 lb. 25¢; lb. 40¢;
2 lbs. 70¢; 5 lbs. \$1.60;
10 lbs. \$3.00**

Tampala



Squash *Winter keeping varieties*

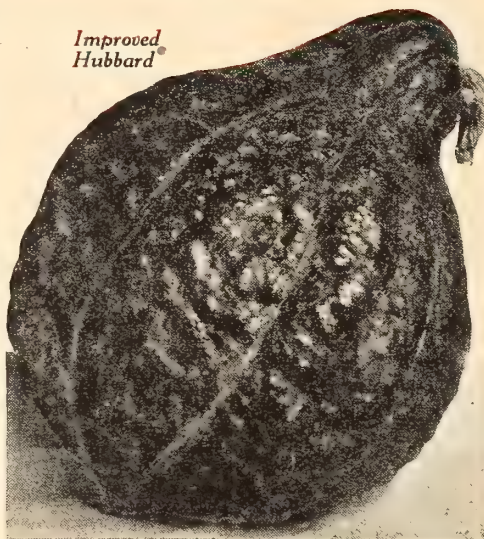
635 Improved Hubbard *

The leading Hubbard squash (100 days)

Maule's Improved Hubbard Squash represents the perfection of all large winter squashes. The fruits grow about 10 by 12 in. in size and weigh about 12 lbs. The flesh is rich orange-yellow, fine grained, solid, dry, and lusciously sweet. The toughness of the dark olive-green warted rind makes it the favorite for winter use, keeping well until spring if properly stored. Improved Hubbard is not only used in every squash recipe but also as a superior material for baking pumpkin pies.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.80

Improved
Hubbard*



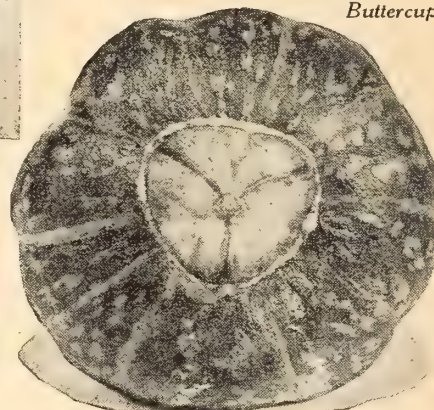
631 Buttercup

Highest quality of all (100 days)

A fine squash of a shape that is quite unique and attractive. Fruits grow 4½ in. thick and 6½ in. across, with a heart-shaped protuberance at the blossom end. Skin is green with stripes and spots of gray; flesh is thick, orange, dry, sweet, of the finest texture, and really supreme quality. The fruits are small enough to be baked whole, and this method of preparation is something which must be tried to be appreciated. Medium sized fruits require about 1½ hours in a moderate oven. Good keeper.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00; ½ lb. \$1.80

Buttercup

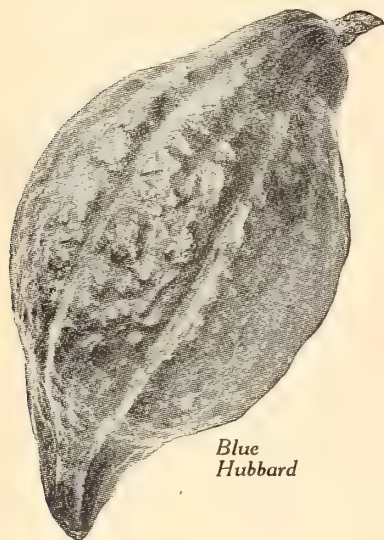


641 Blue Hubbard *

Splendid for pies (105 days)

Fruits are large, heavy, and of a distinctly deep blue-gray color. The shell is extremely rough and hard; the flesh is attractive bright yellow-orange, fine grained, very dry, and exceptionally sweet. Unusually productive and easily stored. Larger than the green or orange-red skinned Hubbards. Fruits grow 18 in. long, 12 in. thick, and average 15 lbs. in weight. The biggest squash we offer for sale.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60



Blue
Hubbard

630 Acorn *

Also known as Table Queen (58 days)

The smooth, hard shell is deeply ribbed and dark green, 5½ in. long and 4 in. thick. Vines are long and vigorous. The half-grown fruits are fine for summer use; fully grown fruits are excellent winter keepers. The mature Acorn, like other small squashes, is at its best when baked whole. It is then cut in half, the seeds removed, and served in the shell. Prepared this way, it is the world's finest squash.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.30

Acorn



645 Red or Golden Hubbard

Orange-red skin (92 days)

Similar to the Improved Hubbard in size and shape, often weighing the same in spite of its earlier maturity, but differing from it in having deep orange-red colored skin which makes it particularly attractive. The thick orange-yellow flesh is richer in color than Hubbard, but of the same fine grained texture and sweet, luscious flavor. Red or Golden Hubbard is easily stored throughout the winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60

650 Mixed Squashes

(48 to 105 days) A fine mixture of all the excellent squashes we list, both summer and winter varieties. One sowing will provide for summer, fall and winter.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.30

634 Butternut

A new variety of exemplary quality (85 days)

A number of fine characteristics make this new squash worthy of a place in your garden. The seed cavity is very small, being confined to the globular bottom of the fruit. The thick neck is solid flesh, just right for slicing. The fruits when baked have an indescribable nut-like flavor superior to any squash we have ever tasted. Fruits measure 4 to 5 in. thick at the widest point and 10 to 12 in. long. Just right for baking whole. Winter keeper.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 60¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75; ½ lb. \$3.35

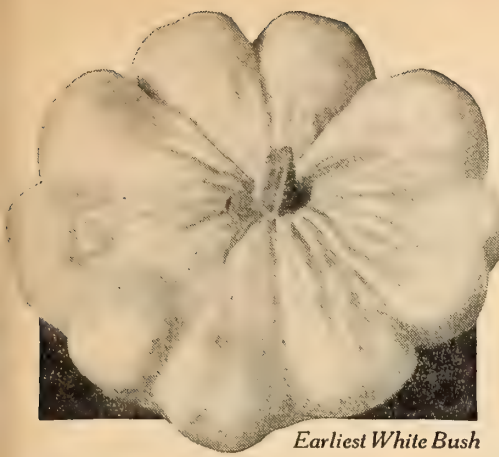
Butternut

Planting Guide

All squash grows best in a deep, fertile soil. Bush varieties are grown in rows or hills 4 by 4 ft. apart; running varieties, 8 by 8 ft. apart. Sow seed in spring when soil has become warm. Thin bush varieties to 4 plants in a hill, running varieties to 2 to 4 plants to a hill. A packet will plant 8 hills; bush varieties, one oz. 40 hills; running varieties, one oz. 50 hills; 3 to 4 lbs. per acre.

Winter squashes require the same general cultural directions as the summer varieties but need a longer growing season to mature. Fruits must remain on the vine until they have fully matured; gather them before frost, leaving part of the stem attached. Keep in a moderately warm, dry place until used. Handle carefully so as not to bruise them, for bruises may cause decay. Examine fruits in storage from time to time. Many of the winter squashes make excellent "pumpkin" pie.

Summer Squash



Earliest White Bush

628 Earliest White Bush ✱

Early; scalloped fruits (50 days)

Also known as Patty Pan. Squashes are creamy white and scalloped around the edges; flesh is milk-white, smooth, firm and of the most delicious flavor. Plants are of bush form and bear a great crop of fruit. Probably the most used and best liked of all summer squash.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

640 Fordhook Zucchini

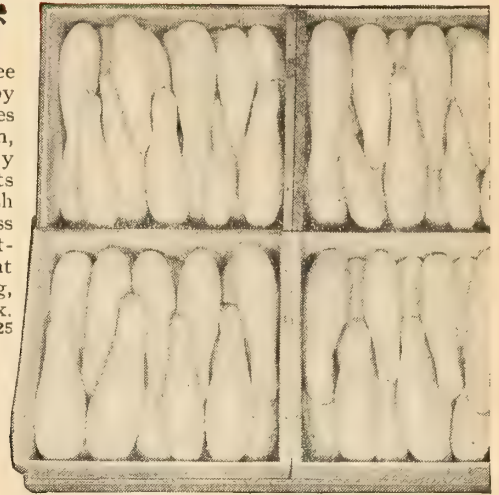
(60 days) Illustrated on page 4. This squash is of the very finest quality, and we are proud to present it to Maule customers this year. The fruits are so dark green they appear almost black; they are straight, cylindrical, and should be picked when they are about 1 ft. long. Bush type.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 45¢; ¼ lb. \$1.25; ½ lb. \$2.35

644 Yankee Hybrid ✱

A genuine hybrid squash (48 days)

Entirely new and different, Yankee Hybrid is a first generation cross by controlled pollination. It produces the earliest squash in the garden, and makes a heavier crop than any other kind. In addition, the fruits are amazingly uniform, and the bush vines are extremely vigorous. A cross between Early Prolific and Connecticut Straightneck, its fruits are bright yellow and average 8 to 9 in. long, tapering only slightly at the neck. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25



Yankee Hybrid

632 Mammoth Golden Summer Crookneck

Fine grained flesh (60 days)

An improved strain of the old Yellow Summer Crookneck. Fully twice as large, it matures just as early. Fruits grow 18 in. long, have a beautiful deep golden-orange warted skin and salmon-orange flesh. Necks are curved; entire fruits are filled with fine grained flesh of luscious flavor. The compact, bushy plants continue to yield over a long period if fruits are picked as they appear.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

629 Giant Summer Straightneck

(60 days) This variety is really just the same as Golden Summer Crookneck except that it is not handicapped by a crooked neck. This improvement makes the squash easier to prepare for cooking, and allows easier packing and handling.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

For delicious greens plant

Swiss Chard

Planting Guide

Swiss Chard is a delicious green which lasts all summer. Remove the outer stalks as needed and the plant will continue to produce freely. Sow the seed early in the spring in rows 18 to 24 in. apart, and cover with 1 in. of soil. Thin the young plants to stand 8 to 12 in. apart in the row. A packet will sow 25 ft. of row; an ounce 100 ft.; 5 to 6 lbs. per acre. All chard is good for freezing.



Lucullus Swiss Chard

86 Rhubarb Chard ✱

The most vivid color in the garden (60 days)

A new Swiss Chard that looks like rhubarb. The stalks extend 10 to 12 in. before the leaves begin, and are of the most spirited, glowing crimson you can imagine; the rich red color extends out through the veins into the dark green heavily crumpled leaves. In addition to being by far the most colorful and attractive plant in the vegetable garden it has a wonderful chard flavor to make it attractive on the table as well. Plants grow about 2 ft. tall, and continue to provide greens and tender stalks from July until frost. They are very easily grown, and thrive on poor soil, in drouth, and in all parts of the country. Plant it along the edge of your garden where it will be on display.

Pkt. 15¢; oz. 50¢; ¼ lb. \$1.40; ½ lb. \$2.50; lb. \$4.75

89 Lucullus ✱

(60 days) Well-known cut-and-come-again spinach beet; grows 2 to 2½ ft. tall, and has rich light green, savoyed or crumpled leaves which are tender and flavorful. The white, thick midribs may be prepared separately and provide a most appetizing dish.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$2.00

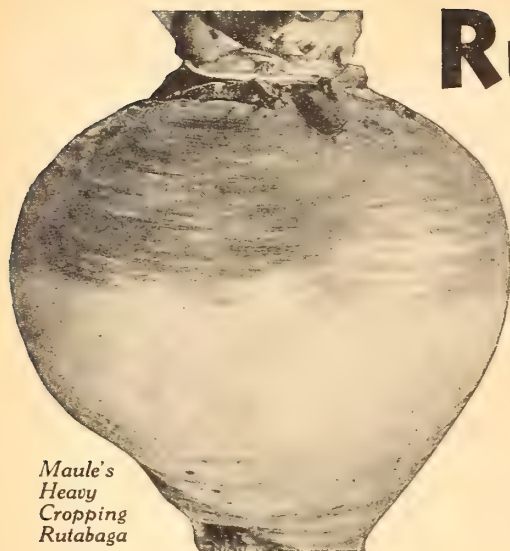
87 Fordhook Giant

(60 days) Fordhook Giant differs from Lucullus in the color of the leaves, which is a much darker green, and in the greater thickness of the stems. These stems are outstandingly broad and fleshy.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 80¢; ½ lb. \$1.50; lb. \$2.75



Rhubarb Chard



*Maule's
Heavy
Cropping
Rutabaga*

Rutabagas

707 Maule's Heavy Cropping *

The favorite rutabaga (90 days)

The most profitable of all yellow purple-top Swede Turnips to grow; it is the hardest, best shaped, and most productive. This variety is an improved strain of Long Island Purple-Top. The flesh is beautiful yellow and of the choicest quality, becoming bright orange when cooked. Because of their longer growing season rutabagas have time to develop a richness of flavor and a fineness of texture unknown in turnips.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40

709 Golden Neckless

Reselected strain of great merit (85 days)

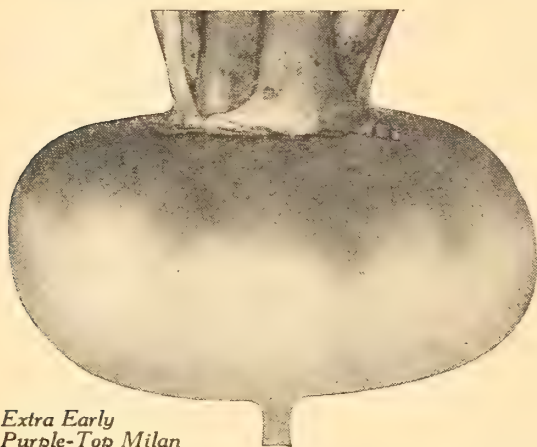
This new Canadian selection brings the greatest refinement yet attained in rutabagas. The shape is a deep globe, with generous purple coloring at the top, and the remainder gold. It is fine grained, excellent quality, remarkably uniform, and capable of reaching a very large size without becoming woody. Extremely small neck.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10; lb. \$1.90

Planting Guide

Rutabagas (Swede Turnips) require a longer season than turnips. Sow from June until August in rows 15 to 24 in. apart. Cover with ½ in. of fine soil and thin the seedlings to stand 6 to 8 in. apart in the row. Use a packet to about 50 ft. of row; an ounce to 250 ft.; 1½ lbs. to the acre in drills or 2½ lbs. broadcast. Rutabagas keep very well in storage.

Turnips—A welcome fall and winter crop



*Extra Early
Purple-Top Milan*

693 Extra Early Purple-Top Milan *

Purple-top, white, flat (48 days)

Quickly produces good sized, smooth turnips with few leaves. The roots are flat, 4 in. across, purplish red above and white below. The white flesh is choice, sweet and fine grained. They are without equal for the table and for early or late market. It is one of the best for bunching. Adapted to spring and fall planting outdoors, and is desirable for forcing under glass.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.35

702 Amber Globe

(70 days) Large, almost round roots with light yellow skin and creamy yellow flesh which is agreeably sweet and tender. Keeps perfectly throughout the winter. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40

698 Golden Ball

(60 days) One of the best and quickest maturing of all yellow turnips. Skin is bright yellow; golden-orange, fine-grained and sweet. Roots globe shaped.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢; ¼ lb. 50¢; ½ lb. 80¢; lb. \$1.40

686 Purple-Top White Globe *

The most popular of all turnips (55 days)

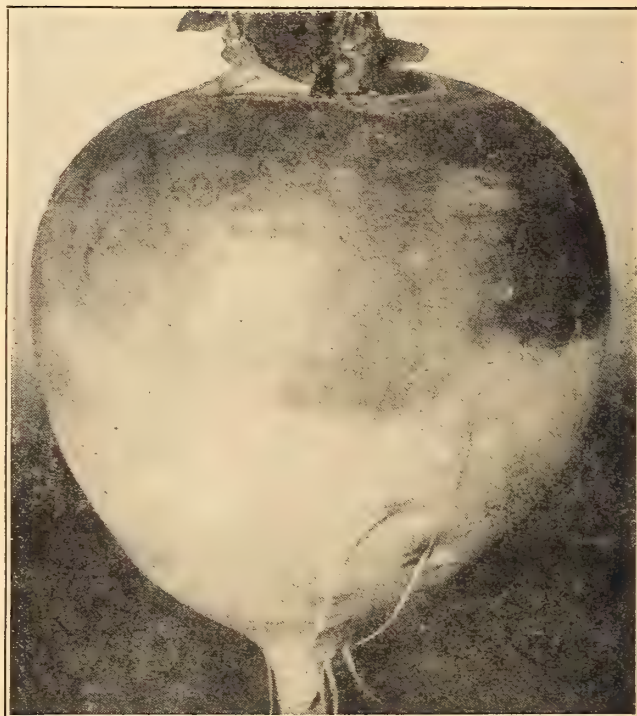
A large, rapid growing turnip with globular roots of attractive appearance—lower part is white while the upper part is bright purplish red. The flesh is pure white, fine grained and tender. It is the best flavored of all turnips, raw or cooked and the top ranking favorite all over the world.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25

689 Mixed Table Turnips

(48 to 70 days) A mixture of the best turnips for table use. All colors, shapes, and maturities.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 15¢; ¼ lb. 45¢; ½ lb. 75¢; lb. \$1.25



Purple-Top White Globe

Planting Guide

For spring planting, sow Extra Early Purple-Top Milan in April in rows 12 to 15 in. apart. Cover seed ½ in. and thin seedlings to stand 3 to 6 in. apart in the row. Cultivate frequently. For succession, sow at intervals until the last week in May. For fall and winter crop, sow any variety in July or August in rows or broadcast. A packet will sow 50 ft. of row; an oz. 250 ft.; 1½ lbs. per acre in drills, or 2½ lbs. broadcast.

Tomatoes

655 Jubilee *

Brilliant orange color skin, flesh, and juice (72 days)

Everybody everywhere likes Jubilee immensely, and so do we. It's the variety in our own garden, and it is being grown by increasing thousands of gardeners all over the country. We like Jubilee because of its appetizing, rich orange color, its smoothness, and its freedom from cracking. We like it because it's big—most of the fruits weigh $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. or more. But, most of all, we like it because it's so solid and so downright good to eat. For slicing, canning and for juice it is the best we've seen. The plants are everything you could ask for—vigorous, leafy, large. Try Jubilee. You'll be glad you did.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.20



Jubilee

THE TWO NEW TOMATO HYBRIDS

730 Fordhook Hybrid

(60 days) The first true hybrid tomato to be placed on the market. Very early maturing with a great abundance of moderate size fruits. See page 3 for more description and photo.

Pkt. (30 seeds) 25¢; 3 pkts. 70¢

680 Clinton Hybrid

(75 days) Introduced this year, and illustrated in color on our front cover. A strong, leafy, dark green plant with immense yield capacity. Large, round, red fruits. See also page 3.

Pkt. (30 seeds) 35¢; 3 pkts. \$1.00

682 Giant Ponderosa *

Extremely large; purplish; mild flavor (81 days)

Although introduced many years ago, this attractive purplish pink colored tomato is today one of the most popular. Its vigorous vines undoubtedly produce the most gigantic tomatoes ever known, and in great profusion if the soil is not too rich. Ponderosa is essentially a home garden tomato and not suitable for shipping, but many owners of roadside stands have found it very profitable. Because of the fact that these tomatoes are so huge and are unobtainable through commercial channels, home gardeners can display them with genuine pride. Their flavor is mild and preferred by many people because of its low acidity.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 60¢; oz. \$1.10; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$3.25

661 Break O'Day

(63 days) Break O'Day is the earliest wilt-resistant variety (except for the new Fordhook Hybrid), and among the earliest of all varieties, producing attractive, red, globe-shaped fruits which weigh from 6 to 7 ozs. each. They are of splendid quality and firm enough to stand long distance shipping. Especially recommended for planting in rich and well-fertilized soils as it will not make an excessive vine growth.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25



Giant Ponderosa

Break O'Day



671 Oxheart

(86 days) Large size, distinct shape and perfect quality all combine to account for the popularity which Oxheart has attained. It is among the largest of all pink tomatoes; bears a truly enormous crop of solid fleshed, heavy, heart shaped fruits, the seed cavities of which have almost disappeared. Grown under good conditions, fruits often weigh 2 lbs. or more.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$4.25

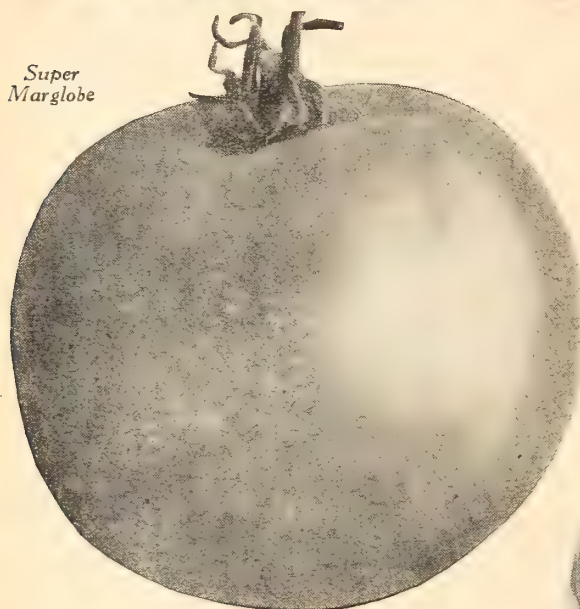
656 Maule's Enormous

(83 days) The very largest deep red tomato originally introduced to the public by us. Maule's Enormous has made a record for both quality and quantity, while the beauty of the fruit makes it an easy and quick seller in all markets. The tomatoes are remarkably solid and firm. They are huge, delicious, and home garden favorites—the red duplicate of Ponderosa.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50

Tomatoes

Super Marglobe



669C Marglobe (Certified stock) ✱

The popular wilt-resistant tomato (73 days)

In breeding and selecting our stock of Marglobe, we have endeavored to secure a strain that will produce the maximum yield of large sized, smooth, uniform, bright red fruits that are suitable for long-distance shipping, canning, or for juice production. Vigor, size of vine, and wilt resistance have also been considered; the result is a tomato which is definitely superior to most strains of this variety. Fruits weigh $6\frac{1}{2}$ to 7 ozs., are globular, smooth, and with small blossom end scars. The interior is remarkably solid, with small cells and heavy walls. Delicious and mild in flavor. Vines are heavy and spreading, with abundant foliage, and are wilt resistant to a high degree.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25

681C Pritchard (Certified stock) ✱

Wilt resistant, self topping (70 days)

Another of Dr. Fred Pritchard's developments; also known as Scarlet Topper. Like others of his varieties, it is wilt resistant, and produces bright red, globe shaped fruits. These fruits are medium sized, 5 to 6 ozs., well rounded on the shoulder, and exceptionally firm. The plants of this tomato are of the self pruning or self topping type and, for that reason, ideal for planting in regions having heavy, fertile soils. It is a popular variety in many parts of the Middle West, where other tomatoes frequently make an abnormal growth. Uncertified seed offered on the opposite page.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25

719 Victor

(58 days) This new variety competes in the early group of Earliana maturity, and it has already gained very great favor. It is high yielding, and begins to bear heavily during the earliest part of the season. Fruits are full red, about 3 in. across and flattened globe shape. Vines are not large, and can stand both rich soil and close planting.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.25

It's easy to start tomatoes indoors

705 Super Marglobe ✱

An outstanding tomato; wilt-resistant, standard mid-season type (75 days)

A truly outstanding strain of this most popular of all tomatoes. Super Marglobe is selected for a short, compact, wilt-resistant vine with foliage which will protect the fruit from sunburn and allow it to develop the richest possible scarlet color, for heavy yield, and for an extra large sized fruit still retaining globular shape and refinement from end to end. The solid interior makes for good canning and firmness in shipping. The fruit of Super Marglobe weighs 7 to 8 ozs., is deep, almost globular, with only a minute scar at the blossom end, and a stem end that makes picking easy. The outside color is bright scarlet, the interior thick walled and firm—the quality unbeatable. This tomato regularly exceeds all expectations.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50

672C Improved Stone (Certified stock) ✱

(81 days) A large, bright red main crop tomato which has remained in favor with growers of all classes for many years. It has long been an important canning and market garden variety throughout the country. Remarkable yields are borne on large, vigorous plants which afford excellent cover. The fruits are large, weighing from $6\frac{1}{2}$ to $7\frac{1}{2}$ ozs., flattened in shape, smooth, solid, and uniform. Interior is very meaty; quality is the best. Uncertified seed offered on next page.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. \$2.50

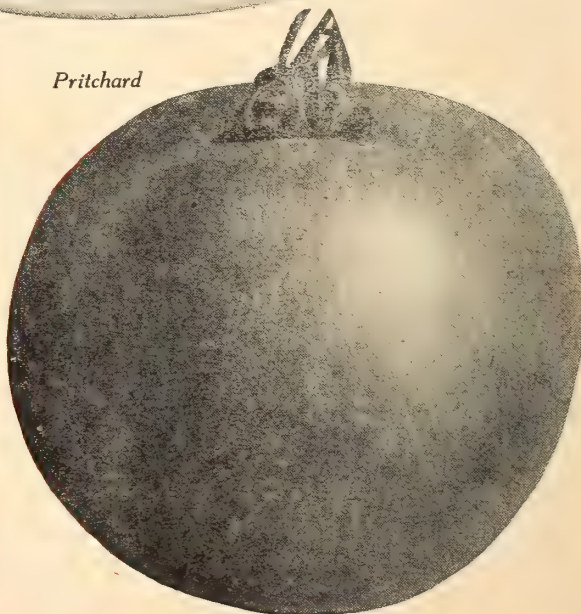


Improved Stone

Planting Guide

Sow seeds in a hotbed, greenhouse or in shallow boxes in the house, 6 or 7 weeks before the usual time in your locality for setting out the plants. Make sowings in rows 4 to 6 in. apart and cover seed $\frac{1}{2}$ in. deep. When the plants are about 2 in. high, transplant singly to 3-inch pots or into shallow boxes 4 in. apart each way. Transplant in the open ground, after all danger of frost is past, 3 to 4 ft. apart each way. Early maturing varieties may be sown directly outdoors after danger of frost, and the plants later thinned to stand 3 ft. apart. Cultivate frequently. A packet will produce about 300 plants; an oz. about 2,500 plants; 2 ozs. produce enough plants for an acre. Days to maturity are from the time the plants are set in the garden. Ask for leaflet A4 for more help in starting seed indoors.

Pritchard



Many fine strains to choose from

Tomatoes

653C Rutgers (Certified stock) *

Remarkable for its large size and solidity (74 days)

Developed at the New Jersey Agricultural Experiment Station. At present Rutgers is one of the foremost market and canning varieties in the entire country. Like most tomatoes of commercial importance, it is highly disease-resistant and practically free from the attacks of fusarium wilt. Plants are large and vigorous, with heavy stems and coarse, dark green leaves. Fruits average from 6½ to 7½ ozs. in weight, are globular in shape, slightly flattened, having well rounded shoulders and a very small blossom end scar. A most solid interior and heavy walls make it suitable for shipping. The brilliant red color and excellent quality meet the requirements for juice and canning. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.25

651 Maule's Earliest of All *

The favorite of all early tomatoes (56 days)

Maule's Earliest of All is the best early tomato for home gardens and market. Its extreme earliness is not its only merit, for the fruits are large, rich red in color, and extremely meaty. They do not crack, neither do they have a hard core. While a trifle irregular in shape, they are not rough.

This famous tomato was introduced by Wm. Henry Maule in 1892, and in the half century since then it has never been surpassed for earliness. Countless thousands of satisfied customers have grown this time-tested variety, and if you want a supremely fine tomato as well as the very first one in your neighborhood you must grow it, too.

Pkt. 15¢;

½ oz. 45¢; oz. 80¢; ¼ lb. \$2.55

*Maule's
Earliest
of All*

659C Greater Baltimore

(Certified Stock)

(78 days) One of the most highly colored of all tomatoes, and therefore particularly desirable for canning, local markets, and all household uses. A heavy producer of medium sized fruits which are uniform, remarkably free from cracks or ridges, and of delicious flavor. Large, spreading plants carry many branches and an abundance of rather small, bluish green leaves. This tomato shows considerable resistance to heat and drouth. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢;
oz. 80¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

660 John Baer

(55 days) The rich scarlet-red fruits are thick through and slightly flattened on top, extremely solid, with small seed cavities, and free from stringiness or fiber. They ripen early and produce a tremendous crop of beautiful fruits which are evenly colored all over.

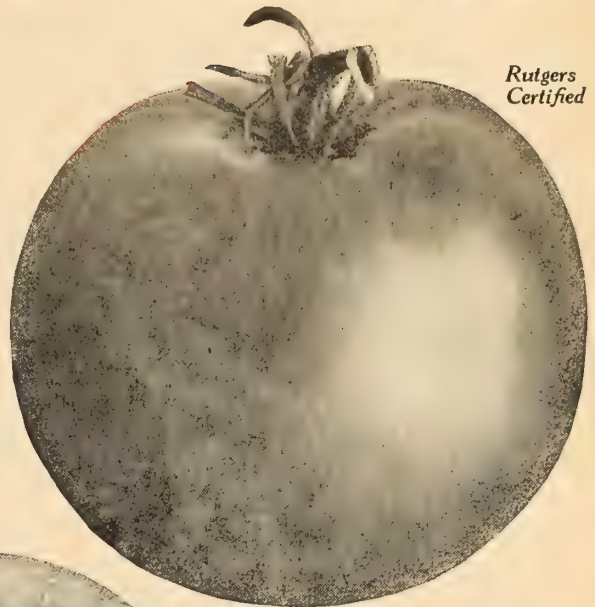
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$2.00

Certified vs. Standard Seed

Certified seed is produced from crops inspected by officials of State Agricultural Departments and found true to name and free from disease. Our uncertified seed is produced from the same stock and under the same conditions but has not been inspected for certification. Customers who purchase the certified seed gain the benefit of inspection by an expert and disinterested third party in addition to our own breeders' and growers' work. Listed below are six varieties described elsewhere. If you wish to purchase uncertified standard seed use the numbers and prices shown here:

- | | |
|----------------------|------------------------------|
| 653 Rutgers | 683 Bonny Best |
| 669 Marglobe | 672 Improved Stone |
| 681 Pritchard | 659 Greater Baltimore |

Any of the above—Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; oz. 65¢; ¼ lb. \$1.90



*Rutgers
Certified*



683C Bonny Best

(Certified Stock)

(66 days) This second-early, scarlet-red tomato can be grown successfully in nearly all parts of this country. Matures early enough to be of value to northern growers, while its quality makes it a desirable variety in sections having long growing seasons. Grown not only by home and early market gardeners, but by greenhouse operators as well. Plants are of medium size and bear an abundance of smooth, deep fruit, weighing 4½ to 6 ozs. Uncertified seed offered at the bottom of the page.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢;
oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

Other tomatoes

If your favorite variety is not described in detail on this or the preceding catalog pages, you will probably find it listed below. The fact that these varieties are not given equal space with the others does not mean they are not as good, but simply that they are popular in special areas or for special purposes.

658 Spark's Earliana (38 days)

A fine, productive earliest red tomato of many years standing.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.60

664 Matchless (73 days)

The finest deep red color. Large size and long keeping quality.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 75¢; ¼ lb. \$2.40

685 Grothen's Globe (68 days)

A darker red colored Break O'Day with uniformly red fruits.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 45¢; oz. 85¢; ¼ lb. \$2.50

670 Penn State (62 days)

Very early, self topping. Red globe fruits of excellent quality.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.75

666 Dwarf Stone (83 days)

Red fruited dwarf tree tomato. Uses very little space but yields well.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.75

677 Pear Shaped Yellow (Preserving Type) (70 days)

Extremely prolific; yields many small fruits which make wonderful marmalade.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢; oz. 90¢; ¼ lb. \$2.60

301 Improved Ground Cherry (90 days from seed)

Ask for free recipes for Ground Cherries including cultural instructions.

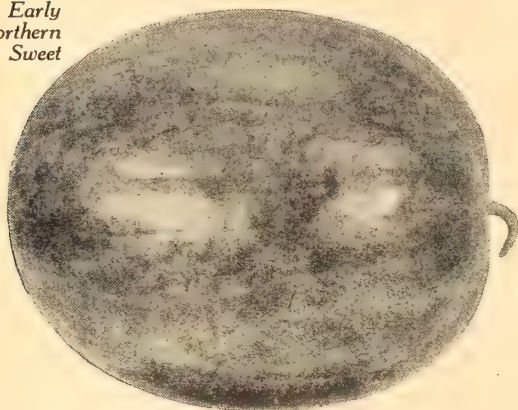
Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 75¢; oz. \$1.40; ¼ lb. \$4.20

Watermelons

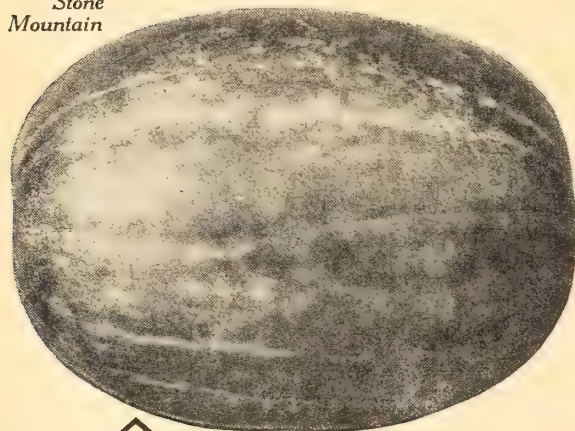
Dixie Queen



Early Northern Sweet



Stone Mountain



406 Dixie Queen *

Nearly round; very large (88 days)

Vigorous grower, with large, nearly round melons of uniform size and shape; skin is greenish ivory striped with dark green. Flesh is deep red, crisp and of the finest flavor; it is good clear to the rind, which is thin but tough. Small white seeds. Melons grow 15 in. long, 12 in. across and weigh 30 to 35 lbs.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60

399 Stone Mountain *

The famous Dixie Belle melon; extra large (90 days)

The melons are nearly round, blunt at the ends; skin is grayish green; flesh is deep scarlet, of excellent quality, delightful flavor, and without any white hearts or stringiness. Average size melons weigh about 30 lbs. The rind is thin, with flesh edible right down to it. It's a beauty in anybody's garden.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.30

387 Maule's Panmure All-Heart *

The sweetest red watermelon (85 days)

A famous Maule specialty. Long, heavy fruits, with faint mottling on a dark green, thin, tough rind. The flavor is grand, and the red flesh is so firm it appears to be all heart. The fruit has the advantage of possessing very small seeds, further increasing its attractiveness.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. 90¢; ½ lb. \$1.60

409 Golden Sweet

Attractive golden flesh (90 days)

Large, oblong shaped melons with dark green skin and luscious golden yellow flesh which is unbelievably sweet flavored. It is equal to any of the red fleshed varieties; many gardeners believe it is superior. You'll be delighted with Golden Sweet.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;
¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

390 Early Northern Sweet

(78 days) A very early maturing variety suitable for northern gardens where melons normally fail. Melons are oval in shape, weigh about 12 lbs.; flesh is red and of good quality. The color of the skin is green with narrow stripes of deeper green.

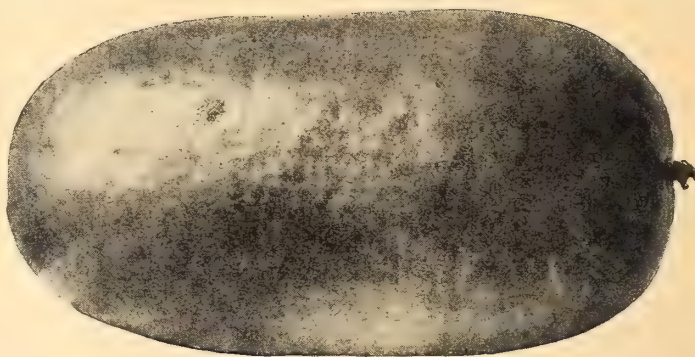
Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢; ¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.30

ALL MELON SEED TREATED!

This year Maule gives extra service at no cost to you by treating all melon seed with Arasan. This seed treatment:

1. Eliminates the possibility of seed-borne disease.
2. Helps keep seed from rotting in wet, cold soil.
3. Fights seedling diseases which kill tender, young plants.

Buy Maule seed—you get more than your money's worth.



Maule's Improved Kleckley Sweet

418 Mixed Watermelons

Many varieties (78 to 90 days)

Many varieties in a grand mixture; a choice collection of delicious flavored melons of different shapes from the earliest to the latest ripening over a long period.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 20¢;
¼ lb. 60¢; ½ lb. \$1.10

404 Maule's Improved Kleckley Sweet

(90 days) Large, dark green, oblong shaped melons, 20 in. long, with dark green skin shaded with faint stripes of a lighter green. Flesh is bright scarlet, sweet and solid. Altogether it is able to stand rough handling.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢;
¼ lb. 75¢; ½ lb. \$1.30

Planting Guide

A rich, warm, sandy soil is the ideal for raising melons; they respond well to fertilizer. Sow the seed when the ground has become warm, placing 6 to 8 seeds in slightly raised hills. Hills should be 8 ft. apart, and thinned to 2 or 3 plants per hill. Cover the seed 1 in. deep. Packets plant 10 hills, ounces 30 hills. Keep up cultivation as long as possible. Largest watermelons can be raised by permitting only one or two fruits to ripen on each vine.

2
NEW
WILT RESISTANT
MELONS
OFFERED ON
PAGE
4

Maule's Famous Lawn Grass Mixtures

891 Maule's Extra Quality Mixture

Produces a permanent velvety green, deep-rooted sod that presents a good appearance spring, summer and fall. It is made up of grasses that are at their best at different periods and thus a lasting and permanent effect is obtained. It is entirely free from grasses that form clumps. Contains a small percentage of the expensive White Dutch Clover in order to still further thicken the sod.

$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 50¢; 1 lb. 95¢;
2 lbs. \$1.80; 5 lbs. \$4.25; 10 lbs. \$8.00; 15 lbs. \$11.25;
25 lbs. \$17.50; 50 lbs. \$34.00; 100 lbs. or more @ 65¢ per lb.

885 Shady Lawn Mixture

This grass mixture will help you do away with unsightly bare spots in shaded areas, since grasses in the mixture grow naturally in semi-shaded places and in competition with tree roots. The mixture includes a high percentage of Chewings Fescue, acknowledged to be one of the best grasses for this purpose.

$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 55¢; 1 lb. \$1.05;
2 lbs. \$2.00; 5 lbs. \$4.75; 10 lbs. \$9.20; 15 lbs. \$13.50;
25 lbs. \$22.00; 50 lbs. \$42.50; 100 lbs. or more @ 80¢ per lb.

884 Quick Results Mixture

A beautiful effect in the shortest time possible. Besides the grasses which make a speedy start we have included enough seed of others to insure permanent results. Particularly useful for late spring and summer sowing.

$\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 35¢;
1 lb. 60¢; 2 lbs. \$1.10; 5 lbs. \$2.50; 10 lbs. \$4.75; 15 lbs. \$6.75;
25 lbs. \$10.75; 50 lbs. \$20.00; 100 lbs. or more @ 38¢ per lb.

797 White Dutch Clover

For extra thick turf sow separately $\frac{1}{4}$ lb. for each 2 lbs. of grass seed.

$\frac{1}{4}$ lb. 50¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ lb. 95¢; 1 lb. \$1.65; 2 lbs. \$3.10;
5 lbs. \$7.50; 10 lbs. \$14.50; 15 lbs. \$21.25; 25 lbs. \$33.75



Want a Lovely Lawn?

Grass seed simply scattered on the ground is almost always wasted. To start a new lawn prepare the soil just like a garden, allow it to settle for a week or two, then rake it thoroughly to create a very fine seed bed. The use of a lawn roller is desirable in order to smooth and firm the soil. An application of lime may be made if the soil is acid; fertilizer may be needed, but do not apply at the same time as lime. Wait for a week before you sow seed.

When you sow the seed, scatter it evenly over the entire area, using about 1 lb. to each 200 sq. ft. Rake the area lightly after the seeds are sown in order to cover them. Then roll the lawn with a very light roller to make the soil compact around the seeds. Seed should not be planted while the soil is very wet, but only when it is moist. It may be necessary to water the lawn thoroughly with a very fine spray several times after planting. Do not cut grass until it is 3 or 4 in. tall. Do not remove lawn clippings. Early spring or fall are the best times to plant grass, but with frequent and thorough watering a lawn may be started during the summer as well.

Garden Supplies

52x44 Vegetable Gardening Book

A book that answers all your gardening questions

Here, at last, is a reasonably priced book that gives you all the answers. The dean of the College of Agriculture at Rutgers University says, "It is gratifying to greet a book like this, intensely practical, simple yet comprehensive. . . ." Novice or old timer alike will find this book a reliable guide. It treats more than 60 vegetables and herbs in minute detail, giving down-to-earth, complete information about planting, tending, protecting from disease and insects, harvesting, storage, vitamin content; the amount you need per person, and a host of other facts. The best book of its kind ever published.

Price, only 25¢

52x45 The Flower Encyclopedia

Everything you need to know about all garden flowers

The best book on flowers we have seen. Written by Albert E. Wilkinson, Professor of Landscape Gardening, University of Connecticut, and filled with hundreds of illustrations.

The volume includes complete information about all the garden flowers. It tells you just how the plants and flowers look, which are the better varieties, how to plant the seeds and bulbs, what kind of soil and fertilizer each type needs, special summer care, the enemies of each variety, and how to winter-over the plants.

There are complete planting charts for perennial and annual beds. There is ample information concerning hotbeds, cold frames, and seed flats. There are simple explanations of confusing terms and of leaf and flower types, and many other valuable features.

This book has 524 pages, and is a guide you'll treasure for many years. You'll want to give copies to your friends.

Each, \$1.00

Soil Soaker

The most convenient, efficient, economical way to irrigate

A revolutionary new way of watering lawns, shrubs, trees and gardens. It has many advantages over hose or sprinklers, and most important is the fact that it does a much better job of putting the right amount of water where it is needed, and no place else.

This apparatus is a canvas tube 2 in. in diameter with a regular hose attachment at one end and the other end closed. When water is turned into the tube it fills and seeps freely from every pore in the cloth. The water does not run off, even on steep slopes, but soaks right down into the ground exactly where you want it. It releases 20% more water than sprinklers with about 25% saving in water due to less evaporation, runoff, etc. Never wets foliage.

The worst thing about watering a lawn or garden has been the danger of insufficient depth of soaking to help the plants. With the Soil Soaker you can't miss doing the job right. One of the best garden accessories we know of.

52x20 Soil Soaker, 12 ft. length, each \$1.55
52x22 Soil Soaker, 30 ft. length, each \$3.20

52x01 Insecticide Duster

For use with Rotenone, DDT, or other garden insecticides. This duster is of fine construction with a long metal tube and nozzle designed to get the dust under the leaves where it does the most good. Very economical of dust, and easy to operate.

Each, \$1.80

MORE GARDEN SUPPLIES ON NEXT PAGE

Fertilizers

52x27 Bone Meal

Provides long term enrichment, is absolutely safe (will not burn plants), and does not render soil acid. Nitrogen becomes available immediately, phosphorus benefits continue for years.

5 lbs. 60¢

52x29 Sheep Manure

Quickacting natural fertilizer provided in a finely pulverized condition. Better than horse manure and much easier to handle. Contains nitrogen, phosphorus, and potash.

5 lbs. 55¢

52x30 PlanTabbs

A complete fertilizer in tablet form. Clean, odorless, and safe. Original 11-15-20 prewar high concentration formula now available. Ideal for potted plants. 30 tablets 25¢; 75 for 50¢; 200 for \$1.00; 1000 for \$3.50

52x54 Vigoro

A balanced plant food that supplies the necessary minerals to make good crops. Five pounds fertilize about 125 sq. ft. We send the formula generally recommended for your area.

5 lbs. 60¢

Insecticides

52x39 Rotenone

Rotenone is by all odds the most versatile and effective garden insecticide on the market. Our stock is called Hammond's Stabilized 75 Dust. It contains nothing but rotenone, rotenone by-products, and inert ingredients, so it is perfectly harmless to plants and humans, but deadly to insects. A few insects, like the squash bug, are immune to all insecticides except the new Sabacide presented on page 70. But for most garden pests this rotenone dust is the very best killer.

1 lb. 55¢; 5 lbs. \$2.20

52x40 B-B Dust

A rotenone and sulphur compound used as dust or spray, and positively the most effective control for Mexican Bean Beetles. Many gardeners consider this combination to be the best for general dusting or spraying. The fact that 15% of the dust is sulphur makes the application also useful in the control of fungoid diseases. There are no poisonous ingredients in this dust which will harm humans who eat vegetables treated with it. Used with an efficient duster like the one described on the previous page, a single bag is usually sufficient for an entire season in the average garden.

5 lb. bag \$1.90

52x15 Red Arrow

A highly concentrated solution, the principal basis being the powerful rotenone. This solution is the one to use if you prefer to spray instead of dust rotenone in your garden. During the war synthetics were used in its manufacture, but it is back to full killing power now. Nonpoisonous. One ounce makes 8 quarts of spray.

1 oz. bottle 35¢; 4 ozs. \$1.00

52x10 Mexogen

Many parts of the East and South are visited annually by hordes of Mexican Bean Beetles which form a serious hazard for all bean crops except soy beans. Mexogen is a spray concentrate specifically designed to combat this pest. It kills the adult, larvae, and eggs. Nonpoisonous to humans.

½ pt. 85¢; 1 qt. \$2.25

52x51 Black Leaf 40

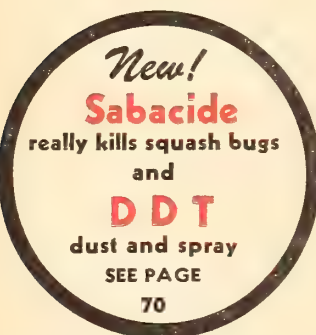
The most effective control over aphids, as well as other soft-bodied insects. This is a solution containing 40% nicotine sulphate. Dilute at the rate of one teaspoonful to a gallon of water.

1 oz. 40¢; 5 ozs. \$1.10; 1 lb. \$2.50

52x36 Hammond's Slug Shot

An old-time standard bug killer, improved with new ingredients to make it a fungicide as well. Good for controlling Mexican Bean Beetles as well as many other insects. Contains sulphur, nicotine, calcium arsenate, and other effective chemicals. May be used either as dust or spray. This compound is poisonous and vegetables should be washed thoroughly if dust is placed on them.

1 lb. sifter-top carton 45¢; 5 lbs. \$1.90



52x50 Arsenate of Lead

The most famous poison of them all. Can be mixed for spraying, used as a dusting powder, or mixed with other sprays or dusts to provide the lethal punch to all leaf-eating insects. Don't forget it's poisonous.

1 lb. 45¢; 4 lbs. \$1.35

52x52 Bordeaux Mixture

A fungicide of highest value. Used to prevent mildew, blight, black rot, leaf curl and other fungoid diseases. It also repels insects like flea beetles. May be used in combination with such insecticides as arsenate of lead. Use in sprays for tomatoes, potatoes, roses, hollyhocks, pansies, etc.

1 lb. 40¢; 4 lbs. \$1.10

Garden Supplies

52x58 Semesan

The first step in making your seed planting successful. Semesan is a mercury compound for the treatment of seeds. May be used either dry or in solution to prevent damping off and to control many seed and soil-borne diseases.

Garden packet 10¢

52x56 Legume Aid

An inoculant for garden beans (including soy beans), peas, and lima beans. These bacteria cause nodules to form on the roots of these crops, fixing nitrogen from the air, and increasing both the plant's vigor and the fertility of the soil.

Garden packet 10¢

52x37 Hotkaps

Used to lengthen the growing season, obtain extremely early crops, and protect young plants from wind, beating rain, hail, insects, and frost. The reinforced wax paper plant covers are actually miniature greenhouses forcing tender plants ahead at top speed during the uncertain spring weather. The 100 and 250 size packages contain fiberboard setters.

25 Hotkaps and a cardboard setter 65¢; 100 Hotkaps \$2.40; 250 for \$4.35



52x04 Rootone

This hormone powder, containing the most widely effective plant hormones known, stimulates the formation of roots on cuttings and hastens the germination of seed. Just dust your seed with Rootone powder or dip cuttings in the powder before planting. You will be pleasantly surprised at the strong, sturdy roots and superior vigor that result.

¼ oz. package 25¢; 2 oz. jar \$1.00

52x05 Transplantone

Transplantone contains the safest and most widely effective plant hormones, together with such vitamins as C and B₁ that are effective in assisting root development. You can move plants with less wilt or the usual setback after transplanting. This means earlier flowering on some plants and earlier crops on vegetables such as tomatoes and peppers.

½ oz. package 25¢; 3 ozs. \$1.00; 1 lb. \$4.00

52x26 Mologen

A safe, effective preparation for the elimination of moles. It is a powdered bait simply placed at intervals in the mole tunnels. Quick acting. Sure.

½ lb. can 55¢; 1 ½ lbs. \$1.40

52x02 Misty Sprayer

A handy and efficient hand pump sprayer with 1 qt. capacity. This implement is sturdily made of galvanized metal, and should last for many years.

85¢ each

52x43 Large Sprayer

An excellent large garden sprayer with a 4-gallon capacity. Operates by compressed air, throwing a thick, fog-like spray. Made of galvanized metal. Includes carrying strap, right length hose, and angled nozzle.

\$7.50 each

Regal
Lily



Regal Lily (*Lilium Regale*)

Large, trumpet-shaped, white blooms marked canary-yellow in the throat; outside shaded lilac-pink. One of the most beautiful and most popular of all. With the fragrance of Jasmine, the long regal blooms are borne freely in whorls atop strong, 3 to 5 ft. stems. Very easy to grow. Blooms late June and July.

72B32 Large Bulbs for the most flowers.
45¢ each; 3 for \$1.15; 12 for \$4.00

72B31 Medium-Sized Bulbs Guaranteed to bloom.
3 bulbs for only 35¢;
12 for \$1.20; 100 for \$8.50

72B36 Collection of Four Showy Hardy Garden Lilies

Included are one bulb each of—**Superbum, Canadense, Coral Lily**, and large size **Regal Lily** (4 bulbs in all, value \$1.45) for only..... **\$1.25**

72B41 Superbum (*American Turk's Cap*)

Brilliant orange-scarlet shaded yellow and spotted with purplish crimson at the base; red anthers. 5 to 6 ft. tall. Blooms from July until September. Grows anywhere. 30¢ each; 3 for 80¢; 12 for \$2.75

72B29 Henryi (*Yellow Show Lily*)

Grows to towering height, seldom less than 4 ft., frequently 6 ft., and occasionally in special situations to as much as 9 ft. Blooms in July and August, having orange flowers spotted with reddish brown, 3 in. across, with recurved petals. This variety, sometimes called Yellow Speciosum Lily, is resistant to lily mosaic. A beautiful and unique flower.

50¢ each; 3 for \$1.25; 12 for \$4.75

Amaryllis

70B04 Giant American Hybrids

Huge flowers carried on strong stems. Mixture contains self-colors, as well as penciled varieties. Very easy to grow. Not hardy.

55¢ each; 3 for \$1.50; 12 for \$5.75



Amaryllis,
Giant American Hybrids—



Double Begonias

Flowering Bulbs

AVAILABLE ONLY FROM JANUARY TO MAY

The flowering bulbs and roots offered on this and the next pages are a veritable treasure house of wonderful plants. Since the initial work is already done in bringing the bulbs to blooming size what you actually do when you plant them is to reap the beautiful harvest of skilled growers' efforts. Whether for indoor or outdoor culture, full directions for growing accompany each shipment. Everything is postpaid.

Hardy Lilies

Lilies are easily grown in any good, well-drained garden soil, and when once established will increase in beauty each year. Lily bulbs differ greatly in size according to variety; some are 1 in. across, others 3 in. or more. We supply the sizes that will give the best results. In planting, a general rule to follow is, cover bulbs with soil to the depth of three times their greatest diameter. Complete instructions accompany all shipments.

72B42 Canadense (*Canadian Lily*)

Lovely bright orange, bell-shaped flowers 3 in. across marked with purplish black and having rich red anthers; borne in graceful, drooping clusters during late June and July. 3 ft. high.

35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50



Coral Lily

72B27 Coral Lily (*Tenuifolium*)

Graceful, nodding, coral-red flowers with petals beautifully reflexed. Grow 1½ to 2 ft. tall, bloom in June and July, and are most desirable in borders or rock gardens. The most brilliantly colored lily of all. Plant in a sunny location. This species is resistant to lily mosaic.

35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50

72B28 Tigrinum fl. pl. (*Double Tiger Lily*)

Gorgeous salmon-red double flowers spotted with purplish black. Plants 4 ft. tall; bloom in August and September.

40¢ each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.60

72B40 Tigrinum Giganteum (*Giant Tiger*)

Plants are extremely hardy, and produce the familiar, large, single, salmon-red flowers with purplish black spots. Blooms in August and September. 3 to 4 ft. tall.

40¢ each; 3 for \$1.00; 12 for \$3.60



Giant Tiger Lily

Tuberous Rooted Begonias

Grown in pots, the plants will bloom for many weeks during the spring and early summer. Planted outdoors, in a half-shady position, they will flower continuous until frost. Not hardy.

70B50 Frilled and Crested Mixed Flowers of largest size in many exquisite colors. Some have attractively frilled and ruffled edges, others have a distinct, cushion-like center.
3 for 75¢; 12 for \$2.75

Double Flowering

70B45 Pink
70B46 Salmon
70B48 Scarlet
70B47 Yellow

Any of the above four:
35¢ each; 3 for 95¢;
12 for \$3.50

70B44 Mixed Colors Fine double blooms in all colors. Free blooming.
3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50

70B49 Collection of Four Begonias

One bulb each of salmon, scarlet, pink, and yellow double begonias (value \$1.40) for only..... **\$1.10**

74B99 Surprise Collection of Bulbs

This is your opportunity to secure, at a real bargain price, some excellent high-priced bulbs of our selection. Each spring we have a surplus of various kinds of flowering bulbs which we put into this collection. Send us your order for this assortment early, and we will send you 75 bulbs, our selection, all properly labeled, as soon as possible after May 1 for only..... **\$3.50**

Maule's High Quality Dahlia Roots

From a long list of dahlias we have selected those offered here because of their strong growing habits and free flowering qualities. Whether you select the large-flowered Decorative, or Cactus, or the small-flowered Pompon varieties, you will find that they are all lovely in the garden and fine for cutting.



Jersey's Beauty Decorative Dahlia

INFORMAL DECORATIVE

Broad, thick flowers with loosely arranged petals.

- 76B30 **Clara Carder** The largest of the pinks. 75¢ each; 3 for \$2.10
 76B69 **Jane Cowl** Buff and salmon shades. Immense blooms. 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65
 77B40 **Margaret W. Wilson** Creamy white shaded pink. 50¢ each; 3 for \$1.35
 77B61 **Palo Alto** Soft apricot-buff suffused coral red. 75¢ each; 3 for \$2.10
 77B60 **Prince of Persia** The huge flowers are clear scarlet-red. 75¢ each; 3 for \$2.10

77B99 Collection

- 5 Roots—One each of the above
 5 Dahlias (value \$3.35) for only \$2.50

CACTUS AND SEMI-CACTUS DAHLIAS

Most graceful and artistic of dahlias. The true Cactus have narrow rolled petals while the petals of the Semi-Cactus are broader, twisted, with the ends rolled together.

C = Cactus; S. C. = Semi-Cactus.

- 76B47 **Dancing Sultana (C)** An oriental red. Vigorous. 85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35
 76B49 **Bernice Geer (C)** Rose and salmon tipped straw color. 85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35
 76B80 **Jean Trimbee (S. C.)** Beautiful petunia violet color. 85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35
 76B50 **Shower of Gold (C)** Gold and amber flowers. Well shaped. 85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35
 77B05 **Snow Boy (C)** Large pure white. 85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35

77B98 Special Collection

- 5 Roots—One each of the above 5 named Cactus and Semi-Cactus Dahlias (value \$4.25) for only \$3.50

77B96 Bargain Collection

- If you will leave the selection to us, we will send you 6 different named, large-flowered dahlias (but not chosen from the Pompon group), each properly labeled, 6 roots in all (our choice) for the special price of \$2.50

FORMAL DECORATIVE

Large, heavy blooms with broad, straight, regularly arranged petals of much substance. Good keepers.

- 76B10 **Avalon** Light lemon-yellow; popular.
 76B70 **Jean Kerr** Pure white; very profuse.
 76B74 **Jersey's Beauty** Luminous chamois-pink.
 76B83 **Kentucky** Light salmon-orange.
 77B24 **Mrs. I de Ver Warner** Mauve pink.
 Any of the above five: 45¢ each; 3 for \$1.20

- 76B73 **Jersey's Beacon** Dazzling Chinese scarlet.
 77B50 **Jersey's Triumph** Copper flushed bronze.
 Either of these two: 60¢ each; 3 for \$1.65

- 76B32 **Coral Beauty** Lovely coral-pink.
 77B67 **Red Eagle** Very vivid red.
 77B73 **Salmon Supreme** Salmon-orange-pink.
 77B85 **White Supreme** Long stems.
 Any of the above four: 75¢ each; 3 for \$2.10

- 76B14 **Bauers Ideal** Glowing deep red.
 76B13 **Blue River** Very deep bluish lilac.
 76B76 **Mrs. Wm. S. Knudsen** Pure white.
 77B71 **Ruby Taylor** A lovely carmine.
 77B74 **Sultan of Hillcrest** Yellow and pink.
 76B16 **White Victory** White flushed lavender.
 77B83 **Wm. H. Hogan** Garnet red tipped white.

Any of the above seven: 85¢ each; 3 for \$2.35

77B94 Special Collection Distinct Formal Decorative Dahlias

- 5 Roots—One each of **Salmon Supreme, White Supreme, Kentucky, Avalon, and Wm. H. Hogan** (value \$3.25) for only \$2.25

POMPON OR LILLIPUT

Smallest of all dahlias and most free blooming.

- 76B08 **Amber Queen** Apricot shade.
 76B45 **Dee Dee** Lovely lavender.
 76B48 **Morning Mist** White tipped lavender.
 76B68 **Golden Queen** Rich yellow.
 76B79 **Joe Fette** Pure white. Profuse.
 77B20 **Mary Munns** Rich fuchsia-red.
 Any of these: 45¢ each; 3 for \$1.20

77B95 Collection

- 6 Roots—One each of the above 6 Pompons (value \$2.70) for only \$2.25



Joe Fette Pompon Dahlia

Callas

70B40 White (Ethiopia) Large white flowers of cornucopia form sometimes wrongly called lilies. Plant roots singly in pots of quite rich soil, provide good drainage, and water freely while in active growth. The addition of liquid fertilizer just before the plants come in bloom will increase the size of the flowers. Easily grown; fine for cutting. Not hardy. 40¢ each; 3 for \$1.10; 12 for \$3.60

70B42 Golden Yellow (Elliotiana) Bright golden yellow flowers produced freely on long, sturdy stems. Although not quite so large flowering as the white, it will be found of great decorative value, the attractive yellow flowers standing out in bold contrast to the lovely, showy, variegated green and white foliage. Plant one root to a pot. Not hardy. 40¢ each; 3 for \$1.10; 12 for \$3.60



Golden Yellow Calla

Canna Roots

Cannas are most showy flowering plants. Their tall, stately growth and their bold colorful blooms make them a foremost bedding plant for tall groups. We send out dormant 2-10-3-eye root divisions. We suggest starting them early indoors, setting the plants out when soil has become warm.

- 75B15 **City of Portland** Exquisite, large, rich pink blooms; green foliage. 3½ ft. tall.
 75B29 **Eureka** Creamy white flowers of heavy texture. 4½ ft.
 75B35 **Hungaria** Magnificent rose-pink; green foliage. 3½ ft.
 75B50 **King Humbert** Velvety orange-scarlet, tinted rose; bronzy red leaves with a metallic iridescence. Height, 4½ ft.
 75B60 **Mrs. Alfred F. Conard** Exquisite bright salmon-pink. Most attractive. Height, 4½ ft.
 75B75 **The President** The finest, largest, and most wonderful red canna ever offered. The rich glowing red flowers are of unusually heavy substance. Green foliage. 4 ft. tall.
 75B88 **Wyoming** A bronze or dark-leaved canna with rich orange flowers borne on fine stately stems. 6 ft. tall.
 75B89 **Yellow King Humbert** Deep golden yellow, attractively blotched, striped, or dotted bright scarlet; green foliage. 4 ft.

Any of the above eight: 25¢ each; 3 for 70¢; 12 for \$2.50

- 75B90 **Many Varieties Mixed** Included are the finest types and colors, all producing exquisite flowers on stately plants. 3 for 70¢; 12 for \$2.50

79B01 Special Collection

All 8 Named Showy Cannas

- 8 Roots—One root each of the above 8 named varieties (value \$2.00) for only \$1.50



St. Brigid Anemone

Anemone—Windflower

Long, stiff-stemmed, showy flowers in many charming colors. Blooms outdoors in May and June. Prefers warm soil and sheltered location. Hardy in mild climates. Fine for pots. 1 ft.

70B08 DeCaen, Single Poppy-Flowered Very bright, fresh colors of rose, pink, red, blue, and white.
3 for 25¢; 12 for 70¢; 100 for \$4.75

70B09 St. Brigid Semi-double flowers in white, pink, red, and blue, and combinations of those colors.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 90¢; 100 for \$6.50



Oxalis

Oxalis

Bloom all summer; plants are fine for borders, rock gardens, pots and hanging baskets. Not hardy.

72B62 Lasiandra Rosy crimson.

72B66 Pink (*Shamrock foliage*)

72B64 White (*Deppei*)

Any of the above: 12 for 25¢; 100 for \$1.50



Fancy Leaved Caladium

Gladiolus Bulbs

Lovely to plant in beds, borders or groups here and there in annual or perennial plantings. Ideal for house decoration. Cut spikes when the lowest flower shows color, and all the others on the spike clear to the top will open. Plant bulbs every 2 or 3 weeks up to July 1 for a succession of bloom.

78B67 Bagdad Smoky old rose.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

78B05 Berty Snow Rosy lavender; light throat.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

78B68 Betty Nuthall Glowing orange-pink.
3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00

78B70 Debonair La France-pink shading to shrimp pink with creamy mark in throat.
3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00

78B50 Dr. F. E. Bennett Fiery orange-scarlet.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

79B16 Collection

15 Bulbs—Three each **Golden Dream**, **Maid of Orleans**, **Picardy**, **Minuet**, and **Red Phipps** (value \$1.50) for **\$1.10**

78B25 Golden Dream Deep golden yellow.
3 for 25¢; 12 for 70¢; 100 for \$5.00

78B38 King Lear Deep purple edged in silver.
3 for 50¢; 12 for \$1.80; 100 for \$13.00

78B62 Maid of Orleans White with cream throat.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

78B63 Minuet Clear, light, pinkish lavender.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

78B59 Mrs. Van Konyenburg Clear lilac-blue.
3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00

78B39 Peggy Lou Light rose; tall.
3 for 40¢; 12 for \$1.40; 100 for \$10.00

78B65 Picardy Apricot-pink huge flowers.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

78B41 Recado Rosy ash splashed with scarlet.
3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.15; 100 for \$8.00

78B77 Red Phipps Light red flowers; long spikes.
3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.15; 100 for \$8.00

78B78 Rewi Fallu Huge; blood-red.
3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.15; 100 for \$8.00

78B40 Valeria Light red, ruffled flowers.
3 for 40¢; 12 for \$1.40; 100 for \$10.00

78B86 W. H. Phipps Pink, striped salmon.
3 for 30¢; 12 for 95¢; 100 for \$7.00

78B87 Maule's Extra Fine Mixed, All Colors
The choicest large-flowered varieties.
3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00

78B89 Mixture, Primulinus Varieties
3 for 25¢; 12 for 85¢; 100 for \$6.00

79B22 Special Collection

14 Bulbs—One each of 14 of the named **Gladiolus** offered here, our selection (each labeled), for only **\$1.00**



Picardy Gladiolus

Caladium

Attractive foliage plants of fine decorative value. While *Fancy Leaved* is for both indoors and outdoors, *Esculentum* is for garden only. Not hardy.

70B38 Fancy Leaved Richly colored and marked foliage in combinations of red, green, and white. In many plants the leaf veins are of a contrasting color.
35¢ each; 3 for 95¢; 12 for \$3.50

70B36 Esculentum (*Elephant's Ear*) Enormous rich green leaves often measuring 2½ to 3 ft. long and 2 ft. wide. Succeeds in deeply spaded rich garden soil exposed to the full sun.
25¢ each; 3 for 70¢; 12 for \$2.50

Tigridia—Tigerflower

72B69 Mixed Showy, oddly-shaped large blooms in orange and yellow, marked red and purple. Easily grown in any good soil. Grow and treat the same as gladiolus. Blooms in August and September.
15¢ each; 3 for 40¢; 12 for \$1.40

Tuberose

74B18 Excelsior, Dwarf Pearl Large double white flowers with a rich, heavy fragrance. Closely set on heavy, upright spikes. Make a nice showing in the garden and highly prized for cutting. Do best in a well-drained soil and sunny, somewhat sheltered warm location. Not hardy. The spikes grow 2 to 3 ft. tall and only a few plants are needed to fill a whole garden with fragrance. *Because of State law, we regret we are unable to ship tuberose bulbs to California.*
3 for 35¢; 12 for \$1.20; 100 for \$8.50

Montbretia

72B55 Mixed Like a small gladiolus in shape, the gay flowers come in shades of yellow, salmon, orange and scarlet in mixture. Plant these bulbs and tend just like gladiolus. Plan for groups in your garden. Fine for cutting. Not hardy. 2 ft. tall.
3 for 30¢; 12 for \$1.00; 100 for \$7.50

Flowers

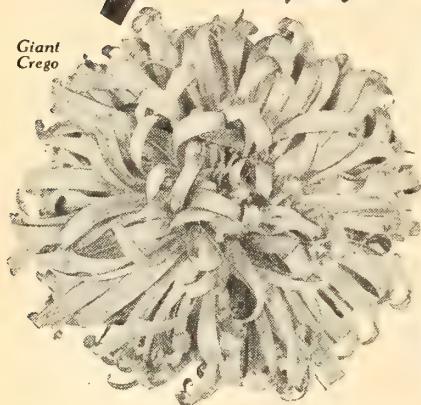
NOTE

All flower varieties listed are annuals unless labeled otherwise. They bloom and die in one season. Perennials, which are hardy, permanent flowers that bloom for years, are marked (perennial) wherever they appear. Those marked biennial do not bloom until the second year from seed, after which they die.

Giant Branching



Giant Crego



Giant Crego

Midseason. Large blooms, 4 to 5 in. across, with long, ribbon-like, gracefully curled and twisted petals, giving them a chrysanthemum-like appearance. Flowers are carried on long, strong stems which make them ideal for cutting. The plants flower for several weeks during midseason. 2 ft.

- | | |
|---|-------------------|
| 1031 Blue W. R. | 1036 Pink W. R. |
| 1034 Crimson W. R. | 1047 Violet W. R. |
| 1035 Rose W. R. | 1038 White W. R. |
| 1039 Mixed Colors W. R. A careful blending of the above and other colors; lovely for cutting. | |

Any of the above Giant Crego Asters:
Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢; 1/4 oz. 55¢

**4127 Giant Crego
Wilt Resistant Aster Collection**
6 Pkts.—One each of the above six separate colors (value 60¢) for only **45¢**

Asters

With its many and varied forms, its wide range of color, and its real beauty, the aster is deservedly one of the most popular flowers we have. By planting early, midseason and late varieties you may have asters from June to frost. **W. R.** means Wilt Resistant—resistant to the destructive wilt disease. We offer all that have been bred so far, and will add more as they are developed. Asters bloom from three to five months after seed is sown, varying with the variety and the climate. By starting the seed indoors 6 weeks before outdoor planting time, earlier blooms may be had. Give your asters rich, well-drained soil, plenty of moisture and sunshine, and they will repay you. The location of the aster bed should be changed every year for best results.

Giant Branching

This excellent strain blooms from midseason to frost, growing more lovely in size and color of blossom up to the very end. Flowers are fully double, 3 1/2 to 4 in. across, with somewhat incurved petals. Plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall, branch freely, producing stems often 2 ft. long. We are pleased to be able to offer below wilt resistant strains of six choice colors.

- | | |
|--|-----------------------|
| 1091 Azure Blue W. R. | 1090 Scarlet W. R. |
| 1094 Purple W. R. | 1095 Shell Pink W. R. |
| 1098 Light Rose W. R. | 1096 White W. R. |
| Any of the above: Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢ | |
| 1097 Mixed Colors W. R. Most superb blend of many fine colors. | |
| Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢; 1/4 oz. 55¢ | |

4128 Giant Branching W. R. Aster Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above 6 separate colors (value 90¢) for only **50¢**



Extra Early Navy Blue

983 Extra Early Navy Blue

A new extra-early, giant flowered aster; rather close in form to that of the Giant Crego type. The flowers are large, about 4 in. in diameter, with long, ribbon-like, beautifully curled, twisted, and interlaced petals of a rich, luminous, deep velvety purple-blue color. Plants grow about 20 in. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢; 1/4 oz. 70¢

1071 Peerless Yellow

Midseason to late. Beautiful, clear light yellow. Flowers are large, double, and perfectly round in form. Plants are of the branching type and grow 2 to 3 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢



Peerless Yellow

Maule's *Lovely* Asters

Earliest Blooming

The first of our large asters to bloom. The flowers are fully double, about 3 in. across, and carried on fairly long stems. Plants are of open, spreading growth and branch freely near the base. 15 to 18 in. tall. Will bloom in June if started early.

- 1021 **Crimson W. R.**
- 1029 **Deep Rose**
- 1022 **Pink W. R.**
- 1011 **Purple W. R.**
- 1054 **White W. R.**
- 1053 **Mixed Colors W. R.**

Any of the above:

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢; 1/4 oz. 55¢

4121 Earliest Blooming Aster Collection

5 Pkts.—One each of the above five separate colors (value 50¢) for only **35¢**

Pompon or Button

Charming, rather early blooming type of aster with small, round, pompon flowers having a few rows of short, broad outer petals and attractive quilled center petals. Plants are of upright, somewhat compact growth, about 15 in. tall, and lend themselves admirably to borders, bedding and cutting.

1066 Mixed Colors The most desirable colors are blended in the proper proportion for a grand display in garden or for cutting.
Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢; 1/4 oz. 70¢

1058 Violet Glory

Extremely early blooming; first flowers appear in about 14 weeks after the seed is sown. They are of a rich shade of deep purple-violet, 3 to 3 1/2 in. across, fully double and so thick as to be almost globular. Plants grow 1 1/2 ft. tall and are of open, spreading habit. Stems are straight, strong and range from 12 to 15 in. in length.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢

California Giants

Midseason to late. The largest of the fluffy or feathered type of asters. The immense chrysanthemum-like blooms, 5 in. or more across, have long, gracefully curled and twisted petals, giving them a lovely fluffy appearance. They are carried on strong stems, 1 1/2 to 2 ft. long. Plants branch freely and grow 2 to 3 ft. tall. Valuable for cutting.

- 992 **Crimson**
- 993 **Blue**
- 994 **Pink**
- 998 **Mixed Colors** The above and others.
- 995 **Purple**
- 996 **Rose**
- 997 **White**

Any of the above California Giants:
Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢; 1/4 oz. 85¢

4130 California Giant Aster Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above six colors (value 90¢) for only **50¢**

1118 Maule's Choice Varieties Mixed

This mixture contains all the best types of big, double asters in all colors. It is a supremely fine assortment of early, midseason, and late flowering varieties.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢



California Giant



Earliest Blooming



American Beauty

American Beauties

Midseason to late. A true American type of aster, noted for its vigorous growth, free blooming character, and the unusually long stems of the large flowers. The plants are of branching habit and grow 2 to 2 1/2 ft. tall. Flowers are globular, fully double, with incurved petals, and usually about 4 in. across. They are desirable for beds, borders and cutting.

1115 Heart of France

W.R. Midseason. Deep, rich glowing red unlike any other red aster. Flowers are of good size, fully double and borne on long, strong stems. Fine for cutting; 15 to 18 in. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢; 1/4 oz. 70¢

- 1072 **Carmine Rose W. R.**
- 1074 **Azure Blue (Dark**
- 1075 **Crimson W. R.**
- 1018 **Deep Rose W. R.**
- 1076 **Purple W. R.**
- 1077 **Shell Pink W. R.**
- 1078 **White W. R.**

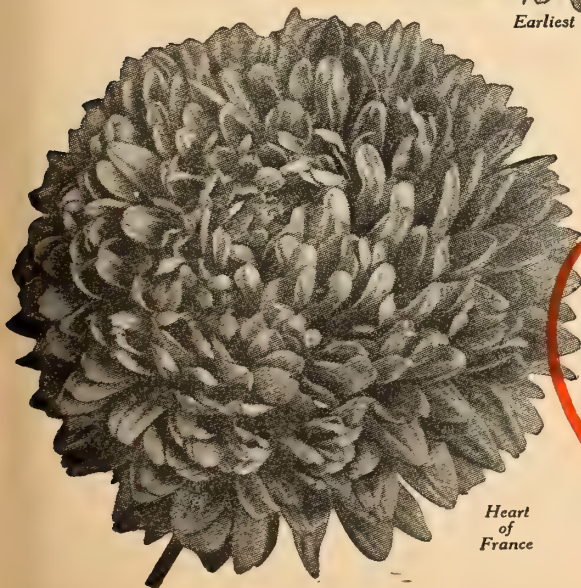
1079 Mixed Colors W. R. Fine range of beautiful colors, including many not listed above. Very showy.

Any of the above American Beauty Asters:
Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢; 1/4 oz. 70¢

4126 American Beauty Wilt Resistant Aster Collection

Six lovely colors, Carmine Rose, Azure Blue, Crimson, Purple, Shell Pink, and White.

6 Pkts.—One of each color (value 90¢) for only **50¢**



Heart of France



914 Little Gem Alyssum

Alyssum—Sweet Alyssum

The annual forms are of very quick growth and popular for edgings, borders, rock gardens, pots and boxes. Sowings two to three weeks apart, from early spring to mid-July, will insure blooms until frost. Perennial alyssums are showy, spring-flowering plants so popular in rock gardens.

913 Violet Queen Fragrant, bright violet flowers with top ones in cluster being white. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢

914 Little Gem The best pure white dwarf alyssum. Grows 4 or 5 in. high. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢

918 Sweet (Maritimum) Always desirable. Pure white, honey-scented flowers cover the spreading plants. 10 in.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 20¢; oz. 35¢

916 Saxatile compactum (Perennial) Bright golden yellow flowers very early in the spring. 9 to 12 in. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢

Ageratum—Floss Flower

Profuse blooming plants covered throughout the summer and fall with clusters of showy, fluffy flowers. Ideal for borders, edgings, bedding, rock gardens, pots or cutting. Grows anywhere in sun or half-shade.

902 Dwarf Blue Bushy plants, 6 to 8 in. tall, with many heads of deep lavender-blue flowers.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢

Begonias, Everblooming

Begonias are ideal for beds, borders, pots and window boxes. Outdoors, they bloom profusely in sun or half-shade until frost; indoors, they bloom all the year round. 10 in.

1138 Choicest Mixed Well-balanced mixture which includes white, salmon, and many shades of red and pink, with both green and bronze foliage. Fibrous rooted.

Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢

Black-Eyed Susan Vine

Thunbergia alata

1942 Mixed Beautiful in window boxes or trailing on the ground. Yellow, buff, orange and white flowers, some with black eye. 4 to 6 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

Blue Lace Flower—Didiscus

1151 Large, delicate, lace-like flowers of lavender-blue, about 2 1/2 in. across. Good for cutting. Blooms all summer. 1 1/2 ft. tall. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢

Blue Sage—Salvia

Grows quickly from seed. Blooms all summer and fall.

1725 Farinacea, Blue Bedder Flowers are dark blue; stems and calyx violet-white. 2 1/2 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢

1728 Azurea grandiflora (Perennial) Long spikes of bright sky-blue flowers in August and September. Prefers full sun. 3 ft. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢



1384 Pacifica Perennial Baby's Breath

Baby's Breath—Gypsophila

Used extensively for mixing with other flowers in bouquets. The annual types bloom quickly from seed, making plants about 1 1/2 ft. tall and covered with small, open, bell-shaped blooms. Easily grown in any soil. To have the annual type in bloom all season, make several sowings.

1368 Giant White An improved large-flowered variety; pure white. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢

PERENNIAL BABY'S BREATH

Easily grown, most profuse blooming, popular hardy plants, excellent for borders and mixing with other cut flowers.

1384 Pacifica Quite erect growing plants, 3 to 4 ft. tall, covered during August with masses of small pink blooms. Lovely and desirable. Very showy. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢

1371 Paniculata Tiny single white flowers on slender stems in June and July. 2 1/2 ft. tall. Can be dried.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢

1383 Paniculata Double Small double white flowers in great profusion. June and July. 3 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢



1326 California Poppy

California Poppy

Eschscholtzia

Quick growing, free flowering plants of easiest culture. Bloom early and continue until frost. 12 to 15 in. tall.

1326 Mixed Single Flowering A large variety of colors; single flowers. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢

Calceolaria

1155 Mixed Colors (House Plant) Peculiar, pouch-like blooms in many colors, some attractively blotched, spotted, tigered or laced. Very colorful. Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢



1142 Yellow Shaggy Calendula

Calendula—Scorch Marigold

Calendulas bloom all summer until frost where summers are not too hot. In warm sections, sowings made in late June will provide choice flowers in late summer and fall. 1 1/2 to 2 ft.

1169 Art Shades Extra choice mixture of apricot, cream, orange, picotees and many other colors. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

1164 Glowing Gold Large double flowers of a glowing gold color. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢

1156 Golden Ball Deep golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

1167 Masterpiece Rich orange with reddish orange-brown center. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

1141 Orange Fantasy Deep coppery orange, edged deep mahogany-red. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢

1188 Yellow Colossal Bright yellow flowers sometimes 4 1/2 in. across. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

1142 Yellow Shaggy Flowers 3 in. across, and almost as deep. Petals quilled and cut. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

1161 Mixed Varieties Well blended. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢; oz. 40¢

Cactus from Seed

1154 Mixed Varieties (House Plant) A choice assortment of many interesting types and forms that are easily grown from seed. It is surprising how quickly they grow. Complete culture given on the seed packet.

Pkt. 15¢; 100 seeds 40¢

Canary Bird Flower

1175 (Tropaeolum canariense) Graceful climber with yellow, nasturtium-like flowers, oddly fringed and notched. At a distance, they appear like tiny canary birds. Prefers semi-shade and fairly moist soil. Foliage is beautifully cut. 10 to 15 ft.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢; oz. 85¢

Castor Oil Bean—Ricinus

Tall, annual, large-leaved showy plants of tropical appearance; handsome and quite effective as specimen plants on the lawn or as a background or screen. Quick growers. Do best in a warm, sunny location. Said to keep moles out of the ground.

1714 Zanzibarensis The tallest growing castor oil bean, reaching a height of 12 to 14 ft. The large, rich green leaves often grow 2 ft. across.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢

1715 Mixed Green, red and bronze leaved varieties in mixture. 8 to 10 ft. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 25¢



1243 Cobaea Scandens

Cobaea—Cathedral Bells

1243 Scandens An annual climber that makes a growth of 10 to 20 ft. Its large, bell-shaped flowers turn from clear green in the bud to rich purplish blue when fully developed. Each bloom is an inch or more across. They are followed by large, plum-shaped fruits. This daintily foliaged plant climbs by means of tendrils, clinging to a rough surface. Ideal for porches, arbors, or any place where shade is desired. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

Candytuft—Iberis

Grows 12 to 16 in. tall, and rushes from planting to bloom in 2 months. Will continue to bloom through the season if not allowed to go to seed. Flowers are borne in umbel or umbrella shaped clusters.

1185 Mixed Colors Including pink, rose, lilac and white. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢; 1/2 oz. 40¢

Chrysanthemum

1223 Double Mixed These annual chrysanthemums bloom freely in the late summer and fall. The flowers are 1 1/2 in. across, and appear in shades of yellow and white. Plants are stout, extremely free blooming, greatly branched, 1 1/2 to 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢

Cyclamen

1268 Giant Mixed (House Plant) Wonderful house plants with large, colorful, fragrant blooms held above the ornamental foliage. It takes cyclamen seed about 21 days to germinate, and 16 to 18 months to produce blooming plants. Our mixture is a careful blend of the best and clearest colors. Pkt. (10 seeds) 25¢; 100 seeds \$2.25



1255 Double Yellow Coreopsis

Coreopsis

(Perennial) One of the easiest grown hardy plants. Blooms from May until fall if plants are not allowed to go to seed. The flowers are long-stemmed and useful for cutting. 2 to 3 ft.

1255 Double Yellow Very showy, large, double and semi-double, golden yellow flowers. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢



1145 Annual Campanulas

Campanula

Canterbury Bells

Most useful and beautiful subjects in the garden. Easily raised from seed and succeed in any good, well-drained soil. The *Annual varieties* bloom in less than 6 months from seed; *Biennial varieties* bloom the second year, after which the plants die.

ANNUAL CAMPANULAS

Flowers and plants are shaped like those of the well-known biennial Canterbury Bells, but blooms are produced from seed in less than 6 months. Plants grow 2 to 2½ ft. high.

1145 Mixed Colors Shades of blue, lavender, rose, pink and white.
Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢

BIENNIAL CAMPANULAS

Pyramid-shaped plants covered with large, bell-like blooms during late May and June. 2 to 2½ ft.

1147 Double Mixed In blue, pink and white. Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 35¢

1173 Cup-and-Saucer, Mixed Colors White, rose, and blue cup-and-saucer-shaped blooms in a lovely mixture. Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 30¢

Cornflowers, Double

Centaurea cyanus fl. pl.

Popular, easily grown plants doing well in almost any soil or location. Fine for garden display and cutting. Large double flowers throughout the summer and fall. 2 to 2½ ft.

1213 Blue Any of these:
1228 Red Pkt. 10¢;
1229 Rose ¼ oz. 35¢
1230 White

1218 Mixed Colors All the above.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢; ½ oz. 50¢

4137 Double Cornflower Collection

4 Pkts.—One each of the above 4 colors (value 40¢) for only **30¢**



1213 Double Blue Cornflower



1198 Giant Marguerite Carnation

Carnations

Carnations are excellent for beds, borders and cutting; flowers last a long time on the plants or in water. Plants delight in a well-drained soil rich in lime, and a sunny location. If seed of the perennial varieties is started early indoors, many plants will flower the same season. May also be potted.

GIANT MARGUERITE

1198 Finest Mixed Come into bloom about 5 months after sowing. Our mixture includes all colors, such as scarlet, crimson, rose-pink, salmon, maroon and yellow, besides white. Flowers are large, 2 to 2½ in. across, beautifully fringed, highly fragrant and borne on fine long stems unsurpassed for cutting. 12 to 15 in. Hardy in mild climates.

Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢; ¼ oz. 90¢

ENFANT DE NICE

1196 Mixed Colors (Perennial) A French hybrid strain with very large, double, fragrant flowers, 2½ to 3 in. across, in many lovely colors. 1½ ft. Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 45¢

IMPROVED GIANT (CHABAUD'S)

(Perennial) Exquisitely scented flowers, 2 in. or more across, may be had in 5 or 6 months from the sowing of the seeds. Plants are of erect growth, 15 to 18 in. tall, and very profuse blooming. Stems are long.

1191 Mixed Colors This mixture is truly a marvelous one. It includes white, rose, crimson, and yellow self colors plus many striped and fancy picotee and bizarre blossoms in endless variation.
Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. \$1.00



1244 Mammoth Rainbow Coleus

Coleus—Flame Nettle

1244 Mammoth Rainbow Mixed Highly decorative plant for pot culture indoors, and for making beds, borders or edgings to taller plants outdoors. Its brilliantly colored foliage makes it also valuable for window boxes and cemetery plantings. Coleus develops its best color when exposed to the full sunlight. Few plants make quicker growth. 20 in. Pkt. 25¢; ⅓ oz. 75¢; ⅓ oz. \$1.25



1205 Empress Celosia

Celosia—Cockscomb

Celosia is a family name referring to a large group of flowers. They vary from the dwarf *Cristata* and *Plumed* to the tall, feathery, unbelievable plumes of the *Plumosas*. All are exceptionally thrifty.

CRISTATA OR CRESTED

Dwarf plants with broad, showy, velvety flower heads or combs. Easily dried for winter decoration. 10 in.

1204 Dwarf, Mixed Colors Many magnificent colors in mixture.
Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 35¢

1205 Empress Very large combs of dark crimson; bronzy red foliage.
Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢

DWARF PLUMED

Compact, well-branched plants, 1 ft. tall, each branch tipped with a showy, silky plume. Excellent for beds, borders, edgings and pots.

1202 Fire Feather Brilliant fiery red.
Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢

PLUMOSA—TALL PLUMED

Large, silky plumes of brilliant colors. Blooms from midsummer until frost. Very effective in beds; highly desirable for cutting. 2½ to 3 ft.

1209 Pride of Castle Gould Enormous plumes which are attractively curled in much the same way as ostrich feathers, to which they may be likened. Many colors in mixture.
Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢

1207 Giant Plumed, Mixed Colors Large, silky plumes of all the exquisite colors that are found in celosias.
Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 35¢

Chinese Forget-Me-Not

Cynoglossum amabile

Of easiest culture in ordinary garden soil and a sunny place. Produces graceful, loose sprays of large, Forget-Me-Not-like blooms continuously throughout the summer on strong plants about 20 in. high.

1253 Blue Rich turquoise-blue.
Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 30¢

Cineraria—Cape Aster

(House Plant) Beautiful plants for house decoration during the winter and early spring. The rich and vivid colors range from light, bright blue to royal plum-purple and from shining crimson to deep maroon. Many have lovely contrasting white centers or clearly defined margins and rings of various shades.

1234 Tall Mixed Large flowers, 2 to 3 in. across, completely cover the plants, which grow about 1½ ft. tall. All colors and color combinations.
Pkt. 35¢; 2 pkts. 60¢

1235 Dwarf Mixed Compact, showy plants, about 1 ft. high and as much across, covered with large blooms in many self colors and color combinations.
Pkt. 35¢; 2 pkts. 60¢



1260 Orange Flare Cosmos

Cosmos

Always a favorite but more so now than ever, with the introduction of extra early strains. Easily grown. Showy in the garden and most desirable for cutting.

1260 Orange Flare

Fern-like foliaged plants, 3 ft. tall, with beautiful golden orange blooms, 3 in. across. Will flower in about 3 months from seed and continue to bloom profusely until frost.

Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 50¢

1267 Yellow and Orange Mixed

This lovely combination of yellow and orange cosmos makes a gay spot not only in your garden, but also in a vase after cutting.

Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢

1257 Sensation Mixed

The largest flowered early blooming cosmos, 4 to 6 in. across, in deep and light pink as well as white. Plants grow 4 to 6 ft. high. Blooms in about 10 weeks; continues until frost.

Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 40¢; ¼ oz. 70¢

EARLY SINGLE

Begin to bloom in about 60 days from seed, continuing until frost. Flowers grow about 3 in. across, and are produced most freely on plants about 4 ft. tall. Particularly valuable where seasons are short.

1263 Crimson Any of these:
1262 Pink Pkt. 10¢;
1264 White ¼ oz. 30¢

1265 Mixed Colors The above three.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢

4140 Early Single Cosmos Collection

3 Pkts.—One each of crimson, pink and white (value 30¢) for only **25¢**

EARLY DOUBLE

A large percentage of the flowers will have a cushion-like crested center surrounded by a row of broad outer petals. Blooms 2 to 2½ in. across. Plants 3 to 4 ft. tall. Some single flowers may be expected.

1251 Mixed Colors Crimson, pink, and white, the most famous cosmos colors, are included in this well balanced mixture. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 75¢

SPECIAL MIXTURE

1261 Single and Double Flowering, Mixed Early and late varieties; pink, crimson and white flowers.
Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢; ½ oz. 50¢



1283 Alaska Shasta Daisy

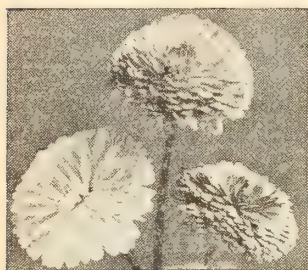


1278 Exhibition Dahlia

Shasta Daisy

(Perennial) Large, Marguerite-like flowers in June and July. Showy in borders and fine for cutting. 2 ft.

1283 Alaska Glistening white, single flowers, 4 to 5 in. across; small golden centers. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢



1282 Mixed English Daisy

English Daisy—Bellis

Plants grow about 6 in. high and produce their large, double blooms for a long time in early spring. May be grown as a biennial or seed may be sown each year. Prefer a semi-shady situation and fairly moist soil.

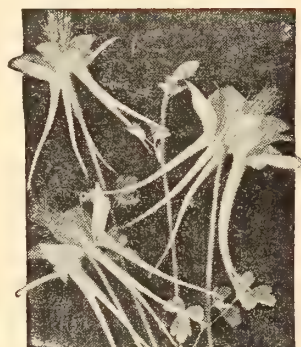
1282 Mixed Colors White and pretty shades of rose and red. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢; 1/4 oz. 85¢



1381 Coral Bells

Coral Bells—Heuchera

1381 Mixed Colors (Perennial) The slender spikes of tiny bell-shaped blooms are borne most freely in June and now and then until September. They grow 12 to 18 in. above the beautiful rosette of bronzy leaves. Like shade and moisture. Fine for rock gardens, borders, or cutting. Pink, rose, coral, crimson and white in mixture. Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢



958 Columbine (Aquilegia)

Columbine—Aquilegia

(Perennial) Attractive plants with showy, oddly formed flowers in great profusion during May and June. Excellent for garden display and cutting. Easily grown in ordinary, well-drained soil and a sunny or semi-shaded location. 2 1/2 to 3 ft.

958 Best Mixed Very choice mixture of beautiful colors and color combinations. The graceful flowers with their long spurs are most attractive. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢; 1/4 oz. 85¢

Tahoka Daisy

1975 Bushy plants with flowers 2 in. or more across; lilac-blue petals surrounding a deep golden yellow disc-like center. Blooms early and profusely during the summer and fall. 20 in. Pkt. 15¢; 1/16 oz. 35¢

Dahlias from Seed

It requires only about 2 weeks longer for dahlias to flower from seed than from roots. The seed should be started in boxes just as with choice annuals or early vegetables, and the little plants set out when the weather warms up. Seeds saved from the finest double flowers of the large flowered types will produce some singles and semi-doubles and may be different in type from the parents. There is always a possibility of raising some fine new dahlias—as many amateurs have done.

1278 Exhibition Mixed Seed saved from the very largest blooms; should produce some worth while giant flowered varieties. 3 to 5 ft. Pkt. 85¢; 2 pkts. \$1.50

1277 Decorative Mixed Seed saved from choice varieties of the Formal and Informal Decorative types. Mixed colors. 3 to 5 ft. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 60¢

1274 Large Flowered Mixed Fine assortment of many colors saved from the finest large double flowers. 3 to 5 ft. Pkt. 15¢; 1/16 oz. 50¢

Dahlia roots on page 52



1289 Prize Mixed Delphinium

Delphinium

Hardy Larkspur—Perennial

Among the most beautiful and popular hardy plants for garden and cutting. Easily grown, doing best in deep, rich soil which must be well drained. Bloom in June and, if spikes are cut off a few inches above the ground after blooming, new spikes will be produced. Will flower the first season if seed is started early.

MAULE'S MAMMOTH

Marvelous spikes, 4 to 6 ft. tall, thickly set with large, double, semi-double or single blooms, 2 in. or more across. Plants are of strong growth.

1297 Art Shades So called because the florets are an artistic combination of blue with pink suffusion. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 60¢

1298 Deep Blue Shades Range from darkest blue to deepest purple. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 60¢

1299 Light Blue Shades Azure-blue, turquoise-blue and other exquisite light blue shades mixed. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 60¢

1289 Prize Mixed

Colors range from cornflower-blue to pansy-violet; light lavender, mauve, and heliotrope, with many opaline variations; crested centers or "bees" in white, cream and black. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 60¢; 1/8 oz. \$1.00

1296 Chinese Annual, Mixed Colors Small, graceful plants with many single flowers of the clearest, brightest blues and purest white seen in delphinium. A lovely little plant, growing only 1 ft. tall. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 45¢; 1/4 oz. 75¢

Everlasting Flowers

1331 Mixed Varieties Included in this mixture are the most popular types and varieties of everlastings—Strawflowers, Acroclinium, Globe Amaranth, Rhodanthe, Statice, etc. It is interesting to see the many different kinds of everlastings. They are beautiful in the garden or cut, but are mostly grown to dry for mixed winter bouquets. For this purpose, cut the flowers before they are fully developed, remove foliage, bunch loosely, and hang heads downward in a shady, airy place until dried. Easily grown in a sunny location and good soil. Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢

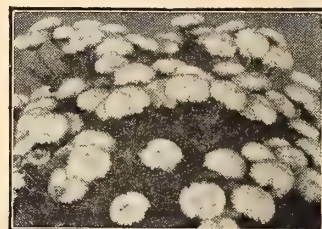


1315 Giant Shirley Foxglove

Foxglove—Digitalis

(Biennial) Sow seeds each year for blooms the next. Tall, stately spikes of bell-shaped, spotted flowers. Does well in either sun or half-shade. June and July.

1315 Giant Shirley, Mixed Colors Large bells in many bright colors, some attractively blotched or spotted crimson, maroon or chocolate. 6 ft. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢; 1/4 oz. 85¢



1330 Golden Ball Feverfew

Feverfew—Matricaria

Old-fashioned flowers of easiest culture and distinct charm. Possess a characteristic aromatic odor. Fine for borders, beds and cutting. Blooms all summer and fall.

1336 Snowball Pure white, double, ball-shaped flowers; compact plants, 10 in. tall. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢

1330 Golden Ball Small, double, golden yellow, button - chrysanthemum-like flowers on dwarf plants, 8 in. tall. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢

Four O'Clocks

Mirabilis—Marvel of Peru

Free blooming annuals for bedding, for a temporary foundation planting, or for a low hedge. The many-colored flowers open in the early afternoon.

1458 Finest Mixed 2 ft. Very colorful mixture. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢



Four O'Clocks



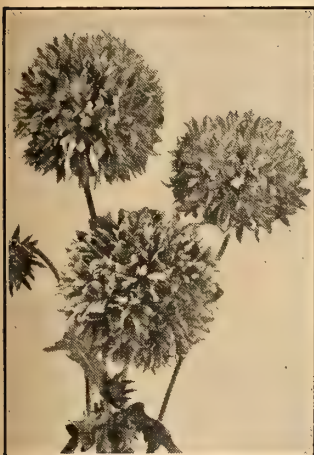
1494 Forget-Me-Not.

Forget-Me-Not—Myosotis

Well-known, dwarf, spreading plants; excellent for edgings, beds, borders, rock gardens and pots. 1 ft. tall.

1494 Alpestris, Mixed Colors Bloom in April from wintered-over plants. Need well-drained, sunny spot. Rose, blue and white in mixture.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢



1338 Double Mixed Gaillardia

Gaillardia—Blanket Flower

Annual gaillardias are among the most easily grown and free blooming flowers of the garden. They like sunshine and a well-drained soil. July to frost. 15 to 18 in.

1338 Double Mixed Choice mixture of yellow, red and white double flowers with quilled or tubular petals.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢

1366 Fiesta Fully double flowers, 2 1/2 to 3 in. across, of a brilliant, smoky red color with the florets tipped bright chrome-yellow; a gallant combination suggestive of the gay and colorful Mexican fiestas. 2 1/2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢; 1/2 oz. 60¢

PERENNIAL GAILLARDIA

Can be depended upon to bloom all summer and into the fall. Bright and gaily colored, daisy-like flowers are freely borne on long, strong, flexible stems. If seed is sown early, the plants will bloom the first year. 2 ft. tall.

1340 Torchlight As brilliant as a torch—golden yellow blooms with rich maroon centers. Flowers often 5 in. across. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 50¢

Globe Amaranth

Gomphrena globosa

1356 Fine Mixed (Everlasting) The straw flower heads are clover-like in appearance, about 3/4 in. across, quite attractive in the garden, for cutting as fresh flowers, or for drying for winter bouquets. White, flesh, purple and red in mixture. 1 1/2 to 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢



1346 Finest Mixed Geranium

Geranium

(*Tender Perennial*) As fine for bedding as they are for pot culture; they are, undoubtedly, one of the most popular plants for either purpose. If the seed is sown in February or March, plants will bloom that summer. Geraniums can be had in flower almost all the year round; outdoors in the summer and indoors during the winter.

1346 Finest Mixed Includes the best single and double large flowering varieties in many colors.

Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 55¢

Gerbera—Transvaal Daisy

1350 Finest Mixed (Tender Perennial) Large, daisy-like blooms, 3 to 4 in. across, of great daintiness and grace. Long, slender ray petals surround a small yellow center. Our mixture includes white and shades of yellow, orange, coral, salmon, scarlet, crimson, rose, red, pink, etc. Can be grown outdoors in summer or as house plants indoors during the winter. Hardy in frost-free sections.

Pkt. (25 seeds) 25¢; 100 seeds 75¢



1364 Gourds, All Varieties Mixed

Gourds

May be trained on trellises, arbors or fences, or may be grown as you would squash or other vine crops. The ripened fruits are very ornamental—the smaller ones make excellent toys for children, while the larger ones make useful bowls, dippers, etc.

1360 Dish Cloth A highly useful gourd, from which excellent dish cloths and other sponge-like household equipment easily can be made. Upon request we will provide cultural instructions and directions for making dish cloths and other items.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/2 oz. 30¢

1364 All Varieties Mixed Makes an interesting planting and furnishes many kinds of useful gourds, both large and small. Pkt. 10¢; 1/2 oz. 25¢



1382 Giant Hibiscus

Hibiscus—Mallow Marvels

1382 Giant, Mixed Colors (Perennial) Huge, showy blooms, 6 in. or more across, are borne profusely on strong, shrub-like plants, 5 to 6 ft. tall, during August and September. Easily grown, doing well in almost any situation, in a dry or moist place. It is useful in tall borders or for planting among shrubbery. Flowers are white and shades of red and rose.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/4 oz. 45¢

Hardy Sweet Pea

Lathyrus latifolius

1334 Mixed Colors (Perennial) Trailing or climbing plants with showy clusters of Sweet Pea-like flowers from June through September. Succeeds in almost any soil or location. Useful for cutting, training over fences or trellises, or for ground cover. 5 to 6 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 25¢

Heliotrope

1375 Giant Mixed Its fragrance and its long season of bloom have endeared heliotrope to generations of gardeners. Besides the familiar purple, there are other colors included, from white to violet-blue. Excellent bedding plants outdoors in the summer, and desirable pot-plants indoors during the winter.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 45¢



1417 Kochia

Kochia—Burning Bush

1417 Giant Christmas Ornamental foliage plants that are oval in shape, stand about 3 ft. tall, and resemble closely trimmed little evergreens. The plant is an emerald green all summer, but in the late fall it turns to a fiery red.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢



1390 Double Perennial Hollyhocks

Hollyhocks

Well-known garden favorites

Just as popular today as ever. Hollyhocks are lovely garden subjects, useful in the tall border or background, and particularly delightful along fences or walls. Do best in rich, well-drained soil and a warm, sunny location.

ANNUAL HOLLYHOCKS

1385 Mixed Colors Named annual because plants will flower the first year if seed is sown early. Our mixture contains single, semi-double and double flowers in many exquisite colors. Plants will live over the winter and continue to self-seed each season for years. 5 to 6 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 35¢

PERENNIAL DOUBLE FLOWERED

1390 Mixed Colors Well-known strain; plants 5 to 6 ft. tall, the spikes thickly studded with large, double, crepe-like blooms from late spring until midsummer. Splendid assortment of double flowers in a wide range of colors.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢

4148 Collection of Double Flowered Hollyhocks

6 Pkts.—One each of **Scarlet, Rose, Newport Pink, Yellow, Salmon-Pink and White**—six separate colors (value 90¢) for only **60¢**



1127 Lady's Slipper

Lady's Slipper—Balsam

Charming old-fashioned annual which is popular for beds and borders. The sturdy plants produce their rose-like flowers all summer and fall.

1127 Double Mixed Very large double blooms, about 2 1/2 in. across, in many pleasing colors.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢

Dwarf Marigolds

NEW HYBRID

1554 Burpee's Red and Gold

This is a first generation hybrid between a French and an African inbred strain. It is one of the earliest of all marigolds; in bloom 8 weeks from seed, continuing to flower profusely until frost. Red and yellow variegated double flowers $2\frac{1}{2}$ to 3 in. across; some all red. $1\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Especially suited for borders and beds; highly prized for cut flowers.

Pkt. (75 seeds) 25¢;
2 pkts. 45¢

DWARF DOUBLE FRENCH

All varieties grow 1 ft. tall except Spry, which reaches only 9 in. These are some of the most useful and attractive flowers in the garden, since they bloom with great profusion over a long period. The blossoms are $1\frac{1}{2}$ in. across, and the compact plants are absolutely ideal for borders.

1521 Harmony Cushion-like centers of fluted orange petals surrounded by reddish brown outer petals. Early and profuse. A well known and favorite variety. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 30¢

1542 Mixed Colors This mixture includes many varieties in addition to those listed. It provides a complete range of Marigold colors, but keeps strictly within the Dwarf Double French type so you can use it where uniformly low plants are needed. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{2}$ oz. 40¢

DWARF SINGLE FRENCH

1548 Flash (All-America Silver Medal Winner for 1945.) Brilliant new flower with $1\frac{1}{4}$ in. single blossoms in massed, fiery display. Color varies from tangerine with overlay of red, bronze, and yellow to solid red as weather changes from hot to cool. Plants 18 in. tall, compact, and mound shaped. Blooms constantly from about 8 weeks from planting until frost. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 85¢

MINIATURE

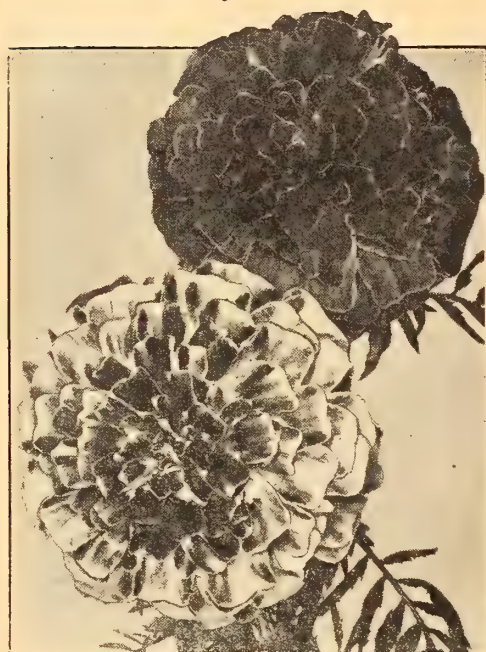
1520 Signata pumila Tiny yellow orange-starred flowers; fine, lacy foliage. Only 8 in. high. The flowers are single, with few petals, but such a mass of them are constantly in bloom that the plants are literally covered until frost. A distinctive novelty. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 35¢



1557
Scarlet Glow
Marigold

1557 Scarlet Glow This brightest red of all Dwarf Double French Marigolds blooms steadily from midsummer until frost. In warm weather blossoms are mottled orange and red. As the weather grows cooler they grow more and more intense scarlet. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢

1560 Spry The most profuse blooming of all Marigolds. Plants are of true Lilliput form, dwarf and compact, 9 in. high and come into bloom in less than 9 weeks from seed. Flowers have a bright yellow crested center and mahogany-red guard petals. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢



1554 Burpee's Red and Gold Hybrid Marigold



1553 Flaming Fire Marigold

TALL SINGLE FRENCH

1553 Flaming Fire An exception to the other varieties on this page, this French Marigold attains a height of $2\frac{1}{2}$ ft. Flowers are 2 in. across, borne on long stems. Blossoms vary in color with the seasons; often yellow, yellow spotted red, and red flowers will be found on the same plant at one time. Begins blooming about 12 weeks from planting.

Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 25¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 40¢



1548 Flash Marigold



1520 Miniature Marigold



1560 Dwarf Double French Marigold, Spry

Tall African Marigolds

CARNATION FLOWERED AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

The carnation flowered marigolds are all tall, averaging 2½ ft. in height, and large flowered. The blossoms are loosely and informally formed, with the result that they appear to be extra large, warmly colored carnations. All except Guinea Gold and Real Gold are of the new, odorless foliage type, making them even more attractive as cut flowers than ever before.

1568 Frills The newest and loveliest of the marigold clan, Frills makes its entry into your garden this year. The carnation flowered blossoms are golden orange in color, and grow 3½ in. across. The petals are delightfully frilled and waved in a manner quite unlike the other varieties. Plants are 2 ft. tall and produce fine, long stems for cutting. Odorless foliage.

Pkt. 25¢; ¼ oz. 50¢; ½ oz. 85¢

1559 Mayling Named in honor of Madame Chiang Kai-shek, Mayling does honor to China, the land from which the first odorless foliage marigold originally came. This flower is 3 in. across, fluffy, and with a golden primrose color that is the purest, clearest thing imaginable. The plants grow 2 ft. tall and blossom freely. The foliage is odorless.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢; ½ oz. 85¢

1480 Burpee Gold An improved strain of this fine variety, one of the first odorless foliage marigolds. It has glorious, deep orange blossoms that look very much like carnations. The flowers grow 3½ in. across, with the petals loosely arranged. The plants grow about 2½ ft. tall. First flowers in 15 weeks. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

1563 Oriole The carnation-like flowers are large, 3½ in. across, of a sparkling shade of bright golden yellow. Plants grow 2½ ft. tall and have odorless foliage. Beautiful form, good substance, and long stems.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢; ½ oz. 85¢

1455 Guinea Gold Orange-gold blooms. Many people prefer this variety to the newer types because it retains the characteristic marigold foliage odor. This repels insects yet is a clean, attractive scent.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢

1556 Mixed (odorless foliage) The finest mixture of odorless marigolds in a complete color range of the carnation flowered type. Included are deep orange, golden orange, golden yellow, lemon yellow, and primrose; flowers grow 3 to 3½ in. across on long, strong stems. Plants grow 2½ ft. high; begin to bloom in 90 days from seed, continuing until frost.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢



1556 Carnation Marigolds, Mixed Colors (odorless foliage)

1570 Real Gold Of all carnation flowered marigolds, this new All-America bronze medal winner is the largest in size of bloom. The blossoms frequently measure 4½ in. across. They are burnished gold in color—an orange with enough yellow to make it vivid, lively, and compellingly attractive. Plants grow about 2 ft. tall, are bushy, prolific, and continue to bear flowers freely until frost. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢

1523 MAULE'S SPECIAL MARIGOLD MIXTURE

Flowers are of many shapes; ball, carnation and peony-flowered; they average somewhat over 4 in. across. Colors run from the deepest orange to lightest primrose. 2½ to 3 ft. tall; early, some mid-season and late.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢



1547 Mammoth Mum Marigold

CHRYSANTHEMUM FLOWERED AFRICAN MARIGOLDS

A distinct class of tall African marigolds, with petals so tightly crowded in the blossoms as to resemble chrysanthemums. The cut flowers impart a feeling of satisfying stability.

1547 Mammoth Mum All-America winner. The largest chrysanthemum flowered marigold. The blossom color is sulphur yellow, which is so different from other flower colors that it can be identified from a great distance. The 3½ in. flower heads are solid, with tightly curled and interlaced petals. Grows 2½ ft. tall. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢

1479 Golden Glow Flowers resemble in color and appearance those of the familiar Golden Glow Rudbeckia. They are a sharp, golden yellow. The blossoms are borne in clusters of from 5 to 10. Plants grow 2½ ft. tall and have odorless foliage.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢

1476 Early Sunshine Cheerful, bright, lemon-yellow flowers having the appearance of a pompon chrysanthemum; 2½ in. across and 1½ in. deep. Very early for flowers of this type; blossoms appear in 15 weeks. 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢



1570 Real Gold Marigold

TALL DOUBLE AFRICAN

Large, double flowers on long, stiff stems. Excellent for beds, borders and cutting. 2½ to 3½ ft.

1449 Lemon Alldouble Light lemon yellow. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢

1453 Lemon Ball Canary-yellow; sponge-like. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢

1454 Orange Ball Intense orange; sponge-like. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢

1447 Orange Alldouble Rich orange flowers. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢

1549 Orange Supreme Peony-like flowers of intense orange on long stems. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 50¢

1471 Yellow Supreme Large, frilled-petaled peony-like creamy yellow blooms. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢

1551 Sunset Giants Most of the flowers are extremely large, often 5 in. across. Colors range from deep orange to delightful primrose-yellow. 3½ ft. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 35¢

1456 Mixed Colors Fine assortment. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢; ½ oz. 40¢

4151 Tall Double African Marigold Collection

4 Pkts.—One each of **Guinea Gold**, **Lemon Alldouble**, **Orange Alldouble**, and **Yellow Supreme** (value 50¢) for only **40¢**



1453 Lemon Ball Marigold

MARIGOLDS ARE VERY EASILY GROWN IN ALL PARTS OF THE COUNTRY



Giant Imperial Larkspur

Larkspur

Long spikes, double flowers, colors superbly rich and lovely. Few flowers are more effective in the garden, especially when several colors are planted close together. One of our prettiest cut flowers. Likes a sunny place and rich, well-drained garden soil. Sow where plants are to remain. Easily grown; quick growers.

GIANT IMPERIAL

New type—the attractive spikes stand upright, close to the center stalk, like delphiniums. A great improvement in larkspurs. 3 to 4 ft.

- 1499 **Blue Bell** Clear azure-blue.
- 1437 **Carmine King** Carmine-rose.
- 1419 **Dark Blue Spire** Intense Oxford blue; always admired.
- 1501 **Los Angeles Improved** Brilliant rose on salmon.
- 1427 **Ruby** An altogether new larkspur color, and one seldom found in any flower. The blossoms look like ruby gems, with subtle color shading giving them a living glow.
- 1435 **White Spire** Pure snow white. Any of the above 6 varieties: Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢
- 1441 **Mixed Colors** All the above colors carefully blended. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢; ½ oz. 60¢

4155 Giant Imperial Larkspur Collection

6 Pkts.—One each of the above six named varieties (value 60¢) for only **45¢**

Lantana

1418 **Dwarf Hybrids, Finest Mixed** Showy clusters of verberna-like flowers from midsummer until frost. Our mixture contains yellow, orange, red, and pink shades. May be grown in pots the year round. 1½ ft. Seed is of slow germination. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 40¢

Lobelia

Dwarf plants, compact in habit, for edgings, garden decoration, rock gardens, and pot culture. 4 to 6 in.

1430 **Crystal Palace Compacta** Deep blue. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢



1405 Heavenly Blue Morning Glory

Morning Glory (Day Blooming)

Grows anywhere. Free and continuous blooming until frost. The flowers open in the morning and close about noon. 10 ft.

1405 **Heavenly Blue** Bright sky-blue flowers, 4 in. and more across, with showy white throats. The vines are simply covered with flowers when in full bloom. Best spot for planting is in full sunlight. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

1486 **Giant Mixed** Wide range of rich colors; extra large flowers. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 25¢

1487 **Scarlett O'Hara** All-America Gold Medal Winner. Nearest approach to scarlet in morning glories. Flowers grow 3½ to 4 in. across; bright rosy red. This variety is an ideal companion for Heavenly Blue. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

Moonflower

Ipomoea (Night Blooming)

Quick climbing, vigorous, dense foliaged annual vines. The flowers open in the late afternoon or evening and close the next morning, unless the day is cloudy. 15 ft.

1406 **Giant Pink** Lavender-pink. Enormous. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢

1404 **Giant White** Pure white blooms often 6 in. across. Fragrant. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢



1474 Finest Mixed Mignonette

Mignonette—Reseda

An old-fashioned flower of unassuming appearance, but widely grown for its wonderful fragrance. 1 ft.

1474 **Finest Mixed** Choice large flowering varieties in mixture. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

Lupine

1445 **Perennial, Mixed Colors** Long, graceful spikes of pea-like flowers on showy, hardy plants in bloom during May and June. Many fine colors. 3 ft. Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢



1526 Golden Glean Nasturtium

Nasturtium

DWARF DOUBLE FLOWERING GLOBE-SHAPED PLANTS

Flowers are of the same form as Golden Glean, but the plants are dwarf, globe-shaped and bushy, about 1 ft. tall. Ideal for beds, borders, rock gardens and pot culture.

1566 **Cherry Rose** Soft but bright cherry rose. Pkt. 15¢; oz. 50¢

1543 **Orange Glory** Flowers often grow 3 in. across. Rich bright orange with a touch of garnet-brown at base of upper petals. Pkt. 15¢; oz. 45¢

1545 **All Colors Mixed, Dwarf Double Flowering** Unusually colorful mixture of many shades. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00

TALL DOUBLE FLOWERING (GOLDEN GLEAN TYPE)

Exquisitely sweet scented, double and semi-double flowers, 3 in. across, on long, stiff stems above the foliage of the trailing plants. Fine for beds, borders or cutting.

1526 **Golden Glean** Beautiful, rich golden yellow. Sweet scented; long stemmed. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢

1544 **Tigered Flowered Mixed** Large double flowers of many bizarre markings. Very showy. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00

1525 **Burpee's Double Hybrids, Mixed Colors** Wonderful array of colors, ranging from light primrose to dark mahogany, many never before seen in nasturtiums. Some are solid colors, others have showy markings. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 35¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00

TALL SINGLE FLOWERING

1535 **Mixed Colors** Creeping plants, splendid for trellises, hanging baskets or large beds. Blended mixture of all colors. Allow plenty of space for free foliage growth. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00

DWARF SINGLE FLOWERING

1558 **Mixed Colors** Compact, well-rounded bushes about 1 ft. tall. For edgings, borders, beds or pots. Colorful blend. Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; ¼ lb. \$1.00

Nicotiana

Flowering Tobacco

Long, tube - shaped petunia - like flowers, the petals of which form a beautiful five pointed star. Bloom from midsummer to frost. Fragrant.

1575 **Affinis Hybrids** Shades of rose, red, crimson and white in mixture. 2½ ft. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢



1697 Double Portulaca

Portulaca

Rock Rose, Sun Plant

Large flowers on light green, moss-like foliaged plants, useful for beds, borders, edgings, the rock garden and between steppingstones. Bloom early and until frost. Likes full sun, well-drained, rather dry, or even stony soil. 4 to 6 in. high.

1696 **Single Mixed Colors** Large blooms in a choice mixture, including white, buff, salmon, orange, red and others; some are striped. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢; ½ oz. 90¢

1697 **Double Mixed Colors** Blooms like little open roses in the brightest colors. Will produce some singles. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 45¢; ½ oz. 70¢

Primula—Primroses

A flower of many species of which two of the best known are listed here. The very old garden plant Polyanthus is listed as Perennial Primrose.

PRIMROSES FOR INDOORS

(House Plants) Particularly desirable indoors during the winter or early spring months. Showy and colorful plants which flower freely and continuously with a minimum amount of care in a living room, greenhouse or conservatory, where light and heat conditions are satisfactory.

1699 **Obconica Grandiflora, Mixed Colors** Clusters of large flowers in many pretty pastel and other desirable colors. Gorgeous mixture. Free blooming. Plant in soil that drains readily and try to keep the temperature below 65°.

Pkt. 25¢; 2 pkts. 45¢

PERENNIAL PRIMROSES

Ideal for planting in moist places, along shady walks, and in the rock garden. They bloom in April and May and freely produce their colorful flowers in clusters. Germination is slow and irregular, and planting should be kept shaded until plants start. Transplant as seedlings appear. Plants grow 6 to 8 in. tall.

1704 **Veris, Giant Mixed (Polyanthus)** Large clusters of big blooms in mixed colors, including white, yellow, pink, crimson, copper, lilac, violet, purple, cream, and orange. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢



1704 Perennial Primroses



1654 Tall Large Flowered Phlox



1270 Floradale Pinks (Dianthus)

Phlox *Drummondii*

Annual phlox is certainly most brightly colored. It is particularly showy, and most effective when planted in masses in mixture. Begins to bloom in early summer and continues until fall if plants are not allowed to go to seed.

Tall Large Flowered

1654 Mixed Colors Well-balanced blend of all colors, including apricot, primrose, scarlet, rose, violet, and white. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 60¢; 1/4 oz. \$1.00

Giant Flowered

1695 Art Shades Very large individual florets, 1 1/4 to 1 1/2 in. across, in massive trusses on plants 9 in. tall. Wonderful mixture of soft colors—salmon with white eye; deep salmon with cream eye; apple blossom pink; soft rose; light blue with white eye; pale violet with white eye, and others. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 60¢; 1/4 oz. \$1.00

Dwarf Compact

1694 Mixed Many colors in mixture. These neat little plants, about 6 in. tall, with their even, compact growth, are splendid for beds, borders, rock gardens, pots and window boxes. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 60¢; 1/4 oz. \$1.00

Poppies

For bedding, edging taller annuals, or wherever a bright show of color is wanted, use poppies. Easy to grow in ordinary soil and a sunny location.

1671 Double Shirley, Mixed Colors Double and semi-double flowers in a pleasing mixture of many showy colors. 18 in. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 30¢

ICELAND POPPIES (Perennial)

Colorful silken flowers on graceful, wiry stems, 15 to 18 in. long. Will bloom the first year if sown early.

1667 Mixed A choice blend of the finest colors. Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 25¢



1667 Iceland

Poppies



1946 Red Hot Poker, Early Hybrids

Red Hot Poker—*Tritoma*

1946 Early Hybrids (Tender Perennial) Stately, impressive plants with narrow, grass-like leaves and spear-like spikes of pale yellow to orange-scarlet flowers through August and September. Showy in the garden; fine to cut. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢

Pinks—*Dianthus*

ANNUAL VARIETIES

Dwarf, compact plants, about 1 ft. tall, of the easiest culture. Flowers are brilliantly colored, of different forms, 2 to 3 in. across. Bloom from July until frost.

1270 Floradale Flowers are very large, single, and have deeply fringed petals. Every color known in dianthus is in this mixture, and in addition to self colors there are flowers of many fancy patterns. Bushy, compact, free flowering plants. 12 in. tall. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 45¢

1294 Double Mixed (Hedderwig) Marvelous colors from white to crimson; laced and striped; fine double blooms. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢

1510 Single and Double, Mixed Some are edged and spotted, others beautifully eyed with contrasting colors. All combinations known in pinks. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢; 1/2 oz. 70¢

1509 Fringed, Double Mixed (Laciniatus) Large, fringed, carnation-like flowers of many colors; some with contrasting colors on the edges. The most impressive. Pkt. 10¢; 1/4 oz. 40¢

PERENNIAL PINKS

Popular, profuse blooming hardy plants; flower in spring and early summer. Many will bloom first year if seed is started early.

1303 Allwoodi Large double, semi-double and single flowers in a charming range of colors and markings. 1 ft. Pkt. 15¢; 1/16 oz. 50¢

1512 Wintari Flowers are large, single and delightfully sweet-scented. Pkt. 15¢; 1/16 oz. 55¢



1614 Maule's Prize Mixed Giant Pansy

Pansies

For many years we have specialized in pansies—and today Maule Pansies are grown all over the world by those who want the very best at low cost. Plant in rich, well-drained soil in a sunny position; keep flowers picked for continuous bloom. For earliest blooms, start seed indoors.

GIANT PHENOMENAL

1600 Mixed Colors The very largest, choicest and most "phenomenal" of pansies. The mixture is especially rich in pansies of the ruffled type, and there are many and varied colors and color combinations. The presence of many pansies of those wine-red shades so rare among flowers has endeared it to many Maule customers. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 85¢; 1/8 oz. \$1.50

MASTERPIECE (RUFFLED)

1595 Mixed Colors So ruffled and waved that flowers appear double. Our mixture contains many colors, mostly rich, dark and velvety shades. Not the largest of pansies, but one of the most beautiful. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 75¢; 1/8 oz. \$1.25

IMPROVED SWISS GIANTS

1610 Mixed Colors The richly colored blooms are extremely large, round and crinkled. There is a predominance of deep red. The flowers are marked with blotches of deeper contrasting color. Pkt. 25¢; 1/16 oz. 75¢; 1/8 oz. \$1.25

TRIMARDEAU OR GIANT BEDDING

1602 Mixed Colors Excellent pansies for bedding and edging where color effect is of more importance than size of blooms. Flowers are suitable for cutting. Pkt. 15¢; 1/16 oz. 50¢; 1/8 oz. 85¢

MAULE'S PRIZE GIANTS

1614 Mixed Colors Very large flowers in an endless variety of the most beautiful colors. There are the finest self-colors, including white, yellow, pink, rose, blue, purple and the rare and desirable red shades. Some of the pansies are veined and bordered with contrasting colors, while others have clearly defined mahogany-brown, black or purple eyes. Some are wide and flaring, while others are attractively waved. They are large, 3 in. or more across, of perfect form, heavy substance, and very long-stemmed. Pkt. 35¢; 1/16 oz. \$1.00; 1/8 oz. \$1.75

OREGON GIANTS

1594 Superfine Mixture Grown for us in Oregon; flowers are of the largest size—well-grown blooms measuring 4 in. across. A gracefully waved edge adds to the charm of these giant flowers, which otherwise are more flattened than other pansies. Extra long stems. Colors range from white to richest purple. Pkt. 35¢; 1/16 oz. \$1.00; 1/8 oz. \$1.75



1593 Maule's Special Giant Pansies This is a fancy blend assembled for advertising purposes. Its value is 35¢ per pkt., but we are glad to offer it to our regular customers as well as new ones at only . . . Pkt. 10¢

Trimardeau Pansies

Giant Petunias

The giant petunias listed on this page are the aristocrats of the family. They produce the largest, fanciest, most unique blooms of all. The supremely fine results obtained from these petunias justify the extra care necessary to start the plants indoors.

Giant Ruffled Petunias

The largest of all petunias; when well grown blooms measure 5 to 6 in. across. Edges of petals are deeply waved or ruffled. Their extra feature of contrasting vein coloring adds so much to the marvelous beauty of these Giant Single Petunias. Unsurpassed for bedding, cutting and pots.

Dwarf Giants of California

1620 Finest Mixed Compact, stocky plants with truly enormous, heavily ruffled and wavy flowers, 4 to 5 in. across, in an unusually large variety of the finest colors. Superb for bedding and desirable for pot culture. This mixture belongs in the Giant Ruffled group, but its individuality in colors and its distinctly dwarf habit of growth place it almost in a class of its own. Extra care when the plants are small insures the finest flowers. Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{128}$ oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{64}$ oz. \$1.25

Special Blend

1638 Finest Mixed Ruffled Giants A well-balanced blend of Giant Ruffled Petunias; many gorgeous colors—flowers with wide-open, light or dark throats, netted and veined, often in stunning contrasting colors. These are very free flowering and always admired. Since these are the largest flowered of all petunias, they are hobbyists' favorites. Just get a ruler and see how wide a 6 in. blossom is!

Very special price Pkt. 10¢

1620
Dwarf
Giants of
California

New!

Alldouble Petunia

1624 Colossal Shades of Rose

All-America Silver Medal Winner for 1946. The most gigantic double blossoms ever seen in petunias. This new variety often produces flowers over 5 in. across, and they are always fully double, with fringed or ruffled petals. The blossom colors are most delightful, ranging from pale rose-pink to deepest rosy mauve. Plants grow 20 in. tall.

Pkt. (containing 100 seeds) \$1.00

1613
America
Alldouble
Petunia

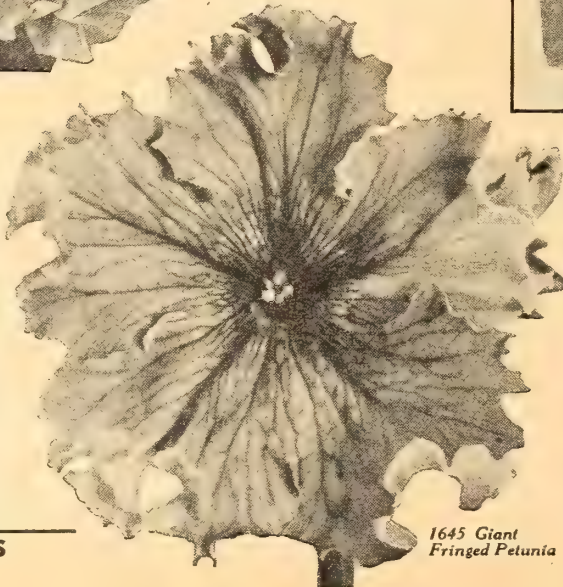


1649 Giant Single Flowered Petunia

Alldouble Dwarf Petunia

1613 America All-America 1943 Silver Medal Winner. The first Alldouble Petunia ever created in America and one of the finest and most novel of the new flowers. Plant habit is compact and uniform, 1 ft. high and 1½ ft. across; begins to bloom very early and continues to flower profusely until frost. The rose-pink flowers, 2 in. or more across, come 100% true for doubleness. Ideal for beds, borders and pots.

Pkt. (100 seeds) 50¢



1645 Giant
Fringed Petunia

Giant Single Petunias

Blooms are quite large, 4 in. or more across. They are smooth edged; that is, they are not fringed or ruffled, but deeply five-lobed. As with other giant petunias, seed should be started indoors in boxes six to eight weeks before your usual planting time.

1649 Giant Single Flowered, Finest Mixed Bright showy colors and color combinations in mixture. Wonderful for massed effect. Pkt. 20¢; $\frac{1}{32}$ oz. 70¢

Giant Fringed Petunias

Flowers are attractively fringed or frilled about the edges, and have a delicacy and grace all their own. Large, single blooms, 4 in. or more across. Sow the seed indoors two months ahead of your usual planting time.

1645 Finest Mixed, Giant Fringed Only the choicest fringed petunias are included. There are many rich colors, some blotched and variegated. Pkt. 20¢; $\frac{1}{32}$ oz. 60¢

Bedding Type Petunias

Dwarf Compact Varieties of Bedding Petunias

Little bushy plants about 1 ft. high, so completely covered with flowers that the foliage is hidden from view. Ideal for edgings to taller plants, beds, borders, and pot culture.

1718 Cheerful All America winner. Bright, salmon-pink flowers measuring $2\frac{3}{4}$ in. across. The blossoms have a deeper rose veining in the throat. A satisfying, rich color, quite different from the ordinary pink.

Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 75¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. \$1.25

1611 Cream Star Soft creamy white flowers deepening to golden yellow towards throat; shaped like a five-pointed star. All-America winner.

Pkt. 20¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢

1637 Rose of Heaven Bright rose petals with lighter colored throat.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢

1635 Rosy Morn Clear rose-pink, with a white throat adding to its fragility and attractiveness.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢

1621 Snowball The blooms are so white and so profusely borne that the plants look like little mounds of snow. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 40¢

1707 Salmon Supreme The flowers are rich coral-salmon changing to soft salmon-pink, 2 in. across. Pkt. 25¢; $\frac{1}{32}$ oz. 85¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. \$1.50

1607 Twinkles A bicolored petunia of great grace and attractiveness. Brilliant rose color, marked in various ways with white, most frequently taking the form of a star, as shown in the illustration below. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 50¢

1640 Finest Mixed, Dwarf Compact Petunias Colors are rich and varied. Makes a grand display. Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 45¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 75¢



1611 Cream Star, Dwarf Compact Petunia

Large Flowered Bedding or Balcony Petunias

These are the largest flowered of the bedding type, and make excellent plants for window boxes, porch and balcony boxes, and large beds. Branches are long and trailing.

1641 Balcony Blue A popular color, deep violet-blue of unvarying intensity and soft, velvety texture. This color combined with Balcony White makes a lovely bed or vase of cut flowers.

1643 Balcony Crimson Deep crimson of unusual vivacity. Always attracts attention because of its brightness and cheerful appearance.

1644 Balcony Rose Bright and showy, combines well with other colors. The most familiar petunia color and the one which has endeared this flower to generations of gardeners.

1659 Balcony White Pure white, without veining or throat marking of any other color. This solid white makes it a perfect companion to all other varieties.

1606 Blue Wonder Silvery mid-blue flowers. A wonderful improvement over other blue petunias. The blue of this variety closely approximates the familiar blue found in cornflowers.

1603 Black Prince Deep mahogany-red, almost black. This is the darkest, the most velvety of all petunias, providing a dramatic end of the spectrum for all other colors.

Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 60¢

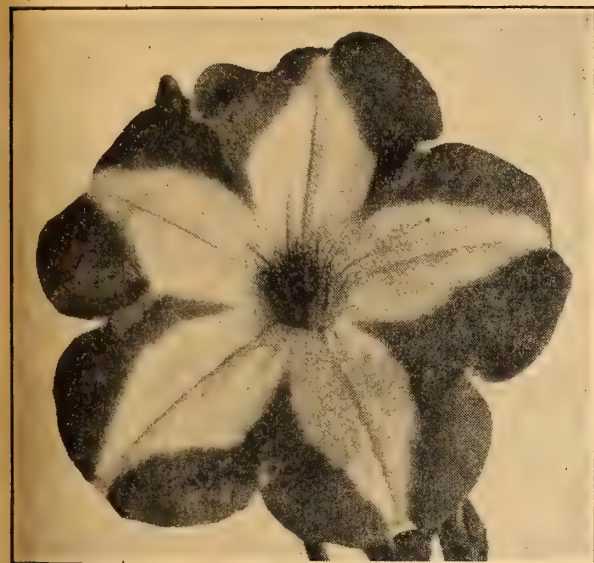
1660 Balcony Mixed Colors A carefully prepared blend of the best and clearest colors to be found in this Large Flowered Bedding type. For any situation around the home where a show of color is desired, we recommend this special mixture. Pkt. 15¢; $\frac{1}{16}$ oz. 50¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 85¢

4159 Balcony Petunia Collection

4 Pkts.—One each of **Blue, Crimson, Rose and White**—very popular for hanging baskets or window-box planting, as well as for bedding or ground cover (value 60¢) for only **50¢**

4162 Old Glory Bedding Petunia Collection

3 Pkts.—One each of **Red, White and Blue** for a glorious display (value 30¢) for only **25¢**



1607 Twinkles, Dwarf Compact Petunia



1660 Balcony Mixed Colors Petunias



1603 Black Prince, Large Flowered Bedding Type Petunia



1721 Emperor Salpiglossis

Salpiglossis

Painted Tongue, Velvet Trumpet

1721 Emperor Mixed Colors Large, trumpet-like flowers, velvety in texture and of the richest colors—beautifully penciled, netted and veined with golden yellow, crimson and purple. Blooms from July until frost. Desirable for bedding and excellent for cutting. 2½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 25¢; ¼ oz. 40¢

Sanvitalia—Creeping Zinnia

1719 Procumbens Small, deep golden yellow, zinnia-like double flowers are freely borne on spreading plants which grow about 6 in. tall. Blooms all summer and fall. Excellent for edgings, rock gardens, dry places and cemeteries.

Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 40¢

Snow-on-the-Mountain

Euphorbia

1329 Variegata Showy foliage plants, the top leaves attractively marked with white. While they may be planted in beds, they are mostly used as a background to dwarfier plants, for foundation plantings or groups. They prefer a sunny location. 3 to 4 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢

Star of Texas

Resists drought

1768 Flowers are light canary-yellow with a lighter colored center; single, daisy-like, with long, pointed petals. Stems are thin and strong, and although they are not very long, they are suitable for cutting. Does well in dry, open places. Bushy, erect plants, 1½ ft. high.

Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢

Statice—Sea Lavender

Sinuata Clusters of colorful, strawy everlasting flowers of great value, either fresh or dried. 2 ft.

1770 Blue } Any of these:
1771 Rose } Pkt. 10¢;
1772 White } ¼ oz. 30¢

1757 Mixed Colors The above and others. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 25¢

1756 Bonduelli, Improved Rich lemon-yellow. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 30¢



1757 Mixed Statice Sinuata



1748 Giant Hybrids Scabiosa

Scabiosa

Also known as Pincushion Flower, Sweet Scabious, and Mourning Bride. Blooms from midsummer until frost. An old garden favorite greatly improved. Does well in any good soil and a sunny location.

MEDIUM TALL LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE

Plants average 2 ft. Pretty in beds and borders; highly prized for cutting.

1731 Peace The flowers are 1½ to 2 in. across, of perfect form, almost spherical in shape, pure white without any tingeing of pink or mauve.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

1744 Heavenly Blue Flowers are round, soft azure-blue and borne most profusely on long stems well above the foliage.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

TALL

LARGE FLOWERED DOUBLE

Plants grow about 3 ft. tall. Unsurpassed for cutting as blooms last a long time.

1747 Blue Cockade Deep azure-blue.

1738 Pompadour Large flowers, 2½ in. across. Intense blackish purple blending into lighter rose-purple, heavily edged white.

1739 Red Rich, glowing color.

1736 Shasta Pure white.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢

1742 Mixed Colors All the above. Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 35¢; ½ oz. 60¢

1748 Giant Hybrids

Extra large, very double blooms in a charming mixture of colors, including rare shades. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 45¢

4163 Collection of Four Lovely Scabiosas

4 Pkts.—One each of **Red, Blue Cockade, Pompadour and Shasta** (value 40¢) for only **30¢**



1743 Perennial Scabiosa

PERENNIAL SCABIOSA (Blue Bonnet)

1743 Caucasica Artistically shaped flowers of a soft, charming shade of lavender-blue are freely borne on long stems. 2 ft. Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 60¢



1724 America Scarlet Sage

Scarlet Sage (Salvia)

Popular for beds and borders. No other plant brings such vivid color to the garden from early summer until fall. May be used for cutting. Start seeds indoors; set plants out when weather gets warm.

1724 America or Globe of Fire Quite early and very free blooming.

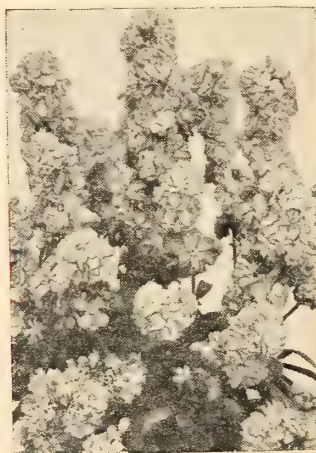
Bright scarlet-red spikes cover the globular plants. 1½ ft. Pkt. 25¢; ⅓ oz. \$1.00; ¼ oz. \$1.75

1723 Bonfire Well-rounded, sturdy bushes of even height with rather upright, stately spikes of scarlet-red carried well above the foliage. 2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. \$1.00

1726 Scarlet Bedder Plants are neatly rounded, quite compact, about 1 ft. tall, and literally covered with showy, stocky, scarlet flower spikes.

Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 60¢; ¼ oz. \$1.00



1753 Giant Imperial Stocks

Stocks—Gilliflower

Dense spikes of showy, double, fragrant flowers, like small rosettes, in a wide range of soft, warm colors. Fine for beds, borders and cutting.

1752 Cut - and - Come - Again, Mixed Colors Many lovely soft colors. 1 to 1½ ft. Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢

1753 Giant Imperial, Mixed Tall spikes, 2 to 2½ ft. high; finest color range. Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢

1751 Dwarf Ten Weeks, Mixed 1 to 1½ ft. high. Beautiful mixture. Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢



1766 Red Sunflower

Sunflower—Helianthus

Stately plants suitable for back-gardens or screens. Many showy flowers from midsummer until frost.

1762 Chrysanthemum-Flowered Double Golden yellow blooms, 6 to 8 in. across, and double to the very center. 5 to 7 ft. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢

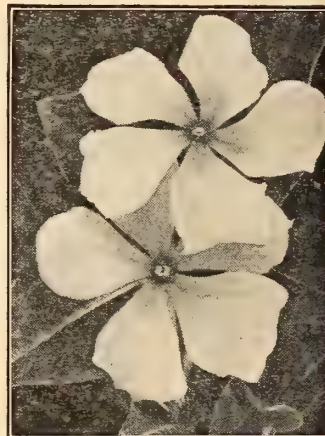
1766 Red Large flowers of varying size and colorings, including chestnut-red, bright red, crimson or yellow and red. 5 to 6 ft. Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢

Sweet William

Dianthus barbatus

1928 Annual Sweet William, Mixed Blooms the first year from seed if sown early. Many fine, bright self-colors, and also starred and mottled varieties. 15 in.

Pkt. 10¢; ⅓ oz. 35¢



1992 Vinca rosea

Vinca rosea—Periwinkle

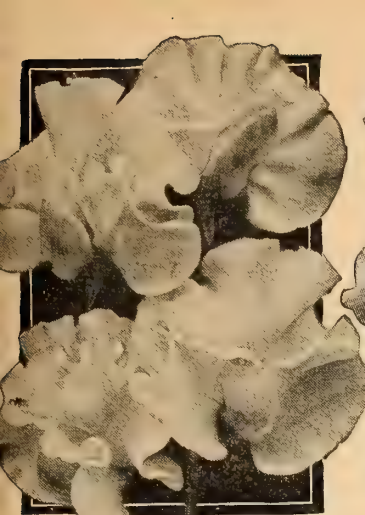
1992 Mixed Colors Periwinkles are just about the surest fire flowers there are. They grow readily and are practically immune to disease and insect damage. The leaves are glossy green; the blossoms are attractive, five petalled round flowers of shades of rose and pink as well as white. Blossoms in midsummer and continues until late fall.

Pkt. 10¢; ¼ oz. 40¢

Viola cornuta Tuffed Pansy

2002 Finest Mixed (Perennial) Flowers the first year if seed is sown early. May until frost. Smaller flowered than pansies, but bloom over a longer period. Many colors.

Pkt. 15¢; ⅓ oz. 50¢



Sweet Pea Giant Ruffled



Sweet Pea, Early Flowering

Sweet Peas

Few other garden flowers are liked better than Sweet Peas. From a long list of named varieties we have selected only those with the largest and best formed flowers, longest and strongest stems, most desirable blooming and growing habits, as well as a complete range of colors. One-half ounce of seed will sow about 15 ft. of row.

GIANT RUFFLED

Giant in size, and appearing even larger than they are because of the unusual duplexness, as well as the extra ruffling and frilling of the petals. They have great daintiness and charm, and wonderful fragrance.

- 1846 **Fluffy Ruffles Improved** Soft creamy pink.
- 1805 **Lady Ruffles Improved** Soft pink on white.
- 1902 **Ruffled Blue** Mid-blue.
- 1907 **Ruffled Carmine** Carmine.
- 1900 **Ruffled Rose** Glowing rose.
- 1912 **Ruffled White** Pure white.

Any of the above:

- Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢
- 1919 **Giant Ruffled Mixture, All Colors** A specially prepared blend.

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 40¢; oz. 70¢; ¼ lb. \$1.75

4180 Giant Ruffled Sweet Pea Collection

- 6 Pkts. — One each of all 6 named varieties (value 90¢) for only **75¢**

1844 Maule's Special Mixture Early Flowering Sweet Peas

Come into bloom 3 to 4 weeks earlier than the other varieties. This excellent mixture often escapes the hot weather that injures later types. The color balance is carefully planned. You'll be delighted with this special-purpose group.

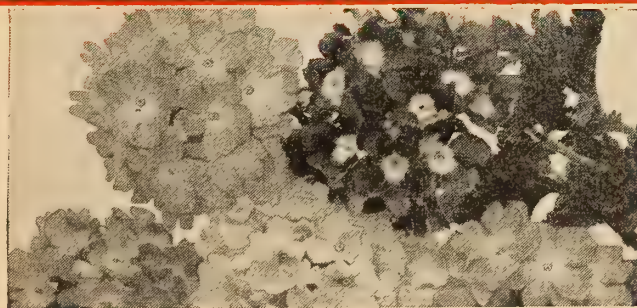
Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; oz. 50¢

Verbenas

Dwarf, spreading plants covered with large trusses of bloom from mid-summer to frost. Thrives in poor soil and withstands drouth. Frequently pleasantly fragrant, and certainly outstanding for the long, uninterrupted period of bloom. Colors run freely from pastel to the most brilliant hues. 8 to 12 in. tall.

1978 **Giant, Mixed Colors** A wide range of colors, including white, delicate pink, crimson, lavender, blue, salmon, and rose. Some are solid colors, while others have contrasting eyes.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 30¢; ¼ oz. 50¢



1978 Giant Mixed Colors Verbena

Snapdragons

Rust-Resistant
Giant Snapdragon

Snapdragons are easily grown in ordinary well-drained garden soil in either full sun or semi-shade. Flowers are freely produced for several months and until frost where conditions are favorable. For earliest blooms sow seed indoors six weeks before your outdoor planting time.

NEW TETRAPLOID SNAPDRAGON

923 **Tetra** Brand-new, and the largest flowered snapdragon ever grown. Single blossoms grow up to 2½ in. deep and 2¼ in. wide, with more flowers open at one time than any other variety. Wide range of colors and color combinations. 2½ ft. tall.

Pkt. 25¢; ¼ oz. 75¢

RUST-RESISTANT TALL GIANT SNAPDRAGONS

The tallest spikes and the largest flowers except for the new Tetra described above. Plants grow 2 to 3 ft. tall. They are base branching, each plant producing 8 to 18 long spikes covered with large flowers.

963 **Copper Shades**

968 **Crimson** With carmine tube.

977 **Golden Rod** Wonderful plants.

969 **Pink Shades**

970 **White Giant** Faintly spotted

yellow on the lip.

978 **Yellow Giant** Canary yellow

with white tube.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 50¢; ½ oz. 85¢

950 **Mixed Colors** The above and other desirable shades. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 40¢; ½ oz. 70¢; ¼ oz. \$1.25

4108 Tall Giant Rust-Resistant Snapdragon Collection

6 Pkts. — One each of the above 6 separate colors for a beautiful display in the garden or in vases (value 90¢) for only **75¢**

SUPER MAJESTIC, RUST-RESISTANT

972 **Mixed Colors** Highly immune to the rust disease. Spikes grow about 2 ft. tall and there are usually 10 to 20 spikes per plant. All the colors found in this wonder flower are in this mixture. Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 55¢; ½ oz. 90¢

SEMI-TALL, LARGE FLOWERED

Neat, bushy, compact growing plants, about 15 in. tall, each bearing many long, dense spikes of large flowers. They are very free flowering.

939 **Rose** Brilliant shade of rose.

954 **Golden** Large, golden yellow.

955 **Mauve** Soft orchid-mauve.

941 **Purity** Glistening pure white.

Any of the above:

Pkt. 15¢; ½ oz. 45¢; ¼ oz. 75¢

940 **Mixed Colors, Semi-Tall**

Large Flowered A well-blended

mixture of all colors.

Pkt. 10¢; ½ oz. 35¢; ¼ oz. 60¢

4113 Semi-Tall Large Flowered Snapdragon Collection

4 Pkts. — One each of the four named separate varieties (value 60¢) for only **45¢**

MAJESTIC SEMI-TALL GIANT FLOWERED SNAPDRAGONS

Flowers are as large as those of the tall giant type, but the massive, hyacinth-like spikes grow only 1½ to 2 ft. tall. The flowers are closely set on the spikes.

957 **Mixed Colors, Majestic Giant Flowered** Deep yellow and other lovely colors including white, salmon-rose, and scarlet in a wonderful mixture.

Pkt. 15¢; ¼ oz. 40¢; ½ oz. 70¢

Maule's Wonderful Zinnias

Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

Flowers are very large, grow up to 6 in. across, and about 2 in. in depth; they greatly resemble giant dahlias. Plants grow about 3 ft. tall, are sturdy, well branched, and hold their showy, long-stemmed flowers well above the foliage. Bright and attractive in the garden, beds, or borders, and wonderful for cutting.

- 2071 **Canary Bird** Delicate primrose yell w, the color varying as the flowers mature.
- 2058 **Dream** Deep lilac lavender changing to rich purple.
- 2083 **Exquisite** Light rose outer edges with deep rose center.
- 2062 **Golden Dawn** Golden yellow.
- 2057 **Illumination** The name aptly describes the vivid, luminous, deep Tyrian rose color.
- 2061 **Oriole** Bright glistening orange center, the outer petals a rich gold; showy bicolor.
- 2063 **Polar Bear** These big white zinnias make lovely bouquets alone or in combination with others.
- 2052 **Purple Prince** Extremely brilliant purple.
- 2073 **Scarlet Flame** Opening flowers are brightest orange-scarlet becoming intense red as they mature.
- 2095 **Will Rogers** Most brilliant scarlet-red.

Any of the above Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias:
Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢

2065 Maule's Special Giant Dahlia Flowered Mixture

A blend that cannot be outdone. All the separate varieties described above are in the mixture to assure the most pleasing effect.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢

4197 Special Collection Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias

6 Pkts. One each of **Canary Bird**, **Exquisite**, **Purple Prince**, **Oriole**, **Polar Bear**, and **Will Rogers**. The best assortment of large flowered zinnias money can buy.

Value 90¢, for only 50¢

Giant
Dahlia
Flowered
Zinnia



Burpee's Super Giants

Biggest and Newest Zinnias

2035 **Special Mixture** Bigger than Dahlia Flowered, with a wide diversity of colors and flower forms. Rare tones of apricot, cream, buff, and salmon; shades of rose and orange, as well as white, scarlets, and crimsons. Many are of two or more combinations of colors. Flowers 5 1/2 to 6 1/2 in. across; some like Dahlia Flowered, others with curled and twisted petals somewhat similar to the David Burpee Zinnias. An extremely fine new variety.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢; 1/4 oz. 70¢

Fantasy Zinnias

2089 **Star Dust** Beautiful golden yellow, well-rounded flowers, 3 to 3 1/2 in. across. Petals are narrow, tubular and prettily twisted, which gives them the appearance of a small shaggy chrysanthemum.

Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢; 1/4 oz. 60¢

2096 **Mixed Colors** Flowers of a most artistic form, borne on long, stiff stems. Colors include red, yellow, orange, pastel pinks, lavender and cream. 2 to 2 1/2 ft. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢



2069 Cupid Zinnias, Mixed Colors

Cupid Zinnias—Smallest of All

2069 **Mixed Colors** Flowers grow less than 1 inch across and are borne continuously from early summer until frost. Fine for beds, borders, edgings, and rock gardens. Flowers are borne on stems long enough for cutting. Our mixture contains rich scarlet, bright yellow, pure white, lilac and other shades. 1 ft.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢

Miscellany

We present here a few items which refuse to be classified, but without which our catalog would be incomplete.

2024 Maule's Wonder Garden Special Mixture

A surprise mixture of the easiest and surest growing annual flower seeds (no climbers) that may be sown broadcast, to give a natural or wild effect in the garden, odd corners, and borders. With little care, a charming effect may be had from early summer to frost.

Pkt. 10¢; oz. 30¢; 1/4 lb. \$1.00

4135 The Children's Garden

Here's a group of 12 different annual flowers chosen because of their attractiveness and extreme ease of growing. These flowers are offered in full size packets at a great bargain. Sweet Alyssum, Empress Celosia, African Marigold Mixed, Mignonette Mixed, Dwarf Nasturtiums Mixed, Calendula Mixed, Dwarf Petunias Mixed, Pinks Single and Double Mixed, Aster American Beauty Mixed, Portulaca Single Mixed, Cornflowers Mixed, and Zinnia California Giants Mixed.

12 Pkts.—One of each (value \$1.35) for only 75¢

4101 Maule's Dollar Flower Garden

To satisfy gardeners who demand the very best in flower seed mixtures, we have assembled the special, select stock blends listed below. In each case we have chosen the largest flowering and purest colored varieties we possess, and we have put an unusually generous amount of seed in each packet. Previously we offered these mixtures in our catalog at 25¢ per packet, and they are the same value this year.

Asters Giant chrysanthemum flowered, 5 best colors

Marigolds Four best carnation flowered varieties

Petunias Four bedding varieties, 4 colors

Zinnias Dahlia flowered, 7 choicest colors

These four packets make a whole flower garden in themselves, and the group is being advertised in magazines this year as Maule's Dollar Flower Garden for 10¢. This unheard-of bargain has been purchased by many thousands of prospective Maule customers, but we feel that it is only fair to offer the same seeds at the same price to our old friends who receive our catalog year after year. Accordingly, we will send the four packets listed above (Collection 4101), value \$1.00, for just 10¢

Zinnias are Easy to Grow

David Burpee Zinnias

2026 Finest Mixed While the flower heads are very large, it is their shaggy, chrysanthemum-like form that is most striking. The petals are attractively curled and quilled, and even the leaves are curiously twisted. Unusual range of colors, such as apricot, cream, buff, burnt orange, rose, and peach. Some flowers are solid colors while others are a blend of two or three colors. 3 ft. Pkt. 15¢; 1/8 oz. 40¢

Lilliput, Baby or Pompon Zinnias

The little pompon flowers, an inch or more across, are most appealing whether seen in borders, beds, or as cut flowers. The plants grow 12 to 18 in. high, are bushy and very free blooming. Nice as edgings to taller zinnias.

- 2025 **Black Ruby**
- 2082 **Canary Yellow**
- 2074 **Crimson Gem**
- 2077 **Golden Gem**
- 2078 **Lilac Gem**
- 2079 **Rosebud**
- 2080 **Salmon Rose**
- 2081 **White Gem**

Any of the above Lilliput Zinnias:
Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢

2076 Mixed Colors A well-balanced blend of the above and other colors.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢

4186 Collection 5 Lilliput Zinnias

5 Pkts.—One each of **Crimson Gem, Golden Gem, Lilac Gem, Salmon Rose, and White Gem** (value 50¢) for only **40¢**

2026 David Burpee Zinnias

California Giant Zinnias

Large, flat blooms that are most graceful and attractive, 5 to 6 in. across, and about 1 in. thick, and composed of overlapping loosely arranged petals. The plants grow 3 ft. tall.

- 2091 **Enchantress** Two-tone rose.
- 2039 **Lavender Gem** Deep lavender.
- 2043 **Lemon Queen** Lemon-yellow.
- 2053 **Orange King** Orange-scarlet.
- 2092 **Purity** Pure white.
- 2045 **Rose Queen** Clear bright rose.
- 2093 **Scarlet Gem** Glowing scarlet.
- 2094 **Violet Queen** Purplish violet.

Any of the above California Giants:
Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢

2054 Mixed Colors All of the separate colors have been carefully blended into a grand mixture.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/4 oz. 50¢

4188 Collection of 4 Choice California Giant Zinnias

4 Pkts.—One each of **Rose Queen, Lemon Queen, Purity, and Scarlet Gem** (value 40¢) for only **25¢**

Cut-and-Come-Again Zinnias

Flowers measure about 2 1/4 in. across and the more you cut, the more the plants will bloom. These are medium size zinnias, both in plant and blossom, and frequently blend better in mixed cut flowers than the massive blooms of the giant types.

- 2028 **Canary Yellow**
- 2029 **Crimson**
- 2031 **Golden Orange**
- 2032 **Pinkie**
- 2033 **Salmon Rose**
- 2027 **Bright Scarlet**
- 2034 **White**

Any of the above 7 colors:
Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 35¢

2040 All Colors Mixed All the above and others are included in this mixture of Cut-and-Come-Again Zinnias.
Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢; 1/2 oz. 50¢

Double Mexican or Miniature Zinnias

2098 Mixed Colors Flowers are semi-double and double, 1 to 1 1/2 in. across, in shades of orange, yellow and maroon, bordered creamy white. 12 to 18 in. tall.

Pkt. 10¢; 1/8 oz. 30¢



2098 Mexican Zinnias

2054 California Giant Zinnias, Mixed Colors

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- A2** Insect Pests and Plant Diseases
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- A4** Starting Seeds Indoors
- A5** Winter Storage of Vegetables
- A6** Little Known Vegetables and their Uses
- A7** Flowering Bulbs
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52x12 Sabacide

THE FIRST INSECTICIDE THAT KILLS SQUASH BUGS

Sabacide is the very first insecticide that really kills squash bugs at any stage of growth. It also kills other insects, like the harlequin bug, tarnished plant bug, hairy chinch bug, and others which have been practically uncontrollable until now. Non-poisonous to man, animals, or even to bees. Manufactured in dust form, for use with ordinary insecticide dusters (see page 49). This brand new dust is the perfect answer to your squash bug problem. Does not harm plants.

1 lb. 60¢; 5 lbs. \$2.25

DDT

52x17 DDT Dust (3%)

The unreasonable excitement about DDT has died down now, but although it has limitations it is the best chemical known for the protection of at least three major crops. Use it on corn against corn borers, on onions against thrips, and on potatoes against potato beetles. Because of possible stunting of plants do not dust any vine crop with DDT.

1 lb. 45¢; 5 lbs. \$1.40

52x08 DDT Household Spray

For household or barn use only. Do not spray on plants. This 5% DDT compound also contains a knock-down insecticide. Spray on walls, screens, etc., for blissful freedom from flies, fleas, and mosquitoes for weeks at a time.

1 pint 45¢; 1 quart 85¢

Begin your order on the other side

[illegible]

DEAR FRIEND: Will you send us the name of a friend or two of yours who would like to have a copy of our seed catalog? If you will do us this favor, please use a separate slip of paper. Thank you very much.

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All goods are sold under The Maule Guarantee We guarantee the vitality and purity of Maule's seeds and bulbs to the full amount of the purchase price. We guarantee to refill your order or refund any time within a year the full amount paid us for seeds, bulbs or roots if you are not satisfied with the results. We send you only the highest quality seeds and bulbs and gladly stand back of them. But weather, soil and care also influence crops, so in no case shall we be responsible for any amount beyond the sum you actually pay us for the seeds, bulbs or roots.



150 TENDERSWEET CARROT

583 MAULE'S EARLIEST
SCARLET RADISH

542 FORDHOOK PEPPER

84 DETROIT DARK RED BEET

344 BLACK SEEDED SIMPSON LETTUCE

Mauls ZINNIAS



4197 Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnia

Collection—One packet each of the six brilliant and lovely varieties illustrated here—total value 90¢ for only

50¢

2065 Mixed Giant Dahlia Flowered Zinnias—All colors blended together—Pkt. 10¢; $\frac{1}{8}$ oz. 30¢; $\frac{1}{4}$ oz. 50¢